**CLASS WARS** Parents who stop at nothing to secure the best school for their child FEATURES, PAGE 13

A QUANTUM **LEAP FORWARD** How the next age in computers would leave even Einstein gasping CIENCE, PAGE 12

HEROICS IN THE RING Ken Jones on Chris **Eubank's bloody** defeat

Newspaper of the Year for photographo INDEPE

# Fees forcing young to quit education

Political Correspondent

THE proportion of 18-yearolds going to university is set to drop for the first time in 20 er national diploma courses, years as tuition fees come in, the Government's own figures have revealed: The new statistics from the

Employment predict that just 30. per cent of school leavers will go into higher education this autumn compared with 34 per cent last year. Meanwhile, overall numbers could be boosted by an extra 13,000 part-time students

and an extra 7,000 from overseas. The revelation has provoked. new claims that many 18-year-

A spokeswoman for David for Education, dismissed the fig. students. We think there is goures as "highly provisional", ing to be a massive shortfall in They should have predicted the number of people taking up that between 30 and 33 per cent. places in September, he said of the age group would go to A spokesman for the Comuniversity, she said.

of the department reveals that an explanation of Mr Blunkett's ministers are facing a dilomina. thinking on the subject. His Mr Blunkett has told MPs that promise on numbers to the Com-35 per cent of young people will mons Select Committee on Edgo to university by 2002, while ucation and Employment had of the age group are at univer-Tony Blair has promised an ex- not been repeated in a recent

tra 500,000 places. The number of places willrise this year but increasing comed last month's easing of the numbers of mature and part- cap on student numbers. time students will take up far - "We hope this will mean the university compared with 13 per more of the extra space than removal of all state controls on cent the previous year.

Last month, an extra 5,440 fulltime places were announced; but more than half of them were for so-called sub-degree highmost of which will be taught in further education colleges.

The department spokeswoman said: "Officials tell me Department for Education and that the number of young students who will take up places is highly uncertain. Although the figures are there they are very provisional. We wanted to give a general indication of what is happening, and we wanted to keep at a level of one in three,"

Douglas Trainer, preside of of the National Union of Students, said that the abolition of olds have been put off going to. fee payments in Ireland and the university this year because economic crisis in the Far East they will have to repay part of could hit the numbers coming their fees after they graduate. . in from abroad.

"This confirms our worst. Blunkett, the Secretary of State, fears that fees will deter British

mittee of Vice-Chancellors and Even so, the annual report Principals said it had asked for Green Paper on lifelong learning, he said. The committee wel-

traditional university entrants. student numbers which have for too long inhibited the sector's ability to respond fully to student demand," he said.

The latest figures from the Universities and Colleges Admissions Service (Ucas) showed applications down 4 per cent on the previous year.

A further factor is making Mr Blunkett's pledge, given to the committee of MPs last September, even more difficult to fulfil. The number of 18-yearolds is rising, from 605,000 last year to 624,000 this year.

In a report on the future of higher education last year Sir Ron Dearing, now Lord Dearing, suggested that 45 per cent of the population should go to university. But in future, it seems the standard measure showing the proportion of 18year-olds at university could become increasingly irrelevant.

Although DfEE predictions of student numbers used to show projections two years ahead, this year's figures only show one year ahead. So it is harder to know whether officials believe the Government's tar-Despite a cap on student

numbers in recent years, recruitment has continued to creep up. This year 34 per cent sity, compared with 33 per cent last year and 32 per cent the year before. The last time that the proportion dropped was in 1978, when 12 per cent were at

# Linda McCartney dies, aged 56 Euro set to



Linda McCartney, above, wife of ex-Beatle Paul, has died aged 56. McCartney's spokesman Geoff Baker said last night. She died on Friday at Santa Barbara on the west coast of the United States with her husband at her bedside, said Mr Baker. Last night Mc-Cartney issued a statement asking that any people wishing to give flowers should instead

take up vegetarianism - an issue fervently supported by his wife. The couple had announced in December

1995 that Linda was suffering from breast cancer and she had been having treatment. A spokesman for the McCartney family said: "The blessing was that the end came

quickly and she didn't suffer."

# replace dollar as the world's top currency

By Diane Coyle and Fran Abrams

THE EURO will rival or even overtake the dollar under monetary union, according to a new report. And the currency is much more likely to achieve supremacy in the global financial markets if Britain joins, it adds.

The finding, by the Centre for Economic Policy Research (CEPR), will place renewed pressure on the Government to take the plunge.

European consumers will henefit from high exchange rates against the dollar, the ven and other currencies, the report says. That will make goods imported from elsewhere in the world much cheaper.

The euro will also prove a convenient currency for tourists and businessmen, and, presumably, the international criminal community, travelling abroad.

Nor will it necessarily be bad for European exporters. With their home currency predominant in the financial markets, it should reduce costs for anybody doing husiness overseas. About half of European Union trade tes place within the Union in mune to exchange-rate shifts

from next year. The CEPR, an internationeconomists, has published its report with two Continental counterparts. It says the euro will prove much more an ractive to international investors than the sum of its national narts.

The currency will at least rival the US dollar in status and

could easily overtake it, according to the authors, Richard Portes and Helene Rey of the London Business School and London School of Economics.

This is all the more likely if the UK joins Emu, because of the size of the UK financial market." they write.

Last night, Giles Radice, chairman of the House of Commons Treasury Select Committee, said it was time to inform the public about the euro. The European Movement, of which he is also chairman, is to offer information packs to all members of the public who want them.

"Membership of a soundly hased curo could hring significant benefits to Britain. That's why we need to get on with the job of informing the British public about the single currency and the merits of joining sooner rather than later." be said.

John Redwood, the Eurosceptic Conservative trade and industry spokesman, said the report was "pie in the sky", adding: "If Britain joined in the first wave it would greatly increase the risks of the thing miscarrying."

The first-wave membership Emu is to be decided for any case, and will become im- at a special summit in Brussels at the beginning of May. Eleven countries are expected to join in this wave. Gordon Brown, the al think-tank for academic Chancellor, has said Britain will prepare in any case, and, subject to the right economic conditions and a referendum, could join early in the next parliament. ☐ EMU: Prospects and Challenges for the Euro, Blackwell Publishers for CEPR, £39.50.

Ministers' battle, page 18

# After Ulster, Blair breaks Mid East logjam

By Anthony Bevins in Jerusalem

THE SURPRISE chance of a dramatic breakthrough in the Middle East peace process came last night after Tony Blair and Benjamin Netanyahu held - talks on the American peace a 75-minute meeting in proposals - possibly to London

On the last leg of a whirlwind and fresh from his success in Northern Ireland, Mr Blair appeared last night with Mr Ncconference where Mr Ne-

abil excitor in

WENT - BESIGNED IF

THE COURT

FARM FRUITS

N: 2151 CERTUR

peace process.

He also said he was willing. to go anywhere any time to hold can be made." to try to advance the process." Mr Blair said that Mr Ne-

"within the next month". throughs. But I think it is im- credibility."

tanyahu said that for the first portant that if people want time in more than a year there there to he a breakthrough. I was a chance of breaking the think that is the first step, and logiam which has held up the I also believe that here is a situation in which, if that willingness really exists, then progress

At that point, however, Mr Blair injected a note of caution. "People will want to see it backed up with concrete steps. four through the Middle East, tanyahu had offered to goi I mean, it's not enough for us abroad - destination unspecified simply to talk the language of wanting to agree. There has to But Mr Blair also said: "It is be concrete proposals that flow tanyahn at a joint press far too early to talk of break- from that - otherwise it has no

The dramatic Jerusalem hreakthrough followed Mr Blair's natient diplomatic progress from Egypt through to Saudi Arabia and Jordan.

After talks with King Hussein of Jordan yesterday, Mr Blair said that the best security for Israel would be offered by a peace that worked, King Hussein said he saw the Northero Ireland deal as a good omen. He said the Middle East process could be saved - "or clse we will be plunged into a very dark and very dangerous period".

As Mr Blair left Amman yes-

terday afternoon, he was joined on his RAF VCIO by Miguel Moratinos, the European envoy, who reported to the Prime Minister that there had been a distinct "improvement in the

atmosphere" in Israel. If Israel is now willing to move on the American peace proposals - thus far kept secret - Mr Blair would certainly be willing to offer London as a venue for talks in which the. Americans would take a lead.

Given that President Clinton is already scheduled to visit Birmingham for a meeting of

the Group of Eight industrialised countries in the middle of next month, they could use that opportunity to make a start on a peace that has been stalled ever since Mr Netanyahu became prime minister.

Yesterday, hefore he joined Mr Netanyahu for his talks Mr Blair and Cherie Blair had paid an emotion-packed visit to Yad Vashem, the Holocaust memorial, where Mr Blair had issued a direct appeal to the people and the leaders of Israel.

Plea at Yad Vashem:



## Us hospital refused to help British girl who broke her arm



By Jeremy Laurance Health Editor

A FOUR-year old British girl who reken arm while on holiday in the US was turned away from a major hospital because her mother could not pay \$7,500 (£4,400). After four days in which Kate Owen

and her daughter, Charlotte, were plunged into a Kafkaesque nightmare involving suitcases of money and a wall of bureaucracy, they made a 3,000 miledash across the Atlantic for an emergency operation at University College hospital in London.

According to Ms Owen, the London surgeon who treated Charlotte was shocked that such a severe injury had been left untreated by the Americans. Charlotte had tripped on some stairs falling awkwardly on her arm and the top of the radius - the growing point at the elbow - had snapped. An operation was

required to reposition it to ensure her arm grew normally. The surgeon said he had never

seen an injury like it and was disgusted quired urgent surgery for a badly bro- it had been left. There was no guarantee Charlotte's arm would grow normally after such a delay and if it didn't it would be left deformed. He said if it had been an American child who had had an accident in Brilain they would have operated without question."

Ms Owen, a 28-year-old single mother, had taken Charlotte to visit her grandfather who teaches at Harvard University last February. The fall hapocal hospital revealed a serious hreak. Charlotte was referred to the Massachusetts General, a major teaching hospital in Boston with an international reputation, where an appointment was made for the following moroing. Tuesday. An orthopaedic surgeon said he would operate the next day.

On the Wednesday morning, Ms

Owen was preparing to take Charlotte for the operation when the phone rang. It was the hospital calling to remind her to bring \$7.500 as a deposit. Kate was polcaxed.

"Who has that kind of cash? They were saying it was an emergency but they wouldn't do the op until I came up with the money. I said I couldn't pay and they put the phone down. Then they called back and said they took credit cards. I told the surgeon and the hospital administrator it was outrageous to put monev above a child's health." The operation was cancelled.

She has received a bill from the lopened on a Monday and an x-ray at the cal hospital where Charlotte was first taken of \$134 for the x-ray plus \$447 for the doctor to read it. The total charge, including a soft plaster and sling for Charlotte's arm, came 10 almost \$700. Had she had surgery in the US the cost would have been over \$10,000.

> Requests for a comment from the Massachusetts General hospital received no response.

#### Today's news

Ulster's reform

THE two most important leaders on either side of UIster's politics said that the political debate had changed rredeemably.

#### Downs plea fails

A CAMPAIGN to make the South Downs the next national park has failed. Page 5

#### Kidnap family

DIPLOMATS in Yemen were awaiting the demands of kidnappers who snatched a British family. Page 6





WEATHER, P2 . CROSSWORDS, P20 AND EYE P10 . TODAY'S TELEVISION, EYE P12 . SPORT TABLOID . FULL CONTENTS, P2

Too much fibrewhen healthy eating can do you harm

Diana, role model for the Bridget Jones generation, by Oliver James

Reggae gets spiritual - How the music of the ghetto is going soft



World Cup countdown- we visit the England training camp

#### CONTENTS

Features Leader & letters Commen Obituaries Business The back page Crosswords 20 & The Eye 10



UK newspapers in the first half of 1997.

# Ulster leaders see bridge over political divide

and Alan Murdoch

THE two most important leaders on either side of the political divide in Northern Ireland vesterday said the nature of the political debate had begun to change irredeemably.

Ulster Unionist leader David Trimble, fresh from his triumph on Saturday of winning party endorsement for the Good Friday agreement, said he believed Northern Ireland was finally emerging from its nightmare of violence.

Meanwhile Gerry Adams, president of Sinn Fein, told party members in Dublin: "We have changed the landscape of frish politics and we have not finished yet." He added: "Our business is the business of revolution, of national reunification and of building a real democracy in this island.

Mr Trimble has just over a month to campaign for a Yes vote in the 22 May referendums on the agreement. On Saturday he scored a striking success when the Ulster Unionist Coun-struction. cil, his party's 800-strong ruling hody, approved the agreement by 540 to 210, an endorsement by 72 per cent.

Lord Howell: Sport was

love of his life

The result dispelled wor-

ries that the anti-accord lobby, spearheaded by senior Unionist MPs, might be gaining ground following the rejection of the deal by the Orange Or-

Mr Trimble told 1TV's Dimbleby programme: "This community is actually slowly coming out of what has been a nightmare for the past 25 years. I never thought the process was going to be smooth, but one way or another we are going to get it right."

An opinion poll published at the weekend by Dublin's Sunday Independent showed that a large number of Protestants, 42 per cent, said they were undecided about how to vote in the referendums, 34 per cent intended to vote for while 22 per cent said they would vote

Sinn Fein's leadership told its members not to be afraid of democratic challenges ahead, but in return received warnings from delegates that entering a Northern Ireland Assembly could lead to political self defn an impassioned debate at

its ard fheis (annual conference) in Dublin, the 1,400 delegates deferred their final decision on the Northern Ireland agree-

ment until a further conference

Party leaders signalled that Sinn Fein's decision on the agreement is unlikely to be clear cut, carefully leaving room for partial dissent, as when it responded to the Downing Street Declaration at a conference in Donegal in 1994.

Mr Adams said delegates should selectively endorse those parts of the agreement advancing republican objectives. He also sought to diffuse unionist suspicion of dealings with Ropublicans. "We have no wish to make you second class citizens in the land of your birth." It was vital, be said, that Unionists "are not forced to occupy the political space that we're escaping Chief negotiator Martin

McGuinness urged delegates to see the agreement as a working accommodation in a transitional period.

He said: "It is a bit like a partner in a relationship saying the relationship is over, but that she/he is willing to wait until the children have grown up."

He insisted the union had been weakened by the document's clause subjecting it to the will of a Northern Ireland





Liz Hurley and Hugh Grant (top) and Julia Roberts and Rupert Everett (above) on hand to see Billy Connolly (right) honour Sean Connery Photographs Peter Macdiarmid

### Scottish night out at Bafta

By Paul McCam

IT WAS Scottish night at the British Academy Awards in London last night when Sean Conners was awarded the academy 5 most prestigious award by Billy Connolly, who was up for best actor. Connolly, nominated for his portrayal of Queen Victoria's ghillie in Mrs Brown, fought it out with fellow Scot Robert Carlyle, nominated for best actor in The Full Monty.

Connery, the original James Bond, was given the Bafta's fellowship award for a lifetime's contribution to Blus. Backstage at the Grosvener House hatel on Park Lane it was acknowledged that the fellowship was a kind of compensation for Comery having his knighthood vetoed by the Labour government.

Last night the British Academy Stracted stars like Kevin Spaces, Sigourney Weaver, Julia Roberts and Juliette Binoche. Also present was the entire cast of The Full Monty. Britain's most successful film yet had 11 nominations and battled out the evening against LA Confidential. which was up for L2

# Politicians pay fond tribute to 'Mr Rainmaker'

Political Correspondent

TONY Blair led the tributes last night to the former Labour sports minister, Lord Howell, who died of a heart attack yesterday, aged 74.

Denis Howell, minister for

Rainmaker" during the 1976 drought. His appointment to deal with the crisis was followed almost immediately by several days of torrential rain.

The former MP for Small Heath, who became a life peer in 1992, collapsed after making a speech at a charity event in aid sport between 1964 and 1970, of cancer research on Saturday also achieved notoriety as "Mr evening.

Jordan for Israel, said Lord Howell had been "a huge figure" in the Labour Party and in former Labour governments.

"I am deeply saddened by his death as will be his many friends, colleagues and admirers. He dedicated his life to furthering the interests of ordinary people; with whom he bad a

Mr Blair, speaking as he left great affinity. They will re-orden for Israel, said Lord member bim fondly," he said.

Lord Hattersley, former deputy leader of the Labour Party and a fellow Birmingham MP from 1964 until 1992, said Lord Howell should be remembered principally for his

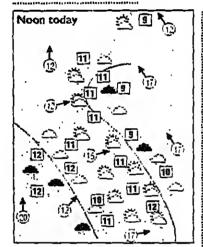
role as a champion of sport. "He was the great minister of sport, perhaps the only min-

original, and the once and only, m my view, sports minister because he knew about sport, and be loved sport," he said.

Lord Hattersley said he would not remember Lord Howell as Mr Rainmaker.... "But he was very proud of he very much enjoyed."

ister of sport we bave had in the that strange moment during sense of a national figure ... He the drought when he was asked was most famous for being the to co-ordinate water supplies. He was a minister in the Dcpartment of the Environment, so it was his responsibility anyway. And suddenly the day or day after Denis took over it began to rain. Denis knew it was a joke, but it was a joke which

#### WEATHER



Scotland will be cloudy with rain, although the ter north will eccape mainly dry. However, the rain will ease and start to paler out in most parts in the afternoon with some sunshine coming through in the west. Central. northern and easiern England will start dull with rain in places, but the rain will peter out with sizes brightening and only a clight risk of a shower Elsewhere there will be sunny spells and just the odd shower but rain will move into the courth-west during the evening

Outlook for the next few days On Tuesday, western Scotland and Northern tretand will be cloudy with can but elsewhere it will be mild and dru with decent surmy spells. There is the risk of rain in western Scottand and Morthern Reland on Wednesday but elsewhere the pleasant, summery weather with continue with plenty of warm sunshine. Thursday will be warm with plenty of sunshine in most parts but rain looks likely in the south and west on Friday.

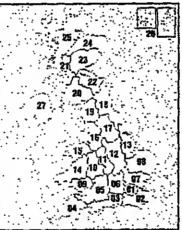
British Isles weather most recent accusate tique at room local time C.cloudy, Cl.clear, F.fair Fg.fog, Hz.fraze; M.mist: R.ram,

Aberdeen	Ç,	7	45	Evaresey	Ç	9	18
Anglesoy	9	4	18	interess	¢	3	46
ATT	F	11	52	ipswich	¢	9	48
Beitast	A	Ģ	48	isles of Scilly	F	12	54
Birmingham	A	10	50	Jersey	Ŗ	9	46
Blackgooi	R	٥	46	Liverpoot	C	1Q	50
Boardamauth	₽.	10	50	Leades	Ç	12	54
Brightos	¢	12	50	Manchestor	Ç	9	48
Bristol	F.	٥	45	Newcastle	C	9	48
Carditt	R	7	42	Oxford	C	11	52
Gartisie	3	12	54	Plymouth	C	11	50
Daver	C	11	52	Scarborough	Ç	9	48
Dublig	ŞI	7	45	Southampton	8	10	50
Edinburgh	C	11	52	Southeed	C	iÇ	50
Exeter	Я	11	52	Stornoway	ŝ	11	52
Giasonw	Ľ	11	52	Yerk	c	10	50

Air quality

An quarty		
Testerday's readings		
	NO.	
London	Moderale	(
S Logizod	Good	i
Vales	Good	7
C England	Moderate	7
N Footand	etsrsboM	- 7
N England Scorland	Good	- 7
U treland	Good	
N REIGHO	COUC	٠,
Cuttock for today		
Landon	Moderale	- 1
2 England	Moderate	- 7
Wales	Good	- 7
Cingrand	Good	- 3
N England	Cand	- 1
H England Scotland	Good	
SCOULING N. Instruct	Good	,
N Ireland	Good	•

Out and about with AA Roadwatch Car 0336 401777 ha the breat local and removal matter terms Source. The Automobilin Association Couls charges at SAp per man as all force lade (447).



od od	High tid	es	A	м	HT	PM	ŀ
Ju :					•		
od l	London Liverpool Avormouth Hull (Albert C Greenock Oun Langtrair Haight mexive	6	0	8.03 5.30 2.44 6.38 6.22	6.1 7.7 7.1 2.8 3.3	18:13 13:27 19.18	10.
0d 0d 0d	Lighting	~****	-	06 01	7 50	111 & F	704 05.5

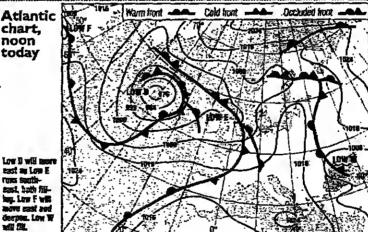
INDEPENDENT Weatherline

High tides	AM	HT	PM	HT
London Liverpool Averanouth Hull (Albert Dock) Greenock Our Langtraire Hught mostured in me	08.03 05.30 12.44 06:38 05.22	6.1 7.7 2.8 3.3	20.22 18:13 13:27 13:18 19:24	27
Lighting-up			n & rr	
3e023 30 36	10 06 0	g 7 Sun	11905	15.55

20 15 to 06.03 20 25 to 05.55 Moon roet 02.55 Moon sets 12.23 New moon

World weather most recent analysis agrees not need into

Akretiri	£ 21 78	Secret Aires - 19 86	leignahed sig.	Muzico Site F 28 22	Adjusts F	
	2 26 79		Internet Tt. 15'59	Ktaml F 28.82	Same F	: 1
Memberk				Miles - F 17 63	Ratzbury F	
Ligiers	C 2: 70	Calgary F 13 55	Johanna C 29 84			١.
Signate	f 19 60	Cupa Tura C 34 93	Jadak 5 34 93	Mambasa . 5 32 90	See Free	1
And street	C 13 52	Carucas D 28 82	Jeresalem \$ 22.72	Mentreal C 5'48'	Santinge C	
Archery.	C 7 45	Emaltimen F 19 66	Ja'bet 3 20 68	Masney B 3 37	Sesut C	, 1
Athens	5 19 65	Chienge C 15 59	Karacki £ 31 88	Mantes St 7-45	gjadabate (	,
Aschined	C 17 63	Christoburch C 16 BL	Katherade C 24 75	Catrold F 25-77.	Stocktolm, F	,
Cabral s	S 38100	Columns C 10 50	Eler U 12 54	Suples F-16 81 -	Stratheur C	;
Langhot	f 35 55	Cappenages 7 3 48	Elegates C 29 84	Massau C 27 81	Sydney S	5 3
Barbeiles	F 30 86	Certa F 18 54	Syste Lampart 34 93	Bew Balk! \$ 35-97.	3'zipei C	: :
Serreleas	F 15 61	Dates 5 24 75	Les Paless f 22 f?	Eur Ariesse 14 19 56	Tol April 5	: :
Deiret	C 20 68	Berwis 20 30 18	Des 0 25 77	HEW York C 14 57	Tererite 5	3
Belerefs	C 9 48	Physired C 35100	Listes C 16 61	Eice & 16 61	Tekya 5	3
Berlin	C 9 48	Fare G 18 84	LECATHE F 16 61	Singeta . 5 22-72	Terento C	
Jernela	C 22 72	Flerence C 15 59	Les Argeles 5 20 86	Dsta . £ . 7 . 45 .	Tepls · 8	9
Blarritz	\$ 16 61	Frantfert & 7 45	Largadores C 8 46		Salescia f	1
Sepate	C 21 70	Faschel C 19-65	Madrid C 13 55	Pakies 'S 24 75	Узократог С	
Domas .	\$ 31 88	Beerra C E 48	Maferca 5 20 60	Parts F 73 13	Vasice C	
lectrost.	C 16 B1	Cibrattas F 15 55	Walasa F 20 85	Part Blantey 0 12 54	Tieres C	
Brisbere	F 25 71	Marars £ 20 54	Malta 1 17 83	Prages C 10 50	BRIEDE C	
resels	F 11 52	Reinieti C 9 48	Maglia 5 23 51	Bertlarit C 3 4%		•
Butharent	C 16 61	Heps Seps C 20 79	Macea 5 40184	Rhotus C 20 68.	Weilingten C	
Bedebest Stage	5 9 48	Reseite F 25 82	Helbeurse C 22 72	Rie & Jan E 33 91	Zuriek F	į



#### MICHAEL **HANLON** WEATHER WISE

IT HAS been, so far, a recordbreaking year for weather. January 1998 saw recordbreaking gales in the southwest of England, followed by along the Sussex coast. Then in February we had recordbourne in Worcestershire

raised 19.7C, an all-time record

for the month. February was

also one of the driest on record

in some parts of the country. March, though, was not so spectacular, recording almost record-breakingly average month, but made up for it at the end with record-breakingly warm nights at Heathrow.

And, as for April, well, the Midlands have seen record-breaking floods, probably the worst for a century.

Oh, and last week we had record-breaking snow over the Home Counties.

So what is going on? Is all this record breaking an indication that our previously benign climate has plunged into chaos, veering from heat wave to delinge and back again via tornado and blizzard? Of course not. The problem lies with the term "record breaking". There are a great many weather variables - windspeed, temperature, sunshine. rainfall and so on - which can record-breaking tornadoes be quantified. And there are a great many places in which they are measured. And it is breaking temperatures all over not all that many years since the country. On the 13th, Bar- all this measuring began. So. it is easy to see how any particular day is quite likely to produce a "record", particu-

larly if you add a timelock. Warmest February day in Glasgow for 50 years", "wettest March afternoon in Stratford since 1900", "windlest", weather for much of the January in Penzance since the war" - these are the soft of records that will be broken. somewhere, every week or so, and should not, on their own, be taken as an indication that something big and worrying is happening to our weather.

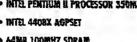
## 400MHzoooooooooom!

- DELL DIMENSION" XPS RADD MT INTEL PENTITUM\* II PROCESSOR 400RAHZ
- INTEL 440BX AGPSE · 64MB 100MHZ SORAM
- 51 2KB INTERNAL CACHE 8.468 FIDE HARD DRIVE STB VELOCITY NVIDIA AGP VIDEO CARD WITH 4MB SGRAM
- VIDEO MEMORY 19" COLOUR TCO 95 SVGA MONITOR
- (0.26 DOT PITCH, 17.9" VIEWABLE AREA) 3 PCl, 1 ISA, 1 PCI/ISA SHARED AND 1 AGP EXPANSION SLOTS
- DVD-ROM DRIVE AND DECODER CARD TURTLE BEACH MONTEGO 64 VOICE PCI SOUND CARD
- AND ALTEC LANSING ACS 495 SURROUND SOUND SPEAKERS US ROBOTICS 56KB/S MODER AND MINI TOWER CHASSIS
- WINDOWS 95 AND MICROSOFT" HOME ESSENTIALS" 98° INCL. MS WORD 97 AND MS WORKS ETC

#### £1,749 (£2,090.33)

DELL DIMENSION XPS R350 SPEC AS ABOVE EXCEPT WITH INTEL PENTIUM II PROCESSOR 350MHZ, 17" COLOUR TCO 95 SVGA MONITOR (0.28 DOT PITCH 15.9" VIEWABLE AREA) AND ALTEC LANSING ACS 295 SPEAKERS

DELL DIMENSION" XPS R350 INTEL PENTIUM II PROCESSOR 350MHZ



64MB 100MHZ SDRAM 51 2KB INTERNAL CACHE

. 4.3GB EIDE HARD DRIVE STB YELOCITY NVIDIA AGP VIDEO CARD WITH

4MB SGRAM VIDEO MEMORY • 17° COLOUR TCD 95 SVGA MONITOR

(0.28 DOT PITCH, 15.9" VIEWABLE AREA) 3 PC, 1 ISA, 1 PCI/ISA SHARED AND 1 AGP EXPANSION SLOTS 14/32 X CD-RORE DRIVE

YAMAHA XG SOFTWARE WAVETABLE SOUND (SPEAKERS OPTIONAL)

 MID SIZED DESKTOP CHASSIS WINDOWS 95 AND NUCROSOFT\* HOME ESSENTIALS\* 98\*\*

We president the Morant Construction of the 1992 and the way

Yet again we're fastest with the fastest - the blisteringly fast new Intel® 350MHz and 400MHz Pentium® II Processors. And they're matched with the superfast new Intel 440BX chipset to deliver up to 20% faster performance\*\*. So bringing improved results across the most demanding applications - now and far into the future. So get online to the

world's largest direct PC manufacturer\*. Fastest.

Source . Intel (Comp index 2.0 company the Intel Paraties: Il Processor 400MHz/Inte BX Chapser and the Izzal Pantium II Pro 333Http/Intel LX Chipper

TALK DIRECT TO www.dell.com/uk/buydell



The Mark of the bright at British Budeny Complete Section of the Comple and the academy in the same and in See a second and the y in the Linguist man the feet for his partiage A the confiction of the same the firms of feeting to the Alle fellow heat Robert in white of the arter in the full Month that is, the original er is Bound, whe them the tra a fellow-bife ward

determ contribution

First Back Lago at the

mer than boile

of the dwas acknowled

- ... the fellowship a. I have of compensation Stray Salette his envision has been by the alle at per congern. in Control the British and alternated stars. - government of the order erser Luitz Beitens others binoche the te, wite für entile en San Britain, क ११ - कि सिष्ट प्ल er a town to regard 

Charma estem

Rainmaker'



THE Chinese dissident Wang Dan, a leader of the 1989 Tiananmen Square protest, arrived in the United States yesterday after being released from prison in China on medical grounds. His release, two months before President Bill Clinton visits China, was hailed by US officials as a "positive sign", but it and further his studies. She said was criticised by human rights he was coughing badly and sufgroups as cynical ploy and a po- fered headaches. litical victory for China.

In a straight replay of the release last November of China's best-known dissident, Wei Jingsheng. Mr Wang was taken from prison in Liaoning province in north-west China to Peking, then driven straight to the airport for a Northwest Airlines flight to Detroit. His release was announced by the Chinese only after the aircraft took off.

ther were allowed to see him off. Concerned about his worsening accept exile rather than continued captivity,

Wang Dan's release had been ... goodwill gesture in advance of the summit in Peking in June. When the news broke in Chile, where President Clinton was arresting many others." ending a four-day visit, a White House spokesman said: "This is paigners were more positive, something we have been urging them to do for quite some time,

and it is a positive step," strong domestic crincism for fered no "public relations" reagreeing to go to Peking in June ward. A Washington Post without apparently obtaining dispetch from Peking yesterday concessions from China on human rights. The unexpected mate there as "the most open release of Wei-Jingsheng five spring since ... Tianaumen weeks after President Jiang Square nine years ago".

was seen as a welcome sign that China was sensitive to foreign criticism. But a concerted effort was made in Washington not to offend Chinese sensitivities by crowing about Mr Wei's release.

It was not known how long Mr Wang would remain in Detroit. His mother. Wang Lingyun, said from Peking that his priorities were to obtain medical treatment

While universally welcomed by US officials, Mr Wang's release was greeted more critically by human rights organisations which stressed that China continued to hold several thousand political prisoners and made exile a condition of freedom.

Catherine Baber, for Amnesty International in Hong Kong, said; "It's good news for Wang Dan as an individual, ex-Mr Wang's mother and fa- cept that once again it's a release conditional on exile."

And on a visit to Rome, Wei health, they encouraged him to . Jingsheng said: "the media will probably react by saying there has been good progress as far as the human rights situation in China widely predicted in the US as a is concerned and I would like to insist that it's not true. The fact they freed one or two people doesn't mean they haven't been

Other human rights cam-

noting that China had quietly released a number of other dissidents in the last few years who President Clinton had faced were not well-known and ofdescribed the intellectual cli-



IN THE NEWS

## History man who became a figure of destiny

AS AN obscure history student at Peking University nine years ago, Wang Dan made far more history than than he ever stud-

In the spring of 1989 he founded the Peking Autonomous Students' Federation, and so helped to launch what what soon turn into a mass uprising against China's authoritarian government.

Together with a handful of fellow students, the wiry, 20year-old young Mr Wang, with his far-from-stylish spectacles and his awkward haircut, dared to occupy Peking's Tiananmen Square and inspired millionstrong marches through the streets of the city.

The protest movement started with demands for greater accountability among government officials and action - to combat inflation and cor-

ruption. But the movement swelled over a six-week period, attracting workers, intellectuals and even some government officials in addition to students. It became more raucous as it grew, and spread from the capital to cines throughout China.

The challenge posed by Wang Dan and his fellow agitators was at first a mere irritation to the Communist Party leadership under Deng Xiaoping. As it continued, it became a source of humiliation to them, driving a wedge between the leaders and shattering their ve- top of the most-wanted list of neer of unity.

WANG DAN ON HIS GOALS The democracy movement is not an

anti-government movement. · To protect human rights is not to overthrow the government."

of society as well as democratic develop-

captured, tried, and sentenced to prison for subversion. abruptly in the pre-dawn hours of 4 June 1989, when the Peo-Mr Wang was released from

ple's Liberation Army stormed prison in 1993, a few months bethrough the city with tanks and fore his sentence was due to machine guns to retake control end. But he vowed to continue of Tiananmen Square for the working for democracy in China. The political climate, while Mr Wang escaped that night, considerably more relaxed than but his name and image apduring the immediate after-

'My ultimate goal is to promote the stability

I hope my goodwill will be understood

peared all over the nation on state-run television at the very still a difficult one for him in which to operate. counter-revolutionaries. He was In March 1994 he issued an

**WANG DAN** In May 1995, he issued anmuch common ground between other appeal to the authorities. his own desire for the protection of human rights and the calling for the release of other government's policy of maintaining stability while promoting economic growth.

ment, staning that there existed

The government seems to have disagreed. Mr Wang's movements were severely restricted by China's hyper-sensinve secret police. He found himself commath of the 1989 episode, was

plaining in June 1994 about constant police harassment and surveillance. Declaring himself "fed up" with it all, he launched

"What I do is for justice. It is consis-

tent with the three principles I com-

mitted myself to .... not letting down

the people, history, and my own

prisoners still jailed for their political activities, Far from heeding his call, the authorities this time took Mr Wang himself back into custody. waiting for nearly a year and a

open appeal to the govern- a two-day hunger strike to

half before formally charging him. He was sentenced in October 1996 to 11 years in prison. It was that sentence which

was out short with vesterday's sudden release into exile. Mr Wang has said many

times that he hoped to resume his studies after they were so dramatically interrupted nine years ago. After earning his place in history, he may now. finally get the chance to complete

- Ted Plafker, Peking

### BBC defends £10,000 payment to OJ Simpson, but pulls interview after protests

By Paul McCann Media Editor

THE BBC yesterday defended its payment of a £10,000 fee to OJ Simpson for appearing on Ruby Wax's interview show by claiming "the

money did not touch OJ's hands", Yet the corporation pulled the

week of negative publicity, claiming scheduling difficulties. The OJ programme will now be shown on 29

Simpson was acquitted two years ago of stabbing to death his ex-wife Nicole Simpson and her friend Ron Goldman, hut last year a US civil court decided he was responsible for episode off the air last night after a the deaths and ordered he pay

£21.5m to the victims' families. Had Simpson been convicted of

a criminal offence rather than under a civil suit, BBC rules would have stopped the broadcaster paying any money to the former American football star.

The BBC said in a statement vesterday that it was the victims' families who would benefit from

Ruby Wax show. "OJ Simpson was paid a fee within our producers' guidelines, as anyone would be on a whole programme interview. We do not discuss fees, but in this case OJ Simpson's fee, paid directly to his agent, will go into the fund that is

Simpson's appearance fee on the civil suit against OJ Simpson."

Despite this, the chairman of the main BBC viewers' group questioned the corporation's judgment. The Rev Graham Stevens, of the National Viewers' and Listeners' Association, described the payment as "tasteless" and questioned the use paying legal damages awarded to of a comedian to interview Simpson: the Goldman family following the "If they are going to make fun of

these deaths, that's rather sad. It re- Angeles which includes driving past ally shouldn't be conducted by the

The show's tastefulness was onestioned last week when stills from the his claims of innocence. programme were leaked to the press which showed Simpson pretending to stah Wax with a hanana.

In the programme, Simpson gives the American comic a tour of Los a start time.

the house where Nicole Simpson and Ron Goldman were murdered. He also uses the programme to repeat

The BBC maintained yesterday that the programme was being moved because a new drama serial would have pushed it on to too late

1800 Free 101 minutes

then you set up a BI. Free fone number.

erone 0800 sturner; before 12th July lage of 800 free minutes and free

connection, if you want to generate more business calls, there's no excuse not to phone us now.

For details of our best ever Freefone offer, call Freefone 0800 731 1811 and quote ref. no. 08IN02.

Call Freefone 0800 731 1811 now.

Why not change the way we work:

### Move over Oasis, Britons value health and history

By Steve Boggan

LABOUR could face a backlash from voters if it persists in projecting "Cool Britannia" ahead of the more traditional Great Britain.

Conservatives and Liheral Democrats who switched to Labour at the general election are concerned that the image of Britain is being represented more by the bad behaviour of Gazza and Oasis rather than the scientific and manufacturing excellence of the past.

They are the conclusions of a report by the market research group Opinion Leader Research, who questioned tocus groups in London. Birmingham and Edinburgh to find out how switching voters felt about Labour's first year in power.

"While 'Cool Britannia' has caught the imagination of some, people are keen that the emphasis is less on pop stars and more on fields such as science, broadcasting and the performing arts." says the report, New Great Britain - Re-inventing our Traditional Strengths.

"The change that people voted for in 1997 was not about moving to new territory but developing core British strengths for the future."

Voters described the "British strengths" that should be bolstered as: health and education services; quality manufacturing, computing, financial and retail sectors; creativity in music, fashion, film, design, broadcasting, advertising and the performing arts; history and tradition.

"People are keen to feel proud to be British," the report says. "They talk of a desire to return to the days when there was much greater national pride and of putting the 'Great' back into 'Great Britain'.

"Inviting pop stars and film stars to parties at Downing Street is appreciated by some in that it stresses the difference between the new government and the Conservatives. They are keen, however, that more emphasis should be put on fields with more lasting inventiveness and excellence, such as science, medicine, industrial design, broadcasting and the performing arts.

"It is felt that Britain's scientists and doctors are taken for granted and that it is this sort of excellence that should be celebrated."

We sell more servers

than anyone

galaxy.

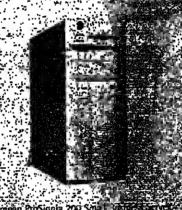
(Allegedly.)



In step: While many appreciate parties for stars at Downing Street, voters also want to see more emphasis on tradition and a return to the days when there was greater national pride

servers in 1997. Now, until 1st July 1996. we'll include a free 4 business hour warranty upgrade with the ProSignia 200 Microsoft Small Business Server

That should see you safely into the ear 2001 and beyond with the minimum





Send and receive faxes direct from your PCs. or to host your own site.

Share files and data between emi ect, manage and backup valuable data central Share peripherals like printers and moderns

www.compaq.co.uk

Lines are open Pam-Bom on weekdays; Cam-4pm at weekends. Please quote 98EFC12.

The earth's favourite computers.

Our servers have always been astronomically good value.

And if you buy this one before 1st July,

you'll qualify for a free warranty upgrade worth £500.

COMPAQ

# Blair vents his anger on snobs and critics

By Anthony Bevins

in Amman

TONY BLAIR yesterday let loose his feelings of frustration against critics who he dismissed as stiff-upper-lip snobs and trendy knockers.

The Prime Minister's anger had been provoked by people who deplored the atmosphere of sentimentality surrounding Diana, Princess of Wales and the growing group of trend-setters who have been sniping at the concept of Cool Britannia.

In an interview with the Sky News programme Boudson On Sunday, recorded in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, Mr Blair said about the Diana critics: "My view is that a lot of these people are perfectly entitled to their view, but I think there's an element of snobbery about it, actually.

When they go on about fake sentimentality, in relation to Princess Diana, people really felt that. Why is it fake? Just because there happens to be a lot of people in the country who feel like that. I quite honestly don't understand the reason for insulting people's feelings in this

When it was suggested to Mr Blair that such a reaction was 'un-British" he protested: "I am British right down to my toenails. I am a believer in Britain. I am a great British patriot and I am a believer in British history. When my father tells me about the Second World War and what Britain did there, I feel an immense sense of pride - so I don't need any lectures from anybody about pride in British history and British tradition.

"But it is important for a country like Britain ... that it isproud of its history hut it doesn't live in its history."

Mr Blair had a similar frus-

have been sniping at the con-cept of Cool Britannia - the sellng of Britain's image abroad.

He said he had never used the phrase "Cool Britannia", but the message behind it summed up the importance of a £50bna-year creative and intellectual industry. Design industries alone were worth more than £12bn a year and the fact was that Britain presented a very dynamic image.

"People can knock it as much as they like," he said. "But the idea of Britain being successful, outward looking, considered dynamic, the eyes of the world upon us - this is good, not bad."

He said the idea that the Government was saying British tradition did not matter was absurd. Nor had he ever said that Britain should be "rebranded". "But it is important for people in the outside world and, in a sense, for Britain, to realise that yes, we've got a great history." But he added: "We've also got a great future."

For good measure, Mr Blair went for the jugular of trendy critics such as the comedian Ben Elton, saying: "People say, well, this is all trendy, it's all about style'. Rubbish. It's actually about real jobs, real invest ment, real industry.

He said that whatever he did, there would be critics. "The thing I thought most amusing was some of the rock musicians who had been having a go at Margaret Thatcher during the Eighties for denying people jobs - remember the people's march for jobs ... Now, they say when a Labour government introduces a programme that gives all young people a guaranteed chance of high quality training or a job. with proper pay, we are attacked because actually it destroys their creative juices to be tration to vent on those who, off the dole and into work.

# Murdoch hires Labour adviser

Political Correspondent

LABOUR'S links with Rupert Murdoch tightened last night as a key adviser to the Prime Minister was recruited to work. for the media tycoon's BSkyB broadcasting company.

Tim Allan, who has worked for Tony Blair since 1992 and who became a special adviser after last year's election, is to become Director of Corporate Communications at the station.

Last night, Conservatives claimed the move revealed a revolving door" between No 10 and Mr Murdoch's companies. They questioned whether the appointment should be checked by a special committee under rules set up after the Noian report on standards in public life.

Government sources said Mr Allan, who is 28, was not senior enough a figure to be covered by the rules, though Senior civil servants and special dvisers must wait three months before taking up a post in the private sector, and applications for any joh within two years of leaving government must be agreed by a Whitehall scrutiny

Mr Allan had denied the joh was finalised after it appeared in Sunday newspapers, but last night the appointment was confirmed by the Chief Executive of British Sky Broadcasting, Mark Booth. Mr Booth will be



Mr Allan's immediate boss. "Tim is very hright with an exceptional background. It has been no secret that he wished to move on and we are delighted that he has decided to join us," he said.

Tim Collins, Tory MP for Westmorland and Lonsdale, said the announcement raised questions about Labour's relationship with Mr Murdoch.

"To many it will look like a revolving door relationship is emerging between Number 10 Downing Street and Rupert Murdoch's companies. Mr Blair has refused to answer questions about his lobbying on behald of

Mr Murdoch," he said. Mr Allan confirmed that he would be leaving Downing Street, but would not comment on the appointment.







5/NEWS

#### Rupert's rich brand of humour

RUPERT MURDOCH'S Sunday Times published its hilarious annual "Rich List" yesterday. Pandora always enjoys this supposedly "definitive" list of the UK's wealthiest 1,000 individuals - in the same spirit that Pandora loves French farces or candid photographs of former ST editor Andrew Neil. A running joke back again in this year's list is the "fact" that the Queen seems to have lost £4,800m and fallen from second wealthiest to 94th since 1994. The "explanation" is that she is no longer credited with ownership of her artworks. But if she doesn't own them, does she actually own any of her other assets? Why was she ever credited with owning the art in the first place? Pandora would suggest that an accounting error of £4.800m does not exactly inspire confidence in the methodology behind the Sunday Times's merry list.

#### Yanks a million

EOUALLY laughable is the "logic" governing who does and does not qualify as one of "the richest people in Britain" according to the  $\tilde{ST}$ . Murdoch (pictured) is not included, writes the list's compiler, Philip Beresford, because he is an Amer-



ican citizen, "based in America." If he were included, he would rank third in the UK. "Similarly", Beresford continues, "we take out Courad Black, the Canadian chairman of the Telegraph group". (Pandora wonders if Black might be excluded because of enmity between him and Murdoch. No, impossible.) If Black is excluded because he's Canadian and Murdoch is now American, why then is Irishman Tony O'Reilly, pro-

prietor of this newspaper, included? Because, explain the ST "rules", O'Reilly has "extensive husiness interests" here. Apparently this same criteria doesn't apply to interests like Murdoch's News International papers, BSkyB or Black's Telegraph group. And if Black is excluded, why is Mohamed Al Fayed, ranked 11th, included? The Egyptian owner of Harrods lacks a British passport, just like the Canadian.

#### Wealthy Bahamas sojourn

MURDOCH speeds considerable time in Britain - far more than, say, the little-known Joseph Lewis, the British financier whom the ST includes and ranks 4th. He is a full-time Bahamas resident who hasn't been publicly sighted here for years. (Incidentally, who is this mysterious Dominic Prince, whom. Beresford lists as "our expert on Joseph Lewis"?)

# Downs fail to win park status

By Michael McCarthy Environment Correspondent

#### Exclusive

A LONG campaign to make the South Downs Britain's next national park has failed, it will be announced this week.

The much-loved 50-mile range of chalk hills that run from Eastbourne in Sussex to Winchester in Hampshire should not be given the most powerful landscape protection. the Countryside Commission the Government's landscape advisory body, has decided.

Commission officials feel that the Downs, with their sweeping vistas, rare wildlife and vibrant literary associations - they inspired Hilaire Belloc, WH Hudson, Virginia Woolf and above all the poet Edward Thomas - can be protected from the increasing threats of development and mass tourism they face by a much weaker designation in terms of development control. Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB).

The decision was greeted. last night by a chorus of protest from a powerful coalition of green groups which feel that the creation of a new national park is the only way to safeguard the Downs for the future.

"We're extremely unhappy and we're certainly not going to let it rest," said Rohin Crane, chairman of the South Downs Campaign Group, which takes in 15 national and local environmental bodies, from the Connail for the Protection of Rural England and the Council for National Parks to the Ramblers' Association.

"There are enormous threats to the Downs. We have presented an overwhelming case for national park status and nobody has yet answered it."

"We have an awful lot of information showing there is an overwhelming public feeling in the sooth-east for outlonal park status," said Chris Todd of hased oo upland landscape.



Under pressure: Without national park status, development and tourism will continue to threaten the South Downs

Friends of the Earth. "The Countryside Commission, which is an unelected and unaccountable quango, is simply ignoring it, even though it was recently asked to carry out a public consultation exercise on the Downs' future."

Michael Meacher, the environment minister, asked the commission how the Downs might best be managed after he took office last year, giving hope to the burgeoning national park campaign.

The Downs were among the 12 areas initially recommended as national parks by the Hobhouse report in 1947 but escaped designation largely because they did not fit the "model" of the time, which was

lowland chalk hills are too beautiful and too important to be left out.

The Downs are vulnerable The point was made by the naturalist-writer W.H. Hudson, who wrote: "During the whole fifty-three mile length from

ground never rises above a height of 850 feet, but we feel on top of the world."

because of their closeness to large population centres: Loowould do. The recommendation that don is only 45 miles to the oorth

the Downs be given only and a series of large coastal towns is strung along their AONB status will be put to the nine Countryside Comsouthern edge, from Southmissioners at a meeting ampton and Portsmouth to in Leeds on Thursday by the Brighton and Easthourne. Every year they receive 30 milcommission's officials, led by the chief executive Richard lion visitors, more than any of

the 10 national parks, and

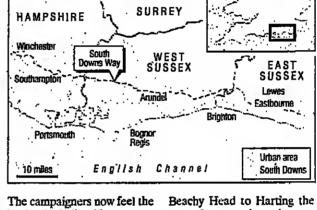
housing, roads and industrial

advise that designation as a nadevelopment are nibbling tional park would not he right steadily into their edges. under current law and policy. Their chalk grassland with and full National Park its rare plants, insects and but-Authority powers are not necterflies has also come under susessary to meet the management tained assault from intensive farming. But although the needs identified through the Downs form a landscape and consultation." In the normal course of events the commisecological unity, there is no powsioners would ruhber-stamp erful overall planning body to look after them as a whole the recommendation and the Government would accept the which is what a national park

Wakeford.

Leading article, page 14

Their report says; "Officers



PERIFECT FOR SUNDAY DRIVERS **FROM** MÔNACO TO MONZA.

Whatever tracks you're used to, the new jaguar saloon has just the right send of performance and comfort to get water heart racing. With its supercharged 4.0 litre

AJ-V8 engine, capable of 0-60mph in 5.3 seconds, the new V8 XIR is much more of a beast than its restrained classic exterior may suggest.

And to make suré we bring out

your animal Instincts, the new V8 XJR is equipped with sports-tuned suspension and CATS adaptive damping. Not to mention 18 inch alloy wheels.

We've also added some peace of

braking and electronic traction control.

But despite the hidden high-tech muscle of the new V8 XJR, the classbeating Jaguar style remains.

mind with four-wheel-sensing anti-lock

A fact you'll appreciate seven days a week, 365 days a year. Even if you don't get a chance to show it off in Monaco or Monza.

Don't dream it. Drive it.



sales@smartcall.co.uk 0181 683 6414 Fax: 0181 239 1008 | | 0171 Zy5 Z/4Z. | |

# Lesbians battle for the right to marry

By Andrew Buncombe

A LESBIAN couple, one of whom was born a man hut lives as a women, are taking legal action after they were refused permission to marry.

In an action that could have wide-reaching effects. Tracie O'Keefe and Katrina Fox will try to force Westminster Register office to overturn a decision not to let them marry as man and wife. The birth certificate of Ms O'Keefe, a transsexual woman who was bornwith a male physiognomy. records her as a male.

While the law does not permit two women to marry, the couple decided to take advantage of another law that does not allow the gender on a birth certificate to be altered.

"We thought surely the law cannot have it all ways," said Ms O'Keefe.

"If they will not allow me to change my birth certificate then legally they must consider me a man. If that is the case they should not be able to stop us marrying as man and wife."

Ms O'Keele, 42, a psychotherapist and clinical hypnotist, said they had served notice of their intention to marry at Westminster Register Office in London.

But when she went to see the Superintendent Registrar the day before their planned wedding, she was informed they would not be able to go

"I supposed I was puzzled more than anything else, I showed him my birth certificate. which showed I was a man but he did not seem to believe me," said Ms O'Keefe, who has lived as a woman since she was ... 15 and underwent surgery at the

age of 21. She said the couple had decided to try to get married to afford them the same legal rights in regard to inheritance and pensions as heterosexual couples.

The situation is insane. I want the same rights as a straight person," said Ms O'Keefe, a hisexual, who has twice been married - albeit illegally - to men.

Because I cannot, we decided we would try and do it this way. It is ridiculous that I should find myself having to discuss my entire history with a man at the register office. "If this was Holland there

would be no problem but the English are so hung-up about The couple have contacted a solicitor. David Burgess, who

is now preparing to take legal action to try and force the register office to change its deci-Legal action should not be

necessary. A spokeswoman for the Office for National Statistics, which oversees register offices, said they were aware of

"The Superintendent Registrar contacted the General Registrar's Office, because he was concerned there might be a hreach of the marriage law."

She said there should he no

married as long as Ms O'Keefe could prove she is the person named on her hirth certificate. because of the way I look." There have been a number of marriages in situations like

Ms O'Keefc, author of back from the register office she Trans-X-U-All, is unimpressed.

She said: "How am I supposed to do that. We have a situation where I am suffering prejudice

Ms Fox, 31, said: "It is very difficult. When Tracie came was very upset. She has had to

fight prejudice all her life."

spokesman for Press For Change - a group campaigning on behalf of transsexual men and women - said: "I think this case highlights the extraordi-

like Tracie are in. "I think it shows the need for a lot more education.

mayors had replied to the pe-

tition, as Mr Pinton has not re-

"Maybe some mayors from

leased any names.

The fact that the establishment can discriminate against transsexual people means that people who have prejudices are given free rein."

where more than 100 foreign nationals have been abducted since 1992. The family were kidnapped by members of the Bani Dabiyan tribe just outside Dhamar, a city south of the capital, between noon and 2pm, as Mr Mitchell, a British Council teacher in Aden who lives in the region, drove his wife and son to catch

British

family

seized in

BRITISH diplomats in Yemon were last night awaiting the demands of kidnappers who snatched a British family from

David Mitchell, 48, his wife, Caroline, and their 14-year-old son, Ben, were taken by tribesmen as they drove to the airport at Sanaa, the capital, to catch

a flight to Britain last Friday.

As of last night, no ransom

demand had been received

from the kidnappers in a region

Yemen

By Steve Boggan

their car.

Easter visit. Mrs Mitchell and Ben live in the south of England. David Pearce, deputy head of the British mission in Sanaa, said: "We are doing all we can to resolve this as quickly as possible. We are working closely with the British Embassy and the Yemen government, who

a flight home at the end of an

are offering every assistance." Victor Henderson, the British Ambassador, met officials of the Yemeni ministry of the interior yesterday to co-ordinate efforts to free the family. The governor of Sanaa has been dispatched to the area to try to make contact with the unbesmen.

"We ... don't know what their grievance is," a Foreign Office spokeswoman said. "Usually, there is some local dispute with the government or some demand. the tribe wants to press."

Last year 34 Westerners were kidnapped, in 13 separate incidents, including British aid worker Henry Thompson who was released after two weeks. He said his kidnappers had

waskilled during an abduction



Holy deadlock: Tracie O'Keefe (left), who was born a man, and who is being denied permission to marry Katrina Fox (right) Photograph: Nicola Kurtz

# French mayors explode over 'poisonous' plan for gay weddings

THOUSANDS of French mayors have signed a petition calling on the government to drop its project to legalise a form of gay marriage. The petition is in response in the plan of Lionel Jospin's Socialist administration to allow gays and lesbians : to enter into a "contract of so-

sense, these contracts would allow gavs to enjoy the same fiscal and social henefits as heterosexual couples. The law is expected to be introduced before the end of the year.

But that was before one to his 36,000 colleagues all Though not quite a mar- ister their upposition. Mayors tion's town halls, faced a

riage in the full ceremonial in France preside over civil marriages. By the end of last week, the Pinton team claimed they had received 12,000 replies, with new messages pouring in every day.

Mr Pinton, a former sec-

retary general of the right-ofright-wing mayor, Michel Pin- centre UDF party and now ton, decided to send out fetters maynr of the village of Pelletin. in central France, told his colover France orging them to rep ", leagues in his write that the

"poisonous menace" as a result of the plan.

"In our sick French society. the two things that are still healthy, the family and the in beginning with polygamous town council, are now being threatened by a catastrophic weakness," he wrote.

"It may be that this new

yet to come, he went nn: "Behind these homosexual families', a sad parody of a true Contract, said he also doubted family, other liaisons will rush one third of France's 36,000

The plan's supporters point out that the new law will not enable gays and lesbians to

# Recruitment crisis warning by RCN chief

By Jeremy Laurance Health Editor

YOUNG people are turning their backs on nursing as a ca- pected to guarantee a frosty re-reer and threatening the future ception for Frank Dobson, the reer and threatening the future of the NHS, nurses' leaders warned yesterday.

Hospitals are in danger of becoming nurse-free zones, with up to one in four posts in some wards no vacant.

Christine Hancock, general secretary of the Royal College of Nursing, said the health service was facing a recruitment crisis. "If we can't keep our nurses and attract new people to the profession there won't even be an NHS in ten years' time.

"There is real frustration. Nurses know how to provide the best quality patient care but they often don't have the opportunity or support to put it into practice."

Speaking on the eve of the RCN's annual congress in Bournemouth, Ms Hancock cited the case of a cancer patient who had been shunted among five different hospital wards. You can't get nursed properly in that situation.

"The patient had had a kidney removed and he was very warm" about the struggle the nurses had to look after him. But he also knew he should have had better care." Ms Hancock said the crisis was the result of growing pressures on NHS staff which were forcing nurses to leave. Over the past decade hospitals were treating 23 per cent more patients but the number of registered nurses had gone up six per cent. Problems with nurse recruitment tend to

In times of boom, as now, when joh opportunities are plentiful and pay rates high, young people tend to desert of recession, the NHS benefits levels.

follow the economic cycle.

as staff turnover falls and recruitment rises. The recruitment crisis and nurses anger over the staging of their pay award is ex-Secretary of State for Health, when he addresses the congress;

attended by 2,000 nurses, today. Nurses were awarded a 3.8 per cent pay rise this year but the Government is to pay it in two stages, with two per cent this month and a further 1.8 per cent next December, reducing its



Hancock Dire warning of 'nurse-free' zones

overall value to 2.7 per cent. Ms Hancock said pay was a critical factor for over 90 per cent of nurses in determining when they stayed with the NHS. There are 8,000 posts vacant and one in three students isdropping out of nursing courses. Of those who do qualify, fewer are staying on.

Nurses still working for the NHS two years after qualification dropped from 96 per cent in 1990 to 86 per cent in 1995. A survey by the Health Department showed more than eight out of ten hospitals in England reported difficulty in recruiting nurses. Ms Hancock urged nurses to speak out when nursing for other jobs. In times standards fell to unacceptable

Jack Straw urges World Cup fans to resist temptation

Jack Straw, the Home Secretary, yesterday sought to drive home the message that English and Scottish fans without tickets should resist the temptation to travel to France this sum-

Mr Straw reiterated the Government's "stay at home" nessage following the controversy over French tourism minister Michelle Demessine's apparent suggestion that ticketiess supporters would be welcome in France to savour the atmosphere of the tournament. This week in London, Ms Demessine called

on British supporters to "join the party".

But Mr Straw said: "... she later clarified what she said to make u clear she was saying that tourists generally would continue to be welcome in France ... Everybody has an interest in ensuring that the World Cup games go off without incident and without shame being brought to Britain," he told The World this Weekend on BBC Radio 4. Mr Straw insisted the British Government's approach was only common sense.

#### Appeal to abuse victims

A Roman lie teaching order which has publicly apologised to victims of cruelty and sex abuse at its school in Ireland vesterday appealed to any victims from its English schools

The Christian Brothers said it was investigating several cases m England. Brother Francis Hall, deputy provincial leader for England, yesterday encouraged victims to contact him. Tim sure it [the abuse] has happened over the years here in England ... We would welcome now anyone to contact us on 07515 904 0786," he told the Sunday programme on Radio 4. He added later. One or two cases have come to light in England in the last few years. They are being investigated." Any allegations, would be referred to the appropriate authorities if that is what the person wanted, he said. More than a thousand calls have been made to an Irish helpline since the Christian Brothers

in Ireland made their public apology at the end of March. The order was founded in 1820 to educate poor Catholics, and has schools in 26 countries.

#### Keeping an eye on sugar

Too much sugar in the blood can lead to blindness, researcher investigating the effects of ageing have found.

As people age there is a strong possibility they will experience an intolerance to glucose, the natural sugar used by the body. Scientists at the Open University Research Centre in Oxford have found that collagen, a major structural body protein, is susceptible to sugar attack, and this can damage the eye. The human cornea and sclera - the "white" of the eye - are both rich in collagen.

Dr Malik and colleague Dr Keith Meek used intense Xrays to examine eye tissue. Dr Malik said: "We demonstrated that central lens tissue is significantly altered by glucose and [the natural fruit sugar] fructose." Such age-related dam age resulted in the development of cataracts, and similar damage to optic nerve tissue may also be implicated in glaucoma.

The study is one of five projects being funded by the charity Research into Ageing.

#### Winning lottery numbers

Four National Lottery ticketholders will share the £8.2m jackpot from Saturday night's draw. The winning numbers are 29, 33, 42, 13, 31, 1; bonus number 9.



• Custom Stamps

"Call for Astails. All nom: subject to availability



SUNDAY THE TOTAL

# Techno-failure adds to the Base Camp Blues

TAM sure at some distant gathering of mountaineers I have heard an ironic song called "Base Camp Blues". Well I know this gloomy state for real now.

It was one of those days when you wonder whether climbing big monatains is really worth the frustrations of the long huild-up; getting on each other's nerves, missing the family, the generally awful food. After all, take away the acclimatisation climbs to higher camps and our serious go for the summit will probably take up no more than seven days out of the 70 days of our Himalayan Kingdoms expedi-

I'm not after sympathy bere. Mountaineers are, in Lionel Terray's classic book title "Conquistadors of the Useless". But perhaps it is this diary's duty to show that climbing Everest is not all derring-do in the Khumbu Icefall or on the Hillary Step. It is also washing your socks and underpants in a tin bowl and then watching them freeze rigid, pegged to the tent guylines.

Let's be honest, part of my frustration stems from having to do a job of work in additionto the mountaineering. While other members of the team can doze in their tents after lunch. I have to puzzle out how to get the diary back to London when the promised Base Camp electricity and communications are either problematic or nonexistent. The replacement satellite telephone said to be on its way has taken on the status of a mythical being, as. likely to appear coming up the track by the Khumbu Glacier as the Year. And the small Honda generator supposed to power up our computers, digital cameras and personal stercos, as well as light the mess tent, stubbornly refuses to run for more than a few minutes.

Others in the multi-national. circus of Base Camp have similar problems. Technology.



Base Camp

seems to exhibit parallel weaknesses to human beings at high altitude. It becomes brittle and likely to fail at the slightest provocation.

Our phone, according to supposition, packed up when snow was hrushed from a solar panel causing a power surge. It seems odd that such a trumpeted go-anywhere piece of kit can't cope with that. So I remain dependent on the goodwill and high prices of the Everest Challenge team led by Tom Whittaker, the one-footed Anglo-American, to get any story back at all.

Thile my companions rested, I spent the afternoon of this Base Camp Blues day with Eric Howard, Whittaker's communications expert from Flagstaff, Arizona, trying to set up a palmtop computer for writing higher up the mountain. But so far it is unable to talk to any of the Base Camp PCs and is, therefore, no more useful than pencil and paper, and good deal heavier.

A first-hand account of Tommy Heinrich, a tough Argenunian member of the Everest Challenge team and past summiteer, wretching at Camp Two after carrying too heavy aload, was a salutary weight

Perhaps it was not the best of days to call home (on the "Camp America" phone of course). Being apart from Lucie, my wife, and daughter Rosie is the hardest part of the inps (Yes, I know a few diaries in the Joefall-Each night I can



Heading up the Western Cwm: Everest looms over the Himalayan Kingdoms team

ago I called this a "dream assignment". I guess that just piles up another contradiction in the climbing game.) It about bying to reasons loved ones that what I'm doing "isn't dangerous" when

they know Everest's history as well as I do. . . "Take care," everyone says. Of course I will, but we know that care will not stop an

avalanche or a serac collapse

hear their roar. Late today fresh movements hit two ladders on prepared route and these will have to be re-rigged. We are due to go that way

ourselves in the morning, enroute for Camp Two near the head of the Western Cwm for a few days acclimatisation at around 6,500m in the shadow of Everest's south-west face. It will take me to a personal high, though I will be unable to measure it. My altimeter

only functions up to 6,000m. For an Alps climber it was more than adequate and in my short-ootice preparation for Everest it was detail that got overlooked.

I could rely on my betterequipped companions, but I expect I will know when the air starts getting thin.

n a more mundane level, I made the phooe call home at and a tomatoish sauce. So far

Photograph: Stephen Goodwin, using a Fuji DS-300 digital camera

sitting hunched in a chilly tent, I could have been enjoying fresh coffee and toast in a dining toom. Meals at Base Camp are a gastronomic mystery tour with a shortage of pleasant surprises. Arjun, our smiling cook, has no shortage of potentially appetising ingredients but their

treatment is often a bit odd.

Last night we had spaghetti

UK hreakfast time. Instead of so good. But with it went mashed potato and onion bhajis. Mindful of the need to stoke up on calories, I forced down the lot.

Returning to my tent at the end of the day, I found bird shit all over my face flannel, left to dry over the end of a tent-pole. Grandma might have said it was lucky. But at the time it seemed like just another line in those old Base

### Report slams murder inquiry police

A REPORT believed to accuse a Scottish police force of incompetence and neglect over its handling of the murder investigation of a nine-year-old boy is to be published today. The independent report into Grampian Police by an officer appointed by the Scottish Office is expected to catapult the force and its Chief Constable, Dr Ian Oliver, into more controversy.

mal and dis-ch, the left ics 81.

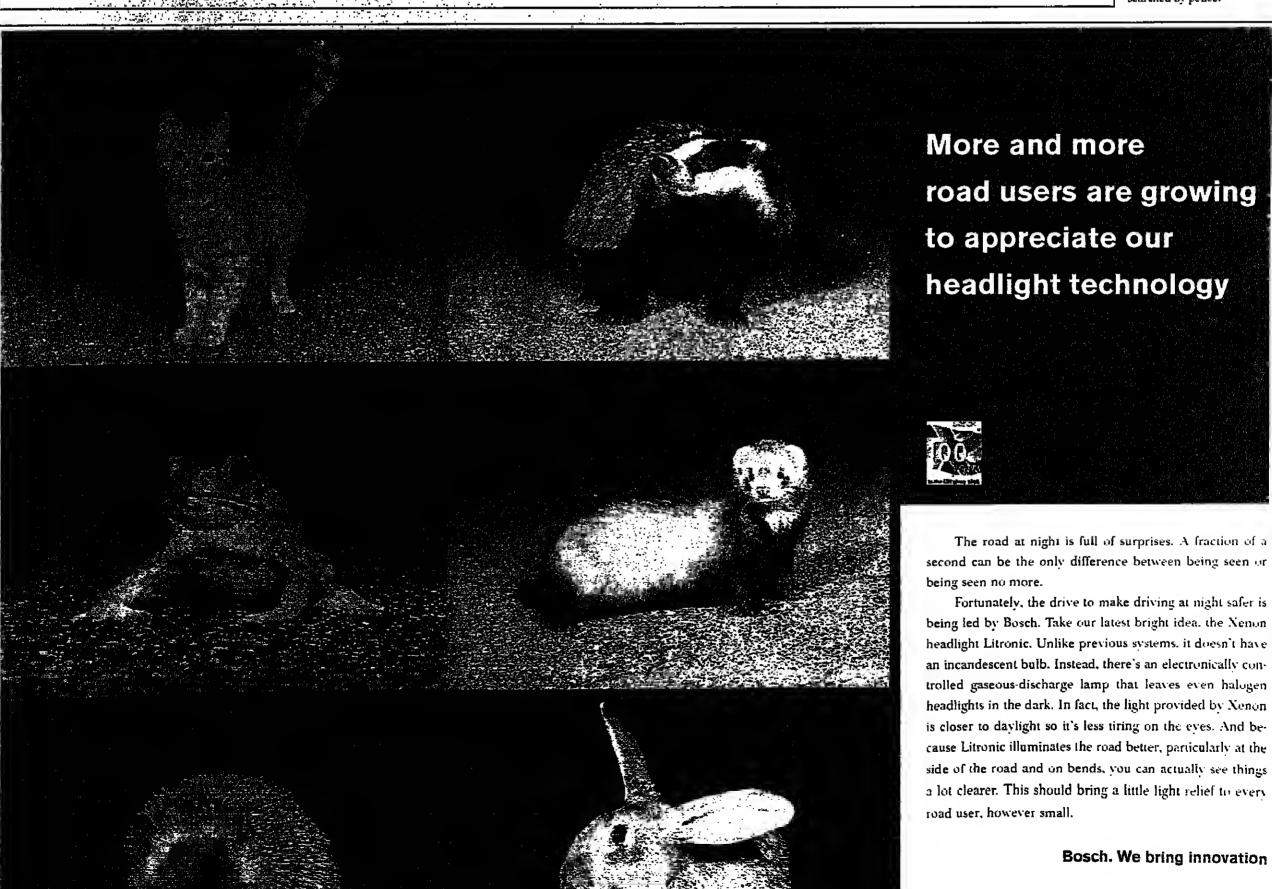
But ons tal-t of er-er-tg" of a

He has already chosen to take early retirement after an unrelated controversy in February in which a newspaper published pictures of him in an apparent embrace with a young married woman. He denied impropriety but, already a controversial figure, announced be was taking early retirement and will leave the force later this year. Reports have suggested today's document will expose scrious flaws in the police investigation of the Aberdeen boy Scott Simpson, murdered last July, and will place further pressure on Dr Oliver to resign.

Scotland on Sunday said the report recommends key elements of the force, in particular the CID, should undergo a radical overhaul.

And communication and links between the departments of the force should also be overbauled, says the report, by Lothian and Border's Deputy Chief Constable, Graham Power. The report focuses mainly on the day Scott went missing -Thursday, July 17, 1997 - and

the following day. Grampian Police appeared to treat it as little more than a missing-person inquiry and when his hody was found five days later it was discovered in an area which had already been searched by police.



# Extra £10m for bowel cancer treatment

By Jeremy Laurance

Health Editor

THE Government is to invest an extra £10m to improve poor standards of treatment for one of the most neglected and unfashionable cancers.

Frank Dobson, the Secretary of State for Health, will announce today the extra cash for bowel caneer at a conference in London. He said it would be used to improve the quality and availability of services and to bring down waiting times.

Bowel cancer kills 19,000 people a year, second only to lung cancer and over 50 per cent more than breast cancer. Cure rates vary widely between hospitals and surgeons and lives would be saved if treatment were concentrated in the hands of

Mr Dobson said: "Bowel cancer causes unrold distress to patients. who are often elderly, and their families. The Government is committed to improving services for people with cancer. We are not prepared to set-

The extra £10m is the second tranche of money invested in a speeific cancer by the Government since the election after last year's £10m boost for breast cancer

Baroness Jay, the bealth minister, will tell the conference, entitled "Caring for cancer", that increasing awareness is a key priority.

"In the past, bowel cancer has received far less attention than other cancers, such as breast caneer, vet some 27,000 people are diagnosed with it every year. Survival rates in this country are not as good as many other Western countries."

Campaigners for improved services include Stefanie Moore, widow of the England striker Bobby Moore, who died of the disease, and Lynne Faulds Wood, the television presenter, who has tecovered after

treatment. Although the disease can strike young people, most patients are over 50. However, only a minority of those with bowel cancer get ideal treatment.

Diagnosis is frequently delayed because patients are embarrassed to consult their GP about early signs. such as blood in the faeces, and GPs are slow to refer. "Too many cases of caneer have been treated as irritable bowel syndrome for years by GPs who never had them checked out," said Cecilia Yardley, of Colon Cancer Concern. Most patients who need surgery are operated on by general surgeons who do not have the specialist skills necessary.

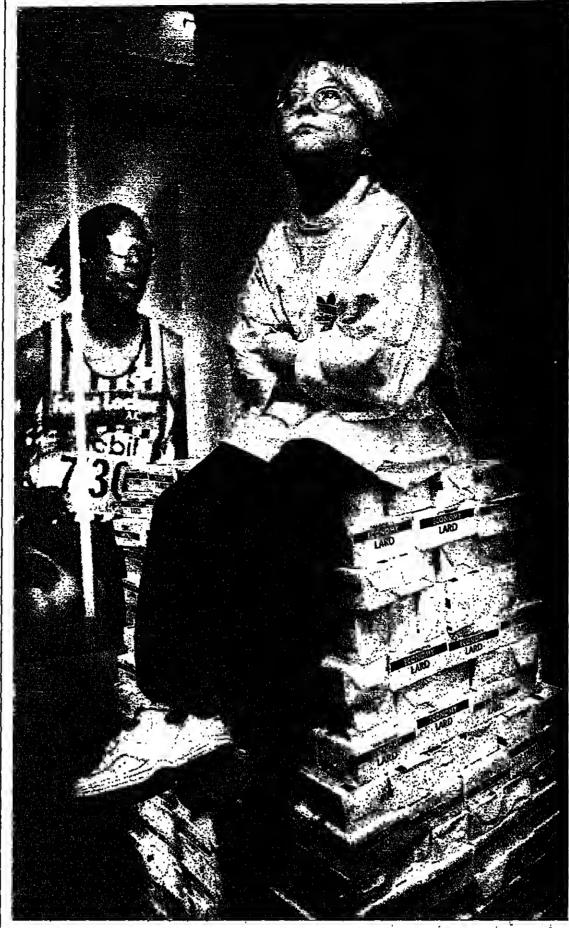
Guidance issued by the health department to all GPs, health authorities and NHS trusts last November cites Scottish studies showing that five-year survival rates vary from 20 per cent to 60 per cent. depending on the surgeon carrying out the operation. One hospital had twice the survival rate of others. The guidance was based on a

review of research by the NHS Centre for Reviews and Dissemination at York University. Arabella Melville, its author, said; "The variations in treatment are much more serious with this treatment than with others hut it doesn't have a high profile and it is not something pcople want to know about. Thousands of lives could be saved if this guidance were followed."

Mr Dobson is also due to sign a "Concordat" committing the Government, voluntary organisations and health authorities to delivering high-quality services.

Nick Young, chief executive of Macmillan Cancer Relief, said: "The words are fine but what we need now

"We still have a cancer lottery in this country. The quality of the cancer treatment and care you receive can still depend on where you live."



Fat facts: Felix Read, seven, on a lard mountain showing the amount a typical child eats between the ages of 6-16 in the Science of Sport exhibition at the Science Museum in London yesterday. Photograph: Rul Xavier

# Beckett cut out of secret union talks

Labour Editor

tabled by 10 Downing Street in an attempt to reach agreement over the highly contentious issue of union power in the

The confidential initiative by the Prime Minister's Policy Unit - which in effect marginalises ministers at the Department of Trade and Industry will form part of discussions today at a private meeting of half a dozen of the country's most senior trade unionists.

The Independent understands that officials have proposed rules to govern ballots on union recognition which are set to appear in a White Paper on "fairness at work" due for pub-

The seemingly mconsemential detail of the legislation could have a major impact on industrial relations in Britain, but also on the readiness of unions to continue to fund the Labour Party. The fact that proposals seem to have emerged without direct input from Margaret Beckett, President of the Board of Trade and the minister responsible for employment rights, could provoke a serious rift in the Cabinet.

The key element of the plan. which has yet to enjoy the final imprimatur of the Prime Minister, centres on the degree of employee support required before a union wins recognition.

Tony Blair's advisers have offered unions a choice: either there should be a 60 per cent turnout in a balloi with a simple majority required for recog-nition to be granted, or 40 per cent of the entire workforce would need to back it. It is thought that these two options would supercede any tentative plans tabled by the DTI.

It is understood that either formulation would attract the the TUC say tacit acceptance of the CBT - would prefer which is bowever opposed to 20 workers.

A SECRET offer has been the law in principle. It is also believed that a "grudging acceptance" is emerging among union leaders in favour of the 60 per cent option.

Full details of the proposal are unlikely to be revealed to a special session today of the ruling general council of the TUC which will follow the meeting of the "inner circle" of senior trade unionists.

John Monks, the TUC general secretary, will attempt to allay the fears of general council members, many of whom are frustrated with what they see as the Prime Minister's prevarication. Mr Monks will be keen to defuse the row on a day when: the traditionally militant Scottish TUC starts its annual conference m Perth.

Many trade unionists argue that Mr Blair seems far more concerned with placating the CBI than delivering a pledge in the Labour Party manifesto. The employers' organisation has insisted that ballots should be successful only if recognition received the endorsement of more than half the workforce; while the TUC wanted it to be a majority of those voting.

It is not clear, however, when the much-postponed White Paper will be published. and it is possible that a 6 May conference on the issue planned by the TUC may have to be cancelled. One senior union official said yesterday that discussions on the White Paper would leave a "bitter taste whatever its contents.

Another issue exercising the minds of unions is the CBI's insistence that small firms should be exempt from the law, However, the CBI's view that the threshold should be set at 50 employees would exclude more than seven million employees, the TUC says. Union leaders would prefer a limit of perhaps

# It's *flexible* Internet because it's BT Internet

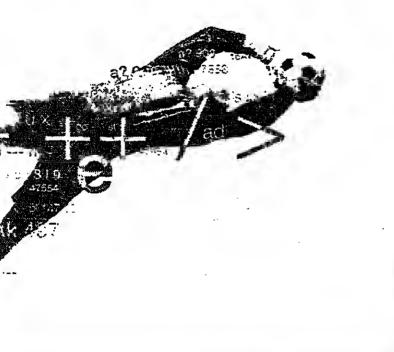
BT Internet is flexible because it's available in two pricing packages to suit you - and you can swap should you want to.

Plan 180 allows you to try out BT internet for just £4.70 a month (inc VAT); it includes three hours internet access and your own e-mail address. Plan Unlimited (£11.75 inc. VAT per month) allows

you unlimited access. five e-mail addresses and 5mb of web space. What's more, both modem and ISDN connections are available for the same price.

BT Internet offers fast and reliable connections with excellent network capacity, fast download times and

Enjoy more freedom. Connect with ST Internet today



To get your free software call Freefone 0800 800 001 now

BT Internet www.btinternet.com

## April Fool no joke in plan to fill Lords from electoral roll

By Fran Abrams Political Correspondent

TT'S A funny old world, as Margaret Thatcher once said. Three weeks after The Independent's April Fool's spoof suggested neers would be selected by lottery in a reformed House of Lords, the idea is edging towards reality.

A paper to be published this mouth by the Blairite Demos think-tank says hereditary peers should be replaced by citizens' jurors picked from the electoral

Based on the principles of ancient Athens, the system would allow "Peers in Parliament" or "PPs" either to sit for a four-year period or simply 10 see through a particular

Jurors could be picked from

each region of the country and balanced to provide equal numbers of men and women.

The report, "The Athenian Solution", was written before The Independent's story appeared but its introduction was rewritten to take account of it. "It is said that there are

important idea. First it is ignored. Next it is ridiculed. Then it becomes accepted wisdom," it says. The report goes on: "A good supply of April Fool headlines: .

give Scots their own Parliament might be one'."

rector of Demos, has also raised. it. And the paper's authors, Anthony Barnett and Peter Carty, both developed it independently before working on it

together. Even Lord Cranborne, the three stages in the life of every

lected at random from free lies in store. 'Government to

The idea, it seems, is not a

Tony Wright, now MP for Great Yarmouth, once floated

it in a letter to the Guardian

newspaper. Geoff Mulgan. di-

Tory leader in the Lords, once suggested in defence of bereditary peers that they could be compared to the legislators of ancient Athens, where a jury se-

male citizens used to rule. Yesterday Mr Barnett said that the idea might seem "way. out" but could be compared, with the citizens' juries already being brought in under proposals to modernise local gov-

ernment. It could be introduced We would have to see whether it could work. You

citizens' jury in the committees while leaving the present Lords," he said.

The paper says an elected second chamber would create 'a destructive alternative" to the House of Commons, "We already have enough nationally elected politicians," it says.

Both political appointees and cross-benchers could continue to be appointed, as they are at present, and could sit alongside the jurors.

All the evidence suggests the citizens' peers will be up to the

job, the paper argues. Some will say daft things and some will be credulous. But on the whole politicians and journalists, the two main groups that presently hold the government to account, contain more than the average share of "could have the equivalent of a such failings," it says.

## One black, 40 Asians in Britain's richest 500

By Kim Sengupta

THERE is just one black person in the ranks of Britain's 500 wealthiest people. But even that is seen as an encouraging sign of economic empowerment. In the previous 10 years of the list, compiled by the Sunday Times. there had been none at all.

Carl Cushnic, the son of a Jamaican engineer, dropped out of university to start an entreprenurial careet and stands 312th in the list with an estimated fortune of £71m. Last year he was 564th.

It bad taken 48-year-old Mr Cushnie five years to join the 500 Club since he started his investment business, the Versailles Group, borrowing £1.6m in an audacious move just as the recession was going to bite.

Apart from him, there is just one other black person among the wealthiest 1,000, the heavyweight boxing champion Lennox Lewis at 769th place. In contrast, there are 40 Asians in the the top 500 alone, with a 21-



year-old, Reubin Singh, just outside at 508th having amassed £45m.

However, Mr Cushnie's success is regarded as significant because it has been achieved in the world of business. It has been far more common for British black people to have made their money through sport and entertainment. In the past, the boxer Frank Bruno, and singers Shirley Bassey and Sade have been top among wealthy black people.

maica and moved to Britain with his family when he was 13. After A-levels at Willesden grammar school in north-west London, be went on to study mathematics at London University. But he dropped out after a year and soon set up his own computer company. It was then that he spotted

a gap in the market for financing small and medium-sized companies. He borrowed funds from a Scandinavian bank and has achieved a turnover of colour] is not something I carmore than £100m, and employs around 40 staff.

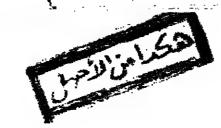
When Versailles was at its embryonic stage, Mr Cushnie often put in working days of 16 hours. Now it tends to be more leisured 10-hour-days, but he still takes no more than three weeks' holiday a year.

Married with four children. Mr Cushnie eschews the millionaire lifestyle and prefers the simpler pleasures of walking cycling, squash and a drink at the

Mr Cushnie was born in Ja- local pub. He is reluctant to dwell on either his wealth or his colour, and said in a recent interview: "I have a sense of pride in what I have accomplished. The fact that I am black may be important to some people, but what is important to me is what I do and how I live my life.

"I have gone to the City, made my presentations and nobody has ever said 'Carl we will lend this money to you because you are black'. Or 'Carl.' we won't lend this money to you set up Versailles. Since then it because you are black'. It [his ry around with me."







Baby talk: Tony Blair with a family at Baqa'a, the biggest Pa stinian refugee camp in Jordan

# Blair pleads for peace at Holocaust shrine

n jerusalem

TONY BLAIR last night made an emorion-packed appeal to the people and leaders of Israel

to go for the heights of peace. Following a visit to the Yad Vashem Holocaust memorial. Mr Blair wrote a full page in the Book of Remembrance, setting down the depth of his private, emotional feelings.

His tribute to the Jewish people, then and now, concluded: "We will never forget, or if we do, we will repeat the mistakes and tragedies of history." Then, in an emotional speech - which was heard on the radio by Benjamin Netanyahu, the Israeli Prime Minister - Mr Blair said he had first visited the memorial with his wife. Cherie. four years ago and they had never forgotten it. The Prime Min-

manity can sink, now let us hope in the future we can show the heights to which humanity can

Against a background of diplomatic reports of an improved "atmosphere" in which more be shoved back on to the road, Mr Blair went into his first talks with Mr Netanyahu.

Today he meets the Palestinian leader, Yasser Arafat, in Gaza, but last night Mr Ne- and the prosperity and indeed tanyahu said: "It is essential that Israel achieve a peace which leaves it with secure and defensible boundaries. That is

And, against the background of a Northern Ireland deal which is regarded as "a good omen" in the words of King

efforts in our peace negotiations.

Replying directly to the Israeli Prime Minister, Mr Blair said the lesson of Northern Ireland was that peace was not the peace process could once a zero-sum game. "The one side doesn't have to win; the other side lose.

"If we can establish a settlement, both sides win. Both sides get both the peace again the security that they need."

He said the other lesson from Ulster was that "where there are obstacles, they should be overcome; where there are differences they shall always be surmounted."

And referring back to his Yad Vashem visit, Mr Blair Hussein of Jordan earlier in the boldly told the Israeli people

ister added: "Having realised day, Mr Netanyahu said he be-the depths of evil which hn-lieved Mr Blair could "inspire that we can pay tribute to the that we can pay tribute to the us to bolster and accelerate our suffering and the pain and the agony and the anguish that is marked by that memorial is for all of us to do all we can to advance the cause of justice and of peace and democracy in the

During his visit to Yad Vashem, Mr Blair rekindled the eternal flame in front of a crypt containing the ashes of some of the six million victims of the Nazis.

A pervasive message from all the countries Mr Blair has visited so far is that if peace is not moved forward, prospects for peace in the Middle East could fade. In Amman yesterday King Hussein said he helieved the situation could be saved. The alternative was that "we will be plunged into a very dark and

# Visit exposes **British failure** on refugees

By Anthony Bevins

BRITAIN'S poor record of a hakery, built courtesy of a support for Palestinian refugees was exposed during Tony Blair's tour of the Middle East yesterday, when he paid a flying visit to the biggest refugee camp in Jordan.

While the Prime Minister was buried in a walkabout Palestinian camps in Jordan. scrum of excited children, a Nations Relief (UNRA) and Works Agency told The Independent the British had a belowpar record as a donor.

that point to Mr Blair later at treatment worked out at £4 a press conference with King Hussein of Jordan, he indicated there could be more money

Mr Blair told The Independent: "The British contribution is something for the Department for International Development. We are actually in the process of considering it, and certainly as I saw myself on the visit this morning, there is a tremendous need there, so we job when he gets back to Britain shall see what we can do."

During his visit to the camp, Mr Blair's first port of call was £15,000 donation from Britain. Later, Mr Blair visited a hospital, built courtesy of the Canadian government, and doctors there told The Independent that there were no surgical facilities in any of the

The hospital at Camp spokesman for the United Baqa'a treats 120,000 patients a year between six doctors. The doctors treat 100 patients a day each, allowing only three minutes per patient. The doc-When The Independent put tors said the budget for medical per person per year.

UNRA runs all the camps, hospitals, schools and social \$70m (£42m) a year. Britain's contribution to UNRA - which deals only with Palestinian refugees -- is currently running below its official UN assessment level.

After yesterday's visit, it is now clearly the Prime Minister's on Tuesday to get an increase.

### lerusalem mayor boycotts reception

Palestinian hosts are eager to put behind them the ill will provoked by the visit last month of the Foreign Secretary, Robin Cook. But old sores do not beal so quickly in this cantankerous corner of the world, writes Eric Silver in Jerusalem.

The right-wing Likud mayor of Jerusalem, Ehud Olmert, last night boycotted n state dinner given for the Prime Minister and his wife, Cherie, by the Israeli Prime

TONY BLAIR'S Israeli and Minister, Benjamin Netanyahu, in protest at the British leader's refusal to call nn him. Mr Olmert said he was "astounded" by this breach of protocol, which both his predecessors, **Baroness Thatcher and John** 

> An Israeli foreign ministry official said such calls were "a custom, but not an obligation". Mr Blair bad been asked to visit the mayor, but his aides replied that he never called on

### Jailed nurses' plight put to Saudi king

HOPES OF an early release for case of these two people. I British nurses Deborah Parry and Lucille McLauchlan, jailed in Saudi Arabia following the murder of their Australian colleague. Yvonne Gilford, were raised by Tony Blair yesterday when he revealed that a plea for clemency was urgently being considered by King Fahd, writes Anthony Bevinsfp.

Following a meeting on Saturday night with Crown Prince Abdullah, heir to the Saudi throne, the Prime Minister's spokesman was being tightlipped about developments.

However, in an interview with Boulton on Sunday, for Sky News, the Prime Minister deliberately used the word "urgent" when talking of consideration being given by the King to the case.

Mr Blair said: "It's not difficult in any sense, whilst paying complete respect to the victim of the crime, to raise the think people will expect the government to do that.

"What the Crown Prince indicated to me was that the families themselves had petitioned the King here for mercy, and they said that they would give that very serious consideration."

But be added: "I believe that they will give it very serious consideration and I don't think it is prudent for me to say more at this stage." He said it was best nnt to speculate about the timing of any release.

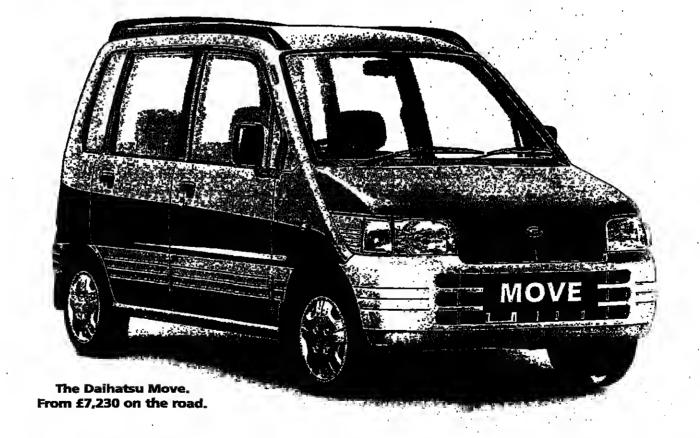
Later, following talks with King Hussein of Jordan in Amman, before flying to Israel, the Prime Minister was again asked about the fate of the nurses. Again, he initially said that the

petition would be seriously considered - and then injected the word "urgent" into his reply.

Ms Parry and Ms McLauchlan have been in jail for 17

# Free automatic? Freeair conditioning:

(Refer to house decision maker.)



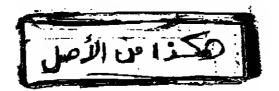
The Daihatsu Move now comes with the option of free automatic upgrade or free air conditioning So while your other half is considering which to go for, consider what else you'll get: a unique tall body design, 5 doors, driver's airbag, side impact bars, 53 mpg and a three year unlimited mileage warranty. All from £113\* per month at 11% APR for the Move.

You have until the end of May. So call 0800 618 618 when you're ready.

THEMOVE

CLEVER CARS FROM JAPAN

Daihatsu Move £7,230 on the road. Price correct at time of going to press & includes VAT, delivery, number plates & 12 months' road fund licence. Finance example. Deposit £1,500. Followed by 36 monthly payments of £113 and final red contract mileage 6,000 miles per annum. £60 acceptance fee payable with first payment. £40 credit facility fee included in last payment. Applicants for credit must be edit facilities provided, subject to status, by inchcape financial Services Ltd, NWS House, City Road, Chester CH88 3AN. Written quotations on request. APR varies depending payment of £3,040 Total amount payable £8,668 11% APR Agreed contract least 18 & a UK resident (excl. Channel Islands & Isle of Man). Credit facilit



# Art lovers rush to save remains of Velazquez

By Elizabeth Nash in Madrid

HERITAGE authorities in Madrid are rushing to exhume the bones of the artist Diego de Velazquez, 338 years after his death, after discovering that the city hall plans to widen a roundabout over what is thought to he his grave.

The heritage authority apparently only learned of the plans from the newspapers.

This is not the first example of the casual approach of Madrid's municipal authorities to the artistic patrimony lying beneath its feet. Two years ago a furious row erupted when the remains of a nearby former royal palace where Velazquez worked, whose chapel was depicted in one of his best-known



a self-portrait of 1643

or, Jose Maria Alvarez de Manzano, defended the destruction. saying: "Madrid is full of such

The hody of Spain's most alustrious master was supposedly deposited in 1660 in the crypt of a church that used to occu-

in the old heart of the capital. spokesman said. "It's a unique This is a small grassy oasis at the meeting point of a number of handsome early 19th-century mansions. It is shielded from the circulating traffic by low iron railings of the sort that might protect a Surrey bowling green.

The only cine that this is the resting place of the artist re-sponsible for Las Meninas and other masterworks of Spain's Golden Age is a pretty plinth bearing the inscription: "In this place was situated the parish church of San Juan, where the Court painter Silva y Velazquez

In 1809 Spain's occupying French ruler Joseph Bonaparte. Napoleon's brother, ordered the church to be swept away to create an square. But it is assurned that the buried bones re-

py the site of the Plaza Ramales were pulled down," a heritage opportunity for us," he added. "According to our records, there has never been an attempt to reower the artist's remains. If we don't, the roadworks will probably ruin them."

The heritage body, Patrimonio, says that if human remains are found, the best forensic experts will be called upon to confirm whether or not the artist's bones are among them.

Some experts, however, fear that Velazquez's bones, even if unearthed, will be indistinguishable from others in what was probably a common ossuary. "In those days individual burials were most unusual," said one historian this week.

"Also," he added, "it was common to pound up the bones and press them down to make



Theory and practice: Bill Clinton, walking alongside Canadian Prime Minister Jean Chrétien, is handed a copy of the Kama Sutra after attending the Summit of the Americas in Santiago, Chile yesterday Photograph: Gary Hershorn/Reut

# Style better left in the closet

Golf tournament from Augusta 10 days ago. I realised with a upon us. II . I . Li . . in anticipation of the santorial horrors of the American summer wardrone; to wit, the shorts -Shorts - like Americans - come in a bewildering variety of. shapes and sizes, but the chosen combination is rarely flattering. ington as a centre of fashion or elegance: frampish, countrycome-to-town, are among the commoner criticisms. Where shorts are concerned, though, language. Appallingly cut, inappropriate, ugly, even repellent spring to mind. But it's a bold. outsider who ventures to criticise the capital's dress sense. Last year, Washington's women came over all defensive about their craze for cadaverous white tights. A few months before it was their penchant for wearing trainers with their bosiness suits which they fought to justify in the fallen by 25 per cent in a decade. face of a newspaper colum-

Tou may just get away with criticising an American's clothes. You will their pets, as the American Kennel Club has just found out. It has just withdrawn 10,000 copies of The Complete Dog. Book, at an estimated cost of almost \$1m because of what it says were editorial mistakes. The most egregious of these "mistakes" was to describe 40 breeds: as "not good" with children. Dog-owners and hreeders were up in arms: the owners - at the insult directed at their faithfulpets, the breeders - concerned no one would buy their animals. There are no bad breeds", said one specialist, just "bad dogs". The full list of 40 is now nigh impossible to come by, but it is said to include chihuahuas. toy poodles and German shep-

n the past two weeks, something remarkable has happened on the route of my walk to work. An asphalted parking lot the size of a block was emptied of cars, surrounded by a fearsome metal fence. and hollowed into a massive WASHINGTON DIARY



crater, with a fleet of hulldozers burrowing in its depths. More reance of company hoardings at there is surely footh for tougher : all four corners to testify that this was not your standard act of preparation for building: Now large construction pro-

jects, still less privately financed ones, do not come to Downtown Washington every day. "My" building site could just be a pioncering swallow for the longdesired investors' summer in a city where property values have News from the housing front

eems to confirm that the Washington property market may finally be turning up. Friends with houses to sell have found huyers after one weekend at or not, however, survive taking on above the asking price. The recently arrived city manager, a feisty Texan woman, has signalled her confidence (or foolhardiness) by buying a house in DC. In some areas of the capital a phenomenon is emerging: a shortage of houses for sale.

nd a postscript about That Film. Primary Colours, the fictional account of Clinton's 1992 presidential campaign whose box-office success was supposed to rival that of Tuanic, has gone the way of the ship not the film. While Washington enthused, the big wide world "outside the beltway" stayed at home, too bored by the President's real-life escapades to want to see them again on screen. Wise after the event, metropolitan critics claim in self-defence that the contradictory figure of the fictional president, Jack Stanton, may have been "too nuanced for a broad movie-going public". Oh yes? Maybe these simple downhome types just felt they had seen it all before.

#### Rights activist murdered

ASSASSINS posing as journalists killed Colombia's top human-rights attorney. Eduardo Umana Mendoza. 50, whose clients included trade unionists, jailed guerrillas, Indians and the families of the "disappeared". Police said "two men and a woman who said they ... needed to see him killed Mr Umana with three shots from a pistol. — Reuters, Bogoto

#### Canadian PM to visit Cuba

THE Canadian Prime Minister, Jean Chrétien, confirmed he will visit the Cuban president, Fidel Castro, drawing a cool response from US officials at the second Summit of the Americas, a gathering of all 34 democratically elected leaders of the Western Hemisphere. Cuba was excluded because of its Communist government.

--- AP, Santiago, Chile

### Austria elects a president

AUSTRIANS went to the polls yesterday to elect a president, with the incumbent, Thomas Klestil, favourite to win a second six-year term. Two female contenders pose the only real — Reuters, Vienna



Are you getting the most out of your savings? Why not talk to a Barclays Personal Banker. They have access to a unique new interactive computer system that helps tailor your savings to your needs. So why wait? Trot down to your local Barclays branch or call us today on 0800 400 100.

MAKING YOUR SAVINGS WORK HARDER



Region to the train

grander of the

Antique i ---

建设化品 化二十二十二

Secretary of

 $T_{\rm green} \in \mathcal{N}_{\rm sol}$ 

market and

4

Key .

opi i jevri.

And the Control of th

Marie Company

# Resurgent Jews emerge from Russian ghetto

Anti-Semitism may still be common, but Jews are regaining confidence after years of oppression, reports Phil Reeves

MOSCOW -- Despite decades mems. A decade ago there was of official prejudice, mass emigration, and a stubborn strain of anti-Semitism, Jewish culture and arts are reviving in Russia.

Moscow now has at least 100 Jewish organisations, as well as a small but growing industry selling kosher food. Proof of the advances since the repressive Soviet years came earlier this year when Moscow's élite gathered to pay tribute to a man whom their society - albeit in another epoch - destroyed.

A week-long festival was held to honour Solomon Mikhoels, the Yiddish actor and director, who was considered the tinest Russian performer of Shakespeare of his generation.

Fifty years ago Mikhoels, the founder of the Bolshevik-era State Jewish Theatre, was run down by a car driven by the secret police, who murdered him on the orders of Stalin. January's festival was therefore seen as both celebration and communal repentance.

The resurgence of Jewish culture is everywhere evident. Promising Jewish writers - who once had to type out their work furtively as "samizdat" are now widely published. The Shalom Theatre stages musical performances with Yiddish lyrics. Displays of Davidic dances, an ancient form of Jewish dancing, have returned to St Petersburg, "It is our responsibility to enable our Jewish people to return to consciousness, to find their historical orientation," says Roman Spector, a former dissidentwho now heads the Congress of Ethnic Minorities in Moscow.

ish writing, and saw the beginnings of a blossoming in the arts. "Young people were just bombarding, me with stories, poems, ideas and essays," he recalls, "Seven decades of isolation is a long time. You can feel the energy. of deprivation."

The upsurge has been pushed forward by the growth of Jewish education. Moscow, with a Jewish population of 3(0)000-500,000, has seven Jewish secondary schools and four higher education establish-

none. It would be wrong to assume, though, that this starburst of activity suddenly erupted when the USSR collapsed in 1991. Its beginnings are subtler. For years, the Communists sought to distract attention from their grossly discriminatory practices - including job quotas, and bugging, beating and jailing of Jewish activists by bragging about the broad range of nationalities among

their artists. Some Jews became



Boris Berezovsky and Vladimir Gusinsky: Jews In -upper echelons of power

In the early Ninetics, Spec celebrities, although the price tool for Soviet propaganda. Mithoels was used by the Kremlin as a cultural mouthpiece until Stalin turned on him. Among the most renowned

performers was the stand-up comedian Arkady Raykin, who died in 1992 after dominating Russian satire for 40 years. But his fame was not without problems. There was a notorious occasion in Ukraine when someone in the audience shouted "zhid" (yid). With considerable courage, he interrupted his show, and demanded to know

who said it. When no one replied, he walked off the stage. For years dewy-eyed Russian war veterans would thump

out the ballads of Iosif Kobzon. Seen as Russia's Frank Sinatra. he remains highly popular, even though he has now joined the State Duma (lower house of parliament). In a sobering reminder of Russia's anti-Semitic streak, he has said he could never occupy the Kremlin itself, even if he wanted to; his Jewish roots rule ont high office.

ment. The amhitious still seek to hide Jewish links: Sergei Kiriyenko, Boris Yeltsin's nominee for prime minister, has changed his name from Sergei Israitelem. But the cultural revival among Russian Jewry is undeniably real, fuelled by a steady return of émigrés. So. too, is its political renaissance, aided by the presence of Jews in the upper echelons of power.

Such views find wide agree-

The most prominent of these are the moguls Boris Berezovsky - one of the strongest forces on Boris Yeltsin - and Vladimir Gusinsky, head of the Russian Jewish Congress. Yet nasty traces of the past still lurk. Anti-Semitic jokes are commonplace, at every level. Russia has witnessed a

growth in reactionary nationalist art, fertilised by a general belief that the country's Slavic culture is being destroyed hy hanal Western culture. Its proponents include Ilya Glazunov, whose works include a painting called Wake up, Russia, showing a muscle-bound young man carrying an automatic weapon in one hand and a New Testament in the other. Although his spelling out, he went further, by depicting a drummer boy with the words "Russia for the Russians" painted on his instrument.

The trend, alas, is also prevalent in politics, especially on the far right. This month Vladimir Zhirinovsky, the outspoken and popular ultranationalist leader, made an hour-long speech in which he hlamed Jews for starting the Second World War. No one was remotely surprised.



In harmony: Boris Yeltsin's wife, Naina, (centre) being applauded for her performance on the Japanese harp at a hotel in Kawana yesterday, as Kumiko Hashimoto (left), wife of Japan's Prime Minister, joins in

# Yeltsins make friends in Japan

Boris Yeltsin and Ryutaro Hashimoto, the Japanese Prime Minister, ended a summit yesterday that kept an improvement in relations between their countries on track but left unsolved a territorial dispute left over from the Second World War.

The summit showed that the Russian President. 67, who has often been written off as too old, ill and out of touch to lead his country, is still a force to be reckoned with. Nor did Mr Yeltsin's aides have to scramble to correct any gaffes.

The two leaders kept momentum going in trying to solve the territorial issue over the Kurile islands, north of the Japanese island of Hokkaido, which Soviet forces captured at the end of the war. The two sides put forward a proposal formally to end the old bostilities by signing a peace treaty by 2000. Such a treaty has been held up for 53 years by Japan's demand that Russia return the four islands, known in Japan as the Northern Territories.

"In our personal relationship we already have a peace treaty," Mr Yeltsin

### Priests sentenced to death for Rwanda massacre

man Catholic priests to death massacres. for organising the execution of 2,000 people during the 1994 minority.

message scarcely needed be crushed to death by hulldozers.

> Jean François Kayiranga and Edouard Nkurikiye are the first clergy members to be convicted of offences connected with the state-sponsored massacres. which resulted in the deaths of about half a million Tutsis.

Apart from the killings at Nyange, the two priests, believed to belong to the Hutu majority, were charged with involvement in another "church massacre" in Nyundo, 10 miles east of the border town of Gisenyi, although it

KIGALI (AP) — A court in was not clear from radio reports Rwanda has sentenced two Ro- what role they played in the

Priests and church officials in Rwanda are known to have genocide of the country's Tutsi collaborated with the Hutu militants who perpetrated the mas-The Tussis had sought shel- sacres in 1994, often luring that the Church shared moral the carnage, although he has Tussi rebels ousted a Hutu-led ter in a Catholic church, only to people to seek shelter in churches and then leaving them to the killers.

Sentence was passed on the among the people, and then clergymen by a court in Kibuye. 45 miles west of the capital, Kigali, Radio Rwanda said.

Frederic Mutagwera, head of Rwanda's Bar Association, said the convictions were evidence "The priests were preaching played a role in the genocide da has convicted more than 300

they took up machetes to slaughter people." he said. That is the moral responsibility of the Church."

The Pope has issued no apology for the Church's role in responsibility for the genocide. said those in the Church who government. Since then, Rwan-

About half of Rwanda's 7.2 million people are Catholic. The Anglican Church, whose members are a minority in Rwanda, has apologised for its silence during the genocide.

The killings stopped when peace, unity and harmony should face the consequences, people on genecide charges.



0800 769 2222

# INDEPENDENT

WIN a fabulous weekend break at Ockenden Manor in West Sussex



Take part in our unique competition and you could be enjoying a luxurious and revitalising weekend break at Ockenden Manor, a beautiful Elizabethan manor in Cuclefold Cuckfield, a charming Tudor village, with views over the South Downs.

Set in 9 acres of beautiful formal and Informal gardens, Ockenden Manor exudes comfort and charm. Each individually furnished bedroom is named after the two families who have owned the house since 1520 and this personal touch is reflected in thoughtful details such as fresh flowers and log fires.

Your prize would include nights luxury accommodation for two in a superior double/twin full English cs, candlelic breakfasts, candlelit dinners in the awardwinning restaurant plus liqueurs with coffee and chocolates as you retire.

The prize must be taken by 31/10/98.

To enter this competition simply dial the number below answer the following question on line and leave your name, address and contact

Name the infamous Tudor King who was renowned for transforming the English church?

0930 563 564

Ockenden Manor is offering

independent readers a special rate of £85 per person, per night which full English breakfast and dinner in the restaurant with complimentary chocolates and liqueurs. This offer is based on two sharing o double/twin room for a min two night stay. Valid until 30/6/98, subject to availability. To book call Ockenden Manor hotel on 81444 416111, mentioning The independent reader offer.



COMPUTER SYSTEMS

Sides Lines Oner (Errolla) - Filoso 830am-7 (Com. Securita) \$46am-5.00;

Offers end 2nd May

# The computer too weird for Einstein

Quantum maths could bring the next giant leap forward in programming, says Charles Arthur

THE problem with modern computers is that they're so slow - and also that their potential for improvement is solimited. This may not seem obvious as you gaze at machines running at hundreds of megahertz - that is, performing hundreds of millions of instructions every second - hut to computer scientists, it's a source of real frustration.

What's more, as modern trends in miniaturisation continue, in about 20 years microprocessors will simultaneously hit many physical limits: a transistor will be one atom wide, a memory cell will have just one electron per bit, and the cost of the factory to make it will equal the economic output of the planet. (Worse sull, it probably won't employ us all.)

Some scientists are seeking the answers by trying to design "quantum computers" which simultaneously use the properties of atomic nuclei and of cups of coffee. And carlier this month new research showed that they are moving towards a breakthrough that could be as significant as the invention of the transistor 51 years ago.

Quantum computers are an exciting prospect. If you could huild one, it would be exponentially faster than a classieal computer on some problems. Take the problem of finding the factors of a 100-digit number - something that number theorists find interesting, as do hanks and secutity agencies, because such numbers form the basis of

modern cryptography. Finding such a number's factors would take a conventional supercomputer about 10° years; a bit slow, when you consider that the universe has only existed for 10" years.

However, on a quantum computer using as many mol-

Elizabethan manor in Cuckfield, a charming

Tudor village, with views

Set in 9 acres of beautiful

formal and informal gardens, Ockenden Manor

exudes comfort and charm. Each individually

furnished bedroom is

named after the two

families who have owned

the house since 1520 and

this personal touch is

reflected in thoughtful

decails such as fresh

Your prize would include

two nights luxury accommodation for two in

a superior double/twin

full

dinners in the award-

winning restaurant plus

liqueurs with coffee and

breaklasts.

English

candlelit

flowers and log fires.

over the South Downs.

ecules as comfortably fit in a coffee mug, you could find the answer in about 20 minutes.

Why does it take the conventional machine so long? Because it attacks the sum head-on, trying first one answer, then the next, then the next. In the microptocessor, data is stored as discrete bits - zeroes and ones. Each overall collection of bits is described as a "state"; the machine progresses from one state to the next, according to preset algorithms. Finally, it arrives at a state which matches the the answer. If reaching that has taken centuries of calculation - tough.

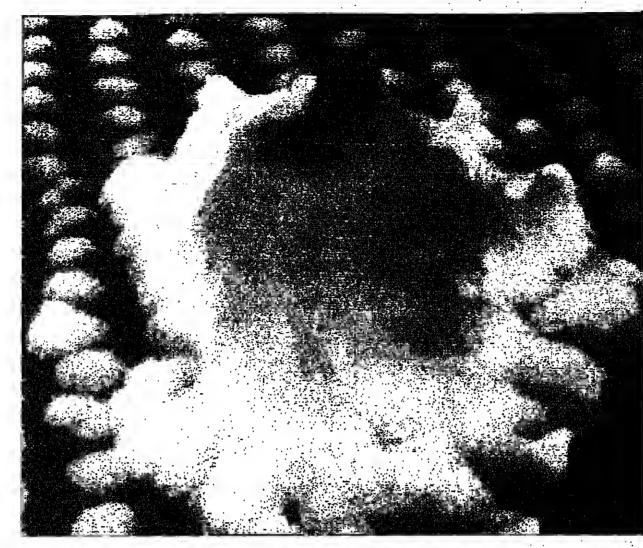
However, in 1985 the physicist Richard Feynmann proposed another approach entirely; use the bizarre behaviour of the quantum world. where every calculation is performed simultaneously. Set up your quantum computer, and it will find the correct answer in a fraction of the time that a conventional one will,

How? According to the mathematics that Feynann developed in his most insightful work, on the theories of quantum chromodynamics (QCD) and quantum electrodynamics (QED) - about what happens in the quantum world of electrons, neutrons, protons, muons and the other inhabitants of the world we cannot see - a quantum particle doesn't just cross a room. It follows every possible path across the room, with ghost electrons tracing uncountable numbers of paths to reach the destination where you, the observer, detect the arrival of

So, Feymann suggested. why not use that quantum properly to hulld a computer? It would explore the many computational states that a conventional machine does. but simultaneously. It would arrive at the answer as quickly as you could pose the problem and measure the output.

All that's required is to store hits using particles instead of transistors. Your quantum bits - "qubits" could be defined by the "spin" of a proton, say, which can be "up" or "down" - like the 0 and I of a conventional com-

The neat thing about your



Computer future: A scanning tunnelling micrograph of gold atoms aggregated on a granite substrate. In a few years the working 'parts' of computers will be no bigger than this Photograph: Philippe Plailly/Science Photo Library

that instead of being stuck as 0 or 1, your qubits are simultaneously 0 and 1 - they are "superposed" in that state, until

you measure them. It was this aspect of the quantum world that Albert Einstein found so frustrating. leading to his complaint that "God does not play dice": he was sure that the particles must be in one state or the other. Yet until somebody "observes" them, they are in neither state...

Say your quantum computer consists of two nuclei: each nucleus has its own spin, so you have two qubits. That means there are four possible states tup-up. up-down, down-up. down-down); so your two-qubit machine can find the solution to a problem with four possible

With three qubits, there are eight possible states. With 32, there are 4 billion possible states - all superposed, all available simultaneously to find the answer to the problem you set. But, you say, tackling the factors of a 160-digit number requires something with 10" states. That's time - all it takes is 333 qubits. That means 333 molecules - and there's no

THE trials of waiting for a bus

are often made worse by two

things - even apart from the

bloke with the noisy Walkman

who insists on standing next to

you. First, they always seem to

arrive in groups of three, with

each delegation interspersed by

huge delays. Second, if the

route in the other direction

passes on the other side of the

read, there are always more

buses going that way. Why?

do have a real basis in life, as

is explained in a new book

called Why Do Bases Come In

Turces? by Rob Eastway and

of buses does not, despite what

you might think, lie with the bus

company or even the orr ers. It

bus company sends its buses out

at regular intervals to journey

around a fixed set of stops.

Times will have been arranged

withat the arrival times for dif-

ferent stops caters for variations

But the passengers are not

so thoughtful. They arrive at bus-

stops essentially at random.

That means that at some point

on the route there will come a

point where there is a burst of

onstenders who all want to get

on. The bus trying to pick them

up will be slowed drava feven

in traffic.

Why? Being sensible, the

is with us, the passengers.

The blame for the bunching

Jeremy Wyndham.

Such everyday observations

quantum machine though is shortage of those. A cup of cof- other that of a carbon atom, fee, for example, contains about 10<sup>™</sup> molecules.

> So all you have to do is set your quantum computer up and, crucially, ensure that you don't "observe" the qubits before your calculation is complete - because the act of observation destroys the superposition. Many efforts are

both in a molecule of chloro-

Of course, they couldn't isolate a single molecule in their beaker.

Instead, they focussed on groups of molecules, which stood out by having an excess of one spin value or the other. This excess is about 1 in a mil-

In about 20 years microprocessors will 1 and 1. Next, they are looking if hit many physical limits: a transistor will be one atom wide, a memory cell will have just one electron per bit

underway to develop real quantum computers. The latest success has come from the team of Neil Gershenfeld of the Massachusetts Institute of Technolony (MIT) and Isaac Chuang of IBM's Almaden Research Center in San Jose, California.

In work reported in the journal Physical Review Letters, they have demonstrated a two-qubit quantum computer: one qubit was the

lion - sufficient to pick out using nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR), the super-sensitive technique that puts molecules into a magnetic field and aims pulses of radio waves at them.

Depending on the arrangement of their spins, the molecules react in different ways. These groups of molecules acted like multiple copies of a single quantum computer: by manipulating the NMR pulses nucleus of a hydrogen atom, the to "instruct" them or "interro-

machine that could find the factors of 15. That might make it sound as though quantum machines the size of your hand which can crack codes in instants are cen-

turies away. But don't forget that the first transistor was a huge object which took years to build - but that now, the transistor is the cheapest and smallest consumer item on earth. with 6 million fitting on a chip that costs about £60. Quantum computers could yet have their

gate" them, enough of the

groups would work in concert

to function as a working system.

effort required to synthesize the

two-ouhit machine was heroic.

And after all that, it was only

about to answer, in effect, two

questions about one of four

numbers - like saying "Which of 1, 2, 3 and 4 is odd and

greater than 2?" If that sounds

modest, their first machine -

built in 1997-managed to add

to huild larger machines: they

have their sights on a ten-qubit

They succeeded, though the

For more information and references on quantum computing,

try http://feynman.stanford.edu |qcomp|NMRQC|nmrqc.html

## Raspberry seeds/Space junk/Green grass/Boot origins/Optical info

Questions for this column may be submitted via e-mail to sci.net@campus.bt.com

Q How many seeds does a raspberry have! A raspberry flower has numerous carpels arranged in a spiral, and every carpel has two ovules in it. The fruit is a compound structure and every drupelet (the succulent, lumpy hit) in It has a single seed. The actual number of seeds will depend both on the size of the whole compound fruit and on the size of the individual drupelets/fruitlets that comprise it. So a large fruit with many small drupelets will have many more seeds that a small fruit with a few large drupelets. Ona reasonably vigorous plant with medium-sized fruits there will be about 50 seeds/drupelets.

Q How much rubbish is there floating in space? The bits of old satellites and rockets that orbit the Earth are a serious problem. There are about 7,000 major objects orhiting the Earth and only about 100 of them are still working. There are also 40,000 smaller hits and pieces, mainly debris of exploded rockets. Then there are over three million particles, such as flakes of paint, specks of insulation and exhaust tumes. The Mir space station and the Space Shuttle have been hit by flakes of paint which have - at a speed of 18,000mph plus - pitted the windows. Collisions with "space junk" are now a hazard for satellites, rockets and astronauts

Q Why is grass green? Grass is full of a substance called chlorophyll, which plants use to convert light into energy. Sunlight is composed of many different colours: the chlorophyll absorbs all of it except the green wavelengths, which are reflected back to your eye so you perceive grass as green. As long as the plant is living and healthy, it should remain green.

Q When was the wellington boot invented? Legend has it that the wellington boot was specifically invented for the Duke of Wellington, but it is more likely he just popularised the style. The first wellington hoots were leather and used at the Battle of Waterloo in 1815. The first company to sell rubber wellies started in 1865, hut in 1857 Mr Lochigton patented a boot made of rubber and leather.

Q Do badgers hibernate? No - they even give birth in January.

Q Why does salt make you thirsty?

When salt crystals, which have a very orderly structure, get the chance to dissolve in water they take it - because the level of disorder (or "entropy") increases when the crystals becomes disordered ions in water. The drop in entropy when salt dissolves is much greater than for many other things so salt preferentially takes water from other chemicals or states. Thus salt in your mouth or stomach sucks water from your bloodstream. This triggers sensors in the hrain, which alert you that there's less water in your blood circulation. In other words, you feel thirsty.

Q How is the information that reaches the eyes transmitted to the brain?:

The photoreceptor cells are linked to a set of nerve cells in the retina, called bipolar cells. These link with a second type of nerve cell called ganglion cells - whose axons take information from the eyes to the brain. The ganglion cells are hundled together to form the optic nerve.

We cannot see an object whose image falls on the retina at the point where the optic nerve leaves the eye. It contains no receptor cells, so any light striking this small area is not picked up. This is why we call it the blind spot.

You can also visit the technoquest World Wide Web site at http://www.sciencenet.org.uk

Questions and answers provided by Science Line's Dial-a-Scientist on 0345 600444

#### THEORETICALLY

virus that causes AIDS, mayhead straight for the gut early on in infection - which could mean that research into ways to fight it has been looking in the wrong place. According to new research published in Science, tests on . monkeys show that STV, their version of HIV, destroys immune cells in the intestines first, before it goes on to the

blood and the lymph glands. Andrew Lackner, Ronald Desrosiers and colleagues at Harvard Medical School said their finding could solve one of the big mysteries of HIV: researchers have long suspected that it "hides out" somewhere in the body, gathering strength, before launching an all-out assault on the immune system. But where? Most had looked at the lymph glands and peripheral blood systems. The Harvard ream injected macaques with SIV and checked for signs of infection. Within a week, the virus had depleted the CD4 immone cells in the intestines, they found. They stayed down for months.

"In marked contrast. there were minimal changes in the percentage of CD4 lymphocytes in the blood, spicen and lymph nodes from these same animals at the same time points." they wrote. "Also, there were more virus-infected cells in the intestine than in the peripheral lymphoid tissues."

That Harvard team is the same one that wants to try a "live" HIV vaccine on human volunteers. But though their announcement made many headlines around the world,

IS HIV this sneaky? The and though they do have the volunteers (including some in England), the National Institutes of Health is against it. saying it is too dangerous. A "live" vaccine uses the actual virus, but in n geneticallymodified form that is believed to be too weak to replicate inside the body.

> Testing has started on rats for a cocaine vaccine that would stop users getting a high from the drug. Biotech company Immul.ogic's idea is that the vaccine will induce antibodies that will recognize cocaine: if the patient then takes cocaine, the antibody hinds to the drug and cocaine can't get into the patient's hrain. Result, no high and an emptier wallet.

The ImmuLogic vaccine is synthesized from a derivative of cocaine, which is attached to an unnamed protein and to alum, a chemical commonly used in vaccines.

Barbara Fox, the company's head of immunology, said the vaccine had shown good results in rats. But will it stop the rats hanging around on the streets?

Bunsen burners can melt steel, if you tweak them correctly, even though they can't ordinarily melt copper. British inventors Drax Torches have remodelled the ordinary lab bench model so that it preheats the gas and air, lights it and then concentrates it in a more intense flame. The big advantage? Propage fuel is 20 times cheaper than acetylene making this an ideal application for scrap working in developing countries

WIN a fabulous weekend break at Ockenden Manor in West Sussex

INDEPENDENT



Take part in our unique The prize must be taken by 31/10/98. competition and you could be enjoying a luxurious and revitalising weekend nreak at Ockenden Manor. a beautiful

To enter this competition simply dial the number helow answer the answer following question on line and leave your name, address and contact

Name infamous Tudor King who was renowned for transforming the English church?

0930 563 564

Ockenden Monor is offering Independent readers a special rate of £85 per person, per night which includes luxury accommodation, full English breakfast and dinner in the restaurant with complementary chocolates and liqueurs. This offer is based on two sharing a double/twin room for a minimum two night stay. Velic until 30/5/98, subject to availability. To book call Ockenden Monor hotel on 01444 416111, mentioning The Independent reader offer.

chocolates as you retire. Call, tops (Chi see minute as \$4 minute. Wheneve secured as resistent after finer inforce 24 April 1995). Usual Independent Stownphore rules topally. Solver's decision is final.

#### TELL ME ABOUT Why buses always come in threes...



if it has a conductor). The hus behind it will start to eatch up. Because the first bus has been slowed, more people have the chance to arrive at the stops further up the route. The first bus is slowed down even more. Eventually, the second hus catches up, because the first bus has been "sweeping" the route clean. Even if the second hus then overtakes the first, it

will run into the passengers that

the delayed first bus would

have picked up. It gets slowed down too. Stopping either bus (to create a proper gap) isn't practical ~ that annoys the passengers (sorty, "customers")

All these delays mean that any third has on the route will start catching up the other pair. With a long enough route, you'll eventually find a parade of three buses towards the end.

And why is it that there are

Technology Editor more buses going in the other

Why Do Buses Come In Threes? is published 30 April by Robson Books, price £12.95.

tice them when you're waiting

for yours. Once you're on board

yout bus, you stop looking for

those coming in the other di-

rection - apart perhaps to no-

Charles Arthur, Science and

tice another group of three.

# talks for the best for free

Parents can face difficult choices when the state school near home isn't 'good enough', says Jack O'Sullivan

AS STATE schools reopen this week, expect mild hysteria to be breaking out in some quarters. If you haven't found a good school for your child for the next academic year, you are in trouble.

The problem is a dire shortage of good school places. It's acute around the country, notably in Bristol, Kingston-upon-Thames and Hertfordshire, But the situation is particularly bad in London. What do you do if you want a state education for your child when, down at the local comprehensive, only a minority manage what was five O level passes in the old

It's a problem that has not just prenecupied Tony Blair and half. the Cabinet. It is also the chief topic of conversation among legions of left-leaning parents, keen to back state education and save cellent reputation. themselves the thousands of . "We're privileged in being able

plant

spent years agonising about the is-sue," says Rohert Rider, who has three children under ten.

"They are in primary school in Islington and there have been lots of reports of problems with secondary schools either of an academic nature or because of bullying or some other issue. Additionally it difficult to find a mixed secondary. We left last year and I'm glad we did. In the final year of primary school, year six, when they are ten coming up to 11, everyone starts to panic.

Mr Rider, a film programme consultant at the Barbican, is a lifelong Labour party member. His wife, Sue teaches in a state school. "We are committed to the state system," says Robert, "We couldn't afford private education even if we wanted to use it."

Finding the right area was not easy. The few good comprehensives in London are in such demand that they have tiny catchment areas. Some families lie or borrow the address of friends. Others rent a house nearby and return home only when their child is safely ensconced.

The Riders moved house to Muswell Hill, inside the catchment area of Fortismere School, a mixed state comprehensive with an ex-

The Riders moved. "We have drastic action. They have abantrain into a bleak part of London,"



Crossing town: Sue Ostmo sends her children Chloe, 17, and Julian, 9, to schools far from their home in Stoke Newington Photograph: Kalpesh Lathigra

doned London to educate Max, 12, William, 9, and Oscar, 6. Outside the catchment area for good comprehensives, they dismissed trying the few selective secondaries, such as Latymer in outer London, which choose children by highly e examinatio ternative. And And an option of the Anna Menderson and Edward over the capital. "It can be a one-Mawby have taken even more and a half hour journey by bus and

says Jane Henderson. They moved to Lewes, five miles from the Sussex coast, home to a large bohemian, artistic community, with little cash, but lots of academic as-

The reputation of the two main School and Ringmer - is responsible for a large exodus of middleaged professionals from London. We never wanted to spend that

huge amount of money on schooling," says Jane Henderson. "But we might have been pushed into it. We wouldn't sacrifice our children's education to be politically correct and keep them in state schools."

The flight from the capital is repeated many times over with families typically heading for places like Oxford, Cambridge and other twee market towns. But, it is not always a success. Julia Hill and her three children, aged 10, 7, and 4, left Haringey in north London 18 months ago and settled in north

Her target was Cherwell, a highly-regarded comprehensive. She still thinks that she has made the right choice, but with one proviso. She wishes she had delayed it for a couple of years to benefit from London's good education for younger children. "There is no proper funding or subsidy for play groups in my area, whereas in Haringey the facilities were brilliant," says Ms Hill. "At the age of ten, my daughter finds herself in a school of 600, with 160 other ten year olds. The staff seem ineffectual and it's much harder to get attention for special needs. Looking hack now, the teachers in her old school had an almost messianic feel about them in their ability to inspire and enthuse."

So is there nn alternative to moving? One answer is to make your children do the travelling. Sue Ostmo sent her daughter Chice to Larymer School in the Edmonton their inner city home in Stoke Newington.

"She could avail herself of fantastic orchestras. learn Latin and

\*

To get into a the desired school some families lie or borrow the address of friends

Greek, and generally enjoy a much broader range of subjects." says her mother, a single parent. The expectation is that the children will do well. I was looking for a school which could help to be another parent. A school which a young person really wanted to go to." But there was a price to pay. Every day, a walk to the railway station, then a train journey across London and another walk at the other end. And your friends don't live just around the corner.

Last year, Chloe, now 17, gave up her train journey and switched to a sixth-form college. But even then, the family could not find anything suitable locally. So she cycles across town to north-west London.

Meanwhile, Sue Ostmo has had to remove her youngest child Julian, 9, from the local junior school, because his reading is so poor that she fears he would have no chance of winning a place at 11 either at a selective secondary or a good independent school. So Julian is driven everyday to a better state school several miles away in The hope is that h eventually pass the exam for Latymer.

The circus of moving house or children has proved 100 much for Sharon Plant, an independent arts consultant and her husband. Steven Penny, director of a sales promotions company.

She and her husband, who live in Islington, considered putting their son. Jack. 11. and daughter, Ruby, 9, up for exams at London's selective secondaries.

"I lost interest when I discovered that they would have a walk. a bus and train ride and then another walk. For an 11-year-old in the dark September term that seemed such hard work. In any case, the schools we were interested each had more than 2,000 applicants - for 180 places in one, 90 in the other. Jack could have been the brightest child, but had a cold that day and failed."

Their solution? The one being taken by many. even left-wing, parents who can scrape together the money. They have gone private, paying nearly £7,000 a year for Jack to attend Forest School in Walthamstow. "We would have preferred them to stay in the state sector," she says. "We weren't expecting much, not swimming pools, just decent O and A level grades. We were both educated in good state schools. Sadly the local area had nothing to





From 'wacky beer' to St George's Day ...evry Monday a quirky look at the week ahead

#### Taking the biscuit

World Cup hype really gets going in earnest this week with the launch of Sainsbury's range of cup goodies. The chain, which apparently has an exclusive arrangement with the Football Association making it "The Official England Supermarket", is introducing World Cup ginger bread men, soccer sausages and a host of other patriotic goodies, including world cup toilet roll. The white lavatory paper features the official England kit and a spokeswoman claims it is of the finest and softest quality. At the other end of the scale, designer Louis Vuitton, best known for hand-bags and luggage, is launching a £280 designer foothall made from the highest quality leather. The company reckons the special-edition balls will become collector's items.

Beating the cheats From one great sporting event to the next,

the London Marathon takes place at the weekend. This year, all contenders are being forced to wear a hitech microchip on their shoes. The device. appropriately named the Champion Chlp, will he read each time the runner passes over mats that have been strategically placed at various points along the route. Organisers claim the idea is to allow have regular

record time of every competitor. But cynics have put a more sinister interpretation on their introduction. The real truth behind the chips, they belleve, is to put an end to the devious antics of the marathon cheat. These are the naughty people who start the race, then sneak off to the pub for a few hours before ordering a cab to within a mile of the finish line and sprinting to the end with a smug grin on their face.

#### Celebrate by George!



One man who would surely never have stooped to such underhand tacties is the valiant St George who celebrates his special day on Thursday. In recent years poor George has been the victim of great neglect with barely a glass being raised in his honour anywhere. But this year, the English Tourist Board promises, our patron saint will get the celebration he deserves. St George's day, they suggest, will be big enough to make St Patrick's day seem like a funeral. So what, you may wonder, have they organised? A nationwide network of street parties, boasting extravagant daneing, a feast of traditional cuisine and barrel loads of England's finest ales? Err..no. There's a "name the dragon" tournament on the Humber Bridge, a dragon poem comperition in Coalville and a tea and coffee morning with dragon biscuits at levbridge.

#### Spliffing brew

The annual Pnb. Club and Leisure Show at London's Olympia promises much. much more with the lannch of a new nle called "wacky beer." The first beverage of its

kind, it is made from the hemp plant but its makers insist it is totally legal because it comes from the male species and not the "naughty" female one. Although it hoasts no mind-altering properties beyond the tradi-

tional

ones associated with been it is apparently very healthy and contains lots of vitamins absent from more traditional brands.

# Winning a church school place would be heavenly

Paddy Burt thought: wooing her vicar was the sure-fire way to ensure C of E education

WHEN you've been brought up as a nice, middle-class girl, the chances are you'll rebel. I don't regret my revolts or hating my snobby girls' day school, though I still remember the indignation I felt at not being allowed to bring home any girls my mother deemed suitable. She meant scholarship girls.

So it wasn't surprising that when it was time for my own daughter to leave her cosy local primary, the last thing I wanted for her was a posh girls' school.

Comprehensives seemed the answer, yet a comprehensive had different drawbacks. A colleague, who had sent her son to the local mixed one, reported a conversation she'd has with his maths teacher on open night. "I've seen your son only once this term," he said. She discovered he had been truanting regularly, only no one had told her.

What I wanted was for my daughter to mix with all kinds of children but, no. I did not want her to mix with fearaways. There raust, I reasoned, be a grown-up version of her local Church of England primary. A state school with Latur on the seliabus! And although the school's philosophy was essentially Christian, even L as a committee non-Christian, could see the religious element was the opposite of oppressive.

As we trawled round the variout secondary schools, we discovered the only ones run along disciplined lines were CoE schools. I even began to wonder not be twinkling at me quite so slightly desperately if there was conciling to Christianity after all. Isu there was a catch. Unlike CoE a fule that puois and their fami- an's house in the next street. I had school in the private sector. primaries, O.E secondaries have

aside by assuming that, when the time came. I would be able to charm a vicar into signing a form saying we were regulars.

The dream of the perfect, nonelitist school eventually materialised. Greycoat Hospital in Westminster was a 300-year-old CoE girls' comprehensive with a strict headmistress who insisted on streaming, Latin, and school uniform. (Newadays the school admits 15 girls who have passed a language test which exempts them from having to prove they're practising Christians; Harriet Harman has just got her Il-year-old daughter accepted via this route).

The following Sunday 1 dragged my husband and daughter along to the parish church in the high street with the aim of asking the vicar when the time came to fill in the form. Later, over the tinkling of coffee cups, the vicar asked if I would read next Sunday's lesson. He must have seen the

> What I wanted was for my daughter to mix with all kinds of children, but not with tearaways

hunted look in my eyes because he tried to jolly me along - perhaps he assumed I was nervous? Guilt assailed me, but there was only one answer: yes.

After that, I read the lesson regularly and prayed for a belief in God to swoop down from heaven and convince me, yet how hard with a vicar whose name was Brian and whose eyes, I felt, should roguishly behind his spees.

Three months later, the school asked for the proof of attendance form. Clutching it. I went to Bri-

lies must attend church regularly. come to like him and this only in-I hrushed this stumbling block creased my sense of guilt. Looking at the form, he solemnly said: "You've been coming to us for six months haven't yon?" and as I fumbled for a reply with a modicum of truth to it, he winked.

I was shaken rigid. This was a vicar, a holy man, who was aware that six months wasn't the same as three. I thanked him and fled. Perhaps feeling he had done his hit and deserved something in return, Brian mentioned to the deacon that I was a jonrualist and I was invited to an evening with the deaconess at her house on the common. There, f found myself agreeing to write various pieces, including interviewing a bishop, for

Well, I interviewed the bishop and it was a success. Having now done something positive 10 contribute, I knew it was time to extricare myself. I wrote to Brian... explaining how I had hoped that coming to his church would inspire me with a belief in God, but that it hadn't worked out. I was sorry, I said, and wished that things had turned out differently.

God got his revenge. I deserved it, but my daughter, who had settled into her new school, didn't. Her headmistress became ill and within six months, was dead. She was replaced by her deputy who abolished streaming. The school went downhill. 'A new headmistress was appointed, a fat lady who wore black leather miniskirts and was sacked for having an affair with one of the school governors. It was all in the News of the World.

By now my daughter had become as bolshie as I had once been, despising the school friends I liked being best friends with those I couldn't stand and becoming a dedicated clubber at 14. arriving home by minicab at four in the morning.

As for those high-minded principles I'd nurtured about her mixing with all kinds of children. those went. We got her into a



Moving out: Jane Henderson and Edward Mawby moved to Lewes for better schooling for their children (left to right) Max, 12, Oscar, 6, and William, 9 Photograph: Andrew Hasson

# INDEPENDENT

EDITOR: ROSIE BOYCOTT: EDITOR IN CHIEF: ANDREW MARK DEPUTY EDITOR: CHRIS BLACKHURST ADDRESS, 1 CANADA SQUARE, CANARY WHARF, LONDON E14 5DL TELEPHONE 0171 293 2000 OR 0171 345 2000 FAX: 0171 293 2435 OR 0171 345 2435 THE REDEFENDENT OF THE INTERNET, WWW.INDEPENDENT.CO.UK

# Opening up the party war chests

PHYLLIS BOWMAN seems an unlikely heroine for liberals. She founded the Society for the Protection of the Unborn Child and now, in her seventies, continues to press her monochrome moral view on the world. New evidence that focuses can "learn" at 20 weeks old? Call Mrs Bowman to say that abortion is wrong. The Prime Minister spotted going to Mass? Call Mrs Bowman to condemn him as a hypocrite for voting 13 times against restricting abortion.

But two months ago, she won a court victory that should matter to all liberals, and to liberal democracy itself. The issue - unlikely though it may seem - is that of party funding, currently the subject of an inquiry by Lord Neill's committee on standards in public life. She had been prosecuted after the 1992 election for distributing leaflets setting out the position an abortion of all the candidates in Halifax. It is a criminal offence for anyone not authorised by a party agent to spend more than £5 during a general election campaign to promote a particular candidate.

She claimed her right to free speech had been infringed, and took her case to Strasbourg. Now, six years after the "crime" was committed, the court has ruled that British electoral law contravenes the European Convention on Human Rights. Article 10 guarantees the right to freedom of expression. which "shall include freedom to hold opinions and to receive and impart information and ideas without interference by public authority".

Now this rather puts the cut among the pigeons of easy liberal assumptions. Just before the Bowman verdict, The Independent congratulated Lord Neill for advocating a national limit on election spending by parties and for his robust dismissal of the many practical objections.

Now the Bowman case requires a rethink about the principle. If it is wrong - and it is - to stop a lone SPUC activist from putting leaflets through all the doors in Halifax calling Alice Mahon, the pro-choice Labour candidate who won the seat, a baby-murderer, then it is wrong to stop any individual or group from campaigning for or against any candidate or party. And then the idea of a limit on election spending becomes unenforceable. Because it would be wrong to prevent a third party, such as SPUC or the Transport and General Workers or the Tony Blair Fan Club, from spending money to support or oppose candidates or parties, but at legal arms length from them.

To impose limits on either giving or receiving money will only result in a political system like the American one, which has complex rules limiting direct donations, but which is not noticeably free from the corrosive effects of big money, "Political action committees" would spring up to receive excess donations and to spend them on the causes the donors first thought of, but technically outside the control of the parties.

This week, the Neill committee will take evidence from Martin Bell, whose views on cleaning up politics we generally support - indeed, it would be a forgiveable mistake to think he had been elected to Parliament under this newspaper's colours. But when he proposes that no party should be allowed to receive more than £20,000 from any one individual, company or trade union, the committee should stop and think of Mrs Bowman.

The committee should go hack to first principles. It only exists because British politics had been poisoned by the fact that voters did not know where much of the money was coming from. Therefore, people did not know if government policy might have been bought, or if favours might be being

Lord Neill has already decided what should be done about that: a han on loteign donations, and anyone who makes a political donation of more than £1.00% should be identified, and identified immediately.

That alone is a very great change, which will do much to wash away the cyalcism which has disfigured politics in this country. But the committee should recognise that it has been side-tracked by the issue of campaign spending limits. The red herring was introduced by Mr Blair, when he was tripped up on the involuntary premature disclosure of Bernie Ecclestone's | PETER TATCHELL £1m donation. He claimed innocently that he had been forced to prostifute nimself to rich husiness people to secure a "level playing the Labour Party, which had always been outspent in the past by the Conservatives, able to pull down huge sums of money from assorted fugitives. foreigners and fraudsters.

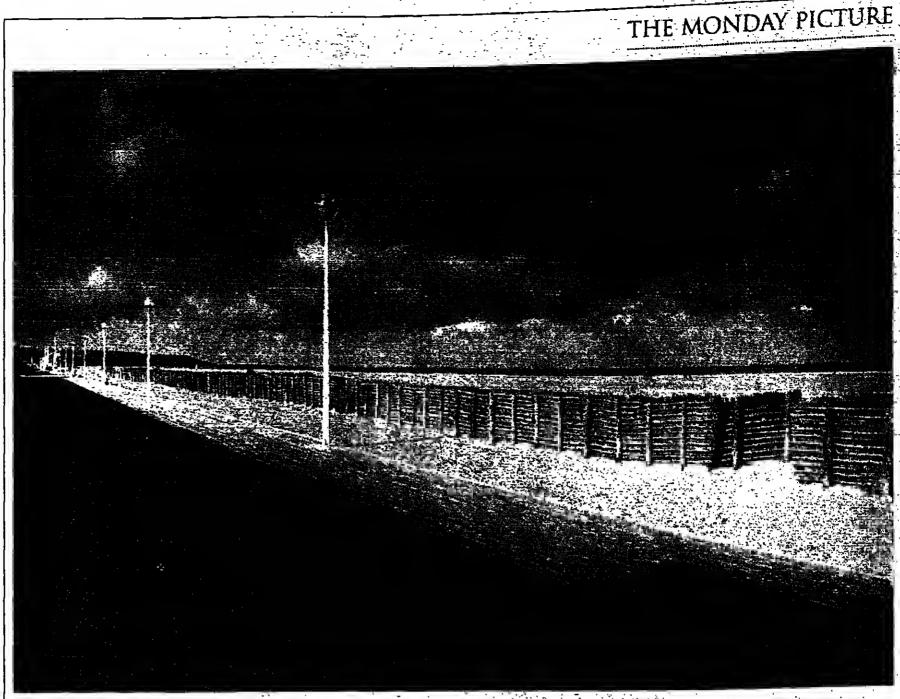
It is indeed untair that a party which has historically advanced the interests of poorer people should be poorer than one which has tended to do better by the rich. But trying to cap giving and spending is not only illiberal. as Mrs Bowman has demonstrated, it will not help, as the American example shows. The only comfort for Labour is that many rich people's millions were utterly wasted last year putting up silly posters of weeping lions.

The best guard against the emergence of a culture of corporate government is transparency. As long as we all know where the money is coming from, all the pressures in the system will be against vested interests and in favour of a better, more accountable democracy.

### Fog on the Downs

THE SOUTH DOWNS, the 50 miles of chalk hills that run from Eastbourne to Winchester, are not to be made a National Park after all. As we report today. Countryside Commission officials have decided, and commissioners are expected to rubber-stamp the decision on Thursday, But the decision poses some intriguing questions about countryside policy. Have | morphobia in some, though thankfully the Downs been rejected just because they are not hilly mough? Is it because the landscape is not "natural" enough - that is, wild with sheep on? In which case, why should it, instead, be designated as an Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty? Or perhaps the bureaucrats have a cunning planto protect the Downs from crisp-packet-droppers and car-door picnickers - all too easily attracted by the official NP designation?

Whatever the reason, the countryside needs as much projection as possible and Michael Meacher, the unlikely success as a green minister, should | opposition to the extension of full hutake his courage in both hands and reject the commission's decision.



Late spring: winter beach defences still in place in Deauville, France

Photograph; Brian Harris A 9x 12 print of this photograph can be urdered on 0171-293 2534

#### Gays and the church

JOHN LYTTLE says he cannot un-Post letters to Letters to the Editor and include a daytime telephone number derstand why I bothered protesting Fax 0171 293 2056; e-mail: letters@independent.co.uk E-mail correspondents are against the Archhishop of Canterasked to give a postal address. Letters may be edited for length and clarity. bury's support for anti-gay discrimination ("The new moral army". I6

Far from being irrelevant, as Lyttle suggests, the church helps sustain inequality. Bishops sit in the House a shadowy group of right-wing Chrisof Lords. Not one of them voted for tians, has recently sent packs of inan equal age of consent in 1994. With formation to all MPs in anticipation. of the vote to equalise the age of con-Dr Carey's blessing, church supsent. True, the pack is a pretty thin porters recently succeeded in gruel of bogus "facts", scare-monamending the Human Rights Bill to allow religious institutions to congering and poor hiblical scholarship. tique to discriminate against lesbians which will not. I imagine, impress many of the recipients; but it has heen sent, and sent by Christians.

What angers many of us inside the

church, priests, hishops and lay peo-

ple included, is that the anti-gay

stance adopted by much of the hier-

archy is so ill-informed and hypo-

critical Ill-informed, because it asserts

ing homosexual behaviour is clear-cut,

which manifestly it is not. And hyp-

ocritical, because even if the hiblical

condemnation were clear that is not

the reason for the church's homophobia. While whole swaths of hib-

lical teaching on for instance the status

of women, slavery, the conduct of war,

and the immorality of banking, have

rightly been rejected as no longer rel-

evant, and in some cases repellent, the

few verses of the Bible referring to

homosexual behaviour are given al-

most unique authority simply because

they happen to coincide with the prej-

udices of those who quote them.

ON READING the letters pub-

lished on 15 April concerning the

church and homosexuality I was

struck that although they gave op-

posite opinions on Mr Tatchell's be-

haviour they both originated in the

premise that the church should ac-

the commandment to "love thy neigh-

bour" hut this does not mean love thy

The Rev NEIL DAWSON

St Paul's, Knightsbridge

cept homosexuality.

London SWT

and gay men. When the church abuses its power to deny human rights to others. the victims of Christian oppression are entitled to confront Dr Carey and demand justice.

OutRage!

SORRY that we disrupted your tranquil Easter services, Dr Carey. But you've been disrupting my life daily for quite some time now. You and your followers have been arguing against the civil rights of gays and

lesbians, and it's about time we did

something about it. Lots of otherwise gay-sympathetic Christians seem upset that we would disturb the sanctity of such a religious holiday. I'm much more upset that the Church would disturb the sanctity of my Bible by using Christian rhetoric to further its message of discrimination and intolerance. MELANIE CLOUD

London W7

I SYMPATHISE with John Lyttle, and for that matter Peter Tatchell, in their exasperation with the honot all, sections of the Anglican Church. I'm afraid though that Mr Tatchell's action won't change opinions and it may harden attitudes.

I don't however agree with Mr Lyttle that the attitude of the church is unimportant. The only organised man rights to gay people is from so-

having two husbands?

called Christian groups. For in- far from perfect and the church stance the "Maranatha Community", should love us all as people; homoshould love us all as people; homosexual, heterosexual, puritan and libertine alike, but should not falter from EAMONN O'KANE. being compassionately firm and clearheaded in pointing out where we go wrong and how we should change. JOHN WOMERSLEY. West Down, Devon : : 200 1 1 1

> GEORGE MICHAEL was arrested for lewd behaviour, not for being a homosexual. A straight man should likewise have been stopped. Peter Tatchell was charged with

kfast cereal from the pulnit.

Perhaps what John Lyttle calls the new homophobia" is really the recognition that being part of a minority does not give you the right to behave in ways that would be unacceptable for anyone else. The Rev Dr EDWARD CONDRY

Rugby, Warwickshire

#### Exchange of bile

DAVID AARONOVITCH ("Free the teachers, they're better than their unions". 17April) is entitled to his opinion about Nigel de Gruchy's work as general secretary of the NASUWT. What sticks in the caw, however, is the puerile tone of the personal ahuse.

Aaronovitch's journey from Communist apparatchik in the National Union of Students to spokesman for every fashionable anti-union prejudice has been characterised by a slippery opportunism which stands in stark contrast to the honesty and consistency of Nigel de Gruchy's position.

Unlike Aaronovitch, Nigel de Geoff Hennessy reminded us of Gruchy has a responsibility to represent accurately the views of 170,000 teachers - not for him the neighbour's behaviour. Jesus loved luxury of ingratiating himself with "sinners" but hated "sin". We are all every passing fad of fashionable Menstrie, Central Scotland

opinion. Perhaps it is that principled position which Aaronovitch's bile? Deputy General Secretary NASUWT

I READ with some alarm the heading accompanying your front-page photograph of Pol Pot's body. The most evil man in the world is dead". (17 April). It is unnecessary to make. disrupting a church service, not for such definitive statements on issues being gay. He would have been ar- which are not so conclusively agreed. rested if he had been advertising Is this description the opinioo of the editor, or is it supposed to gauge the you reported, even the King of Cam-

most horrible monsters ever created". assume this most distinguished title ALISTAIR MASON of "most evil man in the world". If Harrogate, North Yorkshire so, are we to be asked for our suggestions, or does the making of such nominations fall solely within JEREMY KING

#### Turn out that light

YOUR correspondent's enthusiasm (Design, 16 April) for the decorative lighting of buildings and other structures is rather alarming. More and more light straying upwards is making it ever harder to see the stars at night. We (and our children) are being increasingly denied the opportunity to gain a first-hand appreciation of our place in the universe, a far deeper experience than that offered by an electricity substation pretending to be a Christmas

#### Turning Japanese?

RICHARD Lloyd Party's overview of the Kurile Islands dispute (18 April) omits one arcane but interesting matter.

The talks Yeltsin attended are the return" leg of Russo-Japanese talks in Novosibirsk last year - from which Japan's claim to the Kurile Islands was noticeably absent. The talks went very well, from Russia's somewhat weak position. The detail of the investment Japan promised reveals a programme of intensive language tuition to enable Russians to learn Japanese.

These evil men a constantiden away in the appendices is information about where this program is to begin; in ... er ... the Kurile Islands. Seems that Sir Humphrey Appleski is doing a fine job. NEIL McGOWAN Perivale, Middlesex

#### After Calvin

PATRICK COSGRAVE got his public reaction to Pol Por's death? As Scottish churches wrong in Sir Ian . MacGregor's obituary (15 April). bodia only named him "one of the Strict Calvinists would be Free 1" Wee Frees") or Free Presbyterian, never By implication, now that he is United Free, a church that was condead, we must look for someone to- sciously post-Calvinist from the start.

#### Political joke

the domain of newspaper editors? ... IF BEN ELTON, in his rejection of "Cool Britannia", believes that politicians should not be guided by populist views and the vagaries of showbusiness, why does he expect them to listen to the views of a stand-up comic? CLIVE WHICHELOW London SW19

#### Name these islands

CORRESPONDENTS have been seeking a new name for "these Islands". A friend has just received a letter from Peking addressed to her in the Untied Kingdom. Now that Scotland and Wales are to some degree released from English hegemony and Ulster is hursting its corsets, the notion is a happy one. GRAHAM BINNS Chipping Norton, Oxfordshire

### The iceberg cometh between husbands and wife



TODAY I bring you another extract from Maxim: So you accuse me of higamy? Brief Tables, the forgotten Noel Coward play set aboard the Thanic. The story so far is that Maxim and Chloe, on their honeymoon, have run into Albert, Chloc's first husband. who has reappeared after being presumed dead at the North Pole. Maxim and Chloc are reclining on the first-class deck, admiring the sunset and wondering it Albert's return will affect their marriage ...

Maxim: You never actually divorced Albert. did you"

Chloe: I had no idea he was alive. To divorce a dead husband seems a little extreme. People might think I was being critical of him behind his hack.

Maxim: In retrospect, it would have been wiser. He would have come back from the dead a free man, unmarried. As it is, he has turned you into a higamist.

Chloe: No, he hasn't. It is you who did that, on the day you married me.

Chloe: Not at all. I am the bigamist. YOU are merely married to a bigamist. Maxim: Poor child. Tell me. what is it like

Chioe: Not unpleasant. It is rather like having two quite different children. Maxim: Are you trying to tell me you also

have offspring I don't know about? Chloe: Oh. don't lct's hicker like this! We are here to enjoy a magical honeymoon on the maiden voyage of the Titanic. Just because I am married to someone clse on heard as well, you shouldn't get upset ...

Why don't we go for a walk? Maxim: In fact, I did go for a long stroll this morning, while you were applying your make-up. The ship is immense. I never expecteó to get blisters on an ocean cruise. It is so far from how to stern that the weather is appreciably different at the other end

of the ship. Chloe: In what way?

Maxim: It's further south, and thus much warmer.

Chloe: That sounds lovely. Maxim: And what makes it seem even tonger is that you walk from class in class. down from first through second to steerage. just as if one were going on a motoring trip through Eastern Europe. Why, there are parts of the steerage where nobody speaks English at all. Next time I go rambling on this ship, I shall take an interpreter with me, Enter Albert, Chloe's first husband.

Albert: Hello, you two! How's the honeymoon going?

Chloe: Albert! That is a question you must never ask a womani Albert Not even if you are married to her? Come on, you can tell me!

Maxim: You seem in a very jolly mood, Albert. I may call you Albert, may I not? Albert: Of course. Fact is, I am always ill at ease away from the polar regions. This meanwhile which one I am to have dinner evening t can smell ice in the air. That

8 **6 6** 

makes me happier.

Maxim: The only ice I ever have beneath my nose is the ice in a gin and tonic. It has the same effect on me. And it is far cheaper than mounting a polar expedition. Chioe: Well, it is nice to see you two getting on so well.

Maxim: We have a lot in common. Albert The same wife.

Maxim: The same taste in women. Chloe: Oh, for heaven's sake, stop going on about both being married to me! It is so

Maxim: On the contrary. When two women meet, they both run their own husbands down. Albert and I are both praising our wives. This is much better behaviour. The fact that it is the same wife in both cases makes it even better.

Chloe: This is too much! I am going to get ready for dinner! Will you please decide Maxim: You seem younger than I had imagined. Albert. May I ask how old you are? Albert: I am five years younger than Chloe. Maxim: What a coincidence. I am five years

Albert: Is that significant? Maxim: Only that she decided to move on from you to an older, more experienced man.

Albert: There was no need to do that. If she had stayed with me. I would have become older and more experienced at no extra expense ... Just a moment! Did you see something huge and white out there? Maxim: Yes. It was the first-class dining room wine waiter shimmering in to dinner.

Albert: Perhaps you are right ... Unbeknownst to them, it is actually an ice-

berg and Maxim, Albert and Chloe have about forty minutes left in which to sort out their tangled threesome. Will they manage it? Exit Chloe Watch this space!



# Tony will carry on reaching for the Sky, at least till 2002 a reasonable employer.



McELVOY

NEW LABOUR'S TRYST WITH MURDOCH

POLITICAL parties create their own mythology, none more assiduously than New Labour. Channel Four's Blair's Year reminded us of how delicately the modernisers have preserved and adorned the memories of the 1997 victory. There is always and official and an unofficial story to elections. When a party machine is as good at presentation as this one, we do not often see the join."

It was amusing to see a number of people in the Blair team fondly recall in the programme that Tony Blair "happened to"; arrive at the Festival Hall as dawn broke. In: fact as they all knew, it had been ordained by Alastair Campbell that Mr Blair would appear there, as befits a Messiah, at the breaking of the day and that his first public words dislikes and distrusts Mr Murdoch. Whereas Prime Minister in waiting would be "it is " a new dawn, is it not?" Mr Blair in the event arrived early (or was dawn late?) so the cavalcade had to wait in a side street until the moment was right.

This sort of manipulation shouldn't wor-.. ry us too much - politics is in great part theatre and we don't worry that the claps of thunder on the blasted heath are generated by someone behind the set banging a tin sheet. But there are other invisible links and hidden hands which do make people feel uncomfortable. By far the most powerful and controversial of these belong to Rupert Murdoch. In the mind of Mr Blair - largely through the influence of Mr Campbell - the new dawn would not have been possible without the support of News International and the Sun.

Number Ten thus sees the Murdoch papers as the key to winning a second term. It suading Mr Blair into his ambiguous stance is so focused on this goal that it has sometimes failed to see the perils of too intimate and uncritical a relationship with the proprietor. The issue of Murdoch may well turn out to be for Mr Blair and Labour what Eu-. rope was for John Major and the Conservatives: one which arouses such visceral and implacable hostility that otherwise hiddable a vow of silence for the good of the leader-

In the wake of the HarperCollins affairs: and that would quell the public's reservations. and the revelation that Mr Blair had intervened with the Italian prime minister on behalf of BSkyB's interests, things are appreaching a kind of critical mass. The newspaper report vesterday that Tim Allan, Mr Blair's deputy press secretary is going to join. BSkyB as director of communications will strike many Labour supporters as bitter icing on the birthday cake.

Already there is muttering that Mr Allan's appointment is intended to strengthen the links between the Murdoch clan and Mr Blair's office. This is not an unreasonable conclusion; given BSkyB's interests in digital broadcasting and ambitions to gain more broadcast rights to major sporting events. Does it matter? At this point I feel obliged to declare my own entry in the registry of interests: I start- I think will happen.

ed my career on a Murdoch paper, worked for the Times for several years and found him

The existence of this newspaper would not be possible had he not broken the hold of the unions at Wapping. I sense, in the arguments of those who wish to make of him the single root cause of Britain's ills, a handy replacement for a graspable political foe. He has moved into the diabolical space that Margaret Thatcher occupied and which the Tory Party so signally fails to fill at present.

None the less you don't have to hate Murdoch to think Mr Blair's intervention with Signor Prodi beyond the call of duty. As far as I gather from experienced civil servants, Prime Minister are generally discouraged from making such direct interventions on behalf of a specific company with a foreign government on the grounds that no politician really knows what lies behind a husinessman's strategy. I was also uneasy at Mr Blair's refusal in the Commons to say when he last met Mr Murdoch or how often they had met since he took office. Meetings between Prime Ministers and major entrepreneurs should be a matter of public record. It is not enough to say such matters are private. A Government which promised us transparency owes us that.

Thirdly, the Government does not seem to be getting a particularly good deal out of Mr Murdoch. Having committed itself to the closing of tax-loopholes for the rich, it seems strangely relaxed about leaving him a great deal of leeway in organising his affairs.

Finally both Old and New Labour deeply as Mr Blair has often succeeded in getting his party to accept things they previously did not. he is on more tragile ground here because Murdoch is the shared focus of dislike between two groups in Labour who are more usually to be found at each other's throats. Enrophile modernisers believe that Mr Murdoch's papers, in particular the Sun, whose line he dictates directly, is to blame for per-

#### He deeply distrusts the kind of Europe he believes the architects of the single currency are pursuing

on EMU. The Hard Left has not forgiven him Wapping nor for being a buccaneering capitalist and a walking example of the globalisarion of markets which they fear and dread.

. In last night's television programme; Peter Mandelson spoke openly for the first time of Mr Blair's relations with Mr Murdoch and ventured the view that it was Labour's role people in the party are not prepared to take—to "convert" the proprietor to a single Eu ropean currency. The unspoken codicil was that the Sun would then learn to love the Euro

It won't be that simple. For a start Mr Mur-

doch is not merely sceptical about EMU's chance of success. He deeply distrusts the kind of Europe he believes the architects of the single currency are pursuing - a political entity, highly regulated by bureaucrats, suspicious of free trade and with protectionist instincts which would hind the hands of people such as him. Assuming that Mr Murdoch and News International continue to thrive, the Government has three choices for the foreseeable future. It can pursue British entry to EMU and lose the Sun. It can keep in with Mr Murdoch and not pursue EMU. Or in can decide that pleasing Mr Murdoch is important until 2002 and wait for the next new dawn to consider entry to EMU. That is what

# A rare moment to celebrate as Ulster's old absolutes crumble



**MCKITTRICK** A GOOD WEEKEND

THERE is a long way to go in this peace process, with difficulties and probably violence ahead. But the events of this weekend justify those who support it luxuriating in a moment of celebration.

It is impossible to find in either mainstream Unionism or mainstream Republicanism anyone who loves the Good Friday agreement, for it contains much to dismay members of each tradition. Yet over the weekend almost three-quarters of the Ulster Unionist Council voted in favour of it while at the Sinn Fein conference Republican leaders carefully laid the groundwork for its qualified acceptance in time for the referendums of May 22nd.

These are both momentous developments, for the UUC and the Ard-Fheis are no ordinary gatherings. They are repositories of the theologies of Unionism and Republicanism keepers of the faith of their fathers. And since those fathers have cordially detested each other for a couple of centuries, it is truly amazing to watch their offspring moving towards ac-ceptance of the same docu-

They are doing so in very different styles. Gerry Adams and his associates are as cautious as ever, gently massaging their supporters towards a Yes vote in the referendums, but giving them time to come to terms with a deal so different from the Republican goal of frish unity.

Many in the Unionist grassroots have been thinking in terms of a deal such as this for several years now, ever since the first IRA ceasefire in 1994. The Protestant husiness community has been ready for it, as have the loyalist paramilitary groups and most church lead-

But the Protestant political classes were the last to catch on, clinging as they did first to their Parliamentary arrangement with John Major and latterly to the expectation - which for some of them, sadly, became an actual hope - that the IRA would break its ceasefire and have Sinn Fein expelled from the process.

It was the UUC which chose



David Trimble as party leader in 1995. It is a fair bet that many and probably most of those who voted for him thought they were choosing not a deal-maker but a champion of the hard-

Many of these were consequently shell-shocked when he emerged from the Stormoni negotiations with a document which proposed letting out nearly all the prisoners, overhauling the RUC and possibly having Sinn Fein members as Peruousia little work had been done to prepare them for such radical moves.

In opting for the agreement they went against the advice of the Orange Order and resisted the clamour of the Rev Ian Pais-

They declined the counsel of six of their party's ten MPs. ranging from the most experienced to the most ambitious. These were the people who turned down powersharing with John Hume: now they have not ruled our powersharing with Gerry Adams. A body famous for just saying No just said Yes.

This is not of course the end of the matter; in Northern Ireland it never is. With more than a month to go to the referendums there is the possibility that

anti-agreement elements within the party. Orangeism and Paisievism can together mount an effective campaign for a No

A weekend opinion poll indicated that there is still much to play for, showing that 34 per cent of Protestants presently intend to vote Yes while 22 per cent mean to vote No. That leaves a huge number of Undecideds - 42 per cent - who might go either way. Since Catholics are markedly in favour of the agreement, it would only take a minority of Protestant Yes votes for the referendums to succeed. To give it real moral au-

thority, however, it needs a majority of Profestants to vote in its favour. It is realistic for the pro-agreement elements to hope that David Trimble's signai success on Saturday will create a bandwagon effect which will bring on board most of the Undecideds.

There is plenty of uncertainty and anxiety around for the Paisley camp to prey on, but so far the pro-agreement people seem to be winning. Their most potent arguments are that no more favourable deal is on offer now or in the future, that rejection would condemn Unionism to isolation, and that

no realistic alternative is being put forward. Underpinning all of this is the sense that acceptance could lead to peace and stability while rejection would certainly mean stalemate and. almost certainly, more war.

This last argument is also the rongest card in the hand of Gerry Adams as he coaxes the doubters among his grassroots to accept the accord. The logic of almost a decade of peace process is for Sinn Fein to recommend a Yes vote in the referendums and go on to take sears in pointine new assembly and the new administration of Northern Ireland.

That single sentence contains three concepts which even a couple of years ago would have been regarded as simply inconceivable for Republicans. Like the UUC's ground-breaking decision, they demonstrate how old rules and habits are being shattered and how the basic grammar of Northern Ireland politics is changing.

That Republican Yes recommendation will be a Yes peace.

But, since there is just too much in the agreement for republicans to swallow in one go. Despite the reservations, however, it will open the way to actively working the accord.

That is how it is all heading at the moment, though there are scores of hurdles ite aboad which will require the most meticulous micro-manage-

Yet it is a marvel to see David Trimble and Gerry Adams working in the same dihostile paradel intes of Unionism and Republicanism might this weekend have begun to converge.

The moment of celebration for all this may be brief, before the next battery of difficulties and complications arrives. But it is a genuine moment for those who support the agreement to take heart, as they witness the old absolutes of Unionism and Republicanism settling for the imperfect and preparing to make sacrifices in the cause of

# Why my Burgundy is a socially responsible drink



21.50

\*

ar Paras re

E-22-

----

1

د - ۱۰ عرفه المرابع

DAVID WALKER OUR MUTUAL FRIENDS

SOMEWHERE in Burgundy, in a civil cellar, in a well-coopered barrel sils a hectolitre or so of wine, lovingh pressed from the Cote d'Or's finest cubernet sauviguon and nine litres of it are mine. At least they will be mine next spring when, after bottling and shipment, a plum coloured van from the Wine Society pulls up outside to disgoree its treasure.

h's not grand cru and it will be ready to drink in a modest three to five years: I offer you a glass of that wine hought on primeur to illustrate the limits of capitalism - and why members of the Rocal Automobile Club are wrong to think of selling out. (There is a proposal afoot for members of the private chibbit of the RAC to float the motor resear service and the British 5chool of Motoring, making themselves £20,000-£30,000 richer as a re-

The Wine Society is owned by its members. I wouldn't sell my share for a mess of pottage, even if it had several noughts attached. That's because the share brings a precious commodity, trust. My Burgundy is bought, sight unseen, in the confidence it will be at least reasonable and ar best very good and that it will arrive as

My trust is greater than that I would ever place in Oddbins or Adnams. The Wine Society has an ethos, a way of working, which shows up in the way the brochures are written and the way staff behave. Its distinctiveness rests on the fact it is not seeking to make money out of me.

Yet the principle of mutualism on which the Society, and the RAC, operate has lately been in retreat - hands up all those who did not raise their hands to stop Norwich Union or Abbey National or London Life (Australian Mutual Provident) being demutualised. There are, however, welcome signs that the tide of demntualisation may now be ebbing.

Indeed the best reason for the board of the Royal Automobile Club to go ahead and float "its" assets is that it would generate a deep swell of anger among all those RAC "members" (technically merely associate members) who will feel hard done by. As a resuit, perhaps, people out there in civil society might wake up to how precious mutual, non-profit forms of organisation are and how the cavalier short-termism of recent years has put them in jeopardy. In a just world RAC

memhers would resign in droves and join the Automobile Association which is a genuine member-owned body. The mutual principle suffers from two things. One is the perennial laziness of club members to turn out and vote. Memo to myself: the Wine Society's AGM takes place in a few weeks. I admit the open democracy on which, in theory, the organisation is based depends on a handful of activists and the besetting problem of mutual organisations like it is oligarchy. But that is true in spades of profit-making ples, too. Look at turnouts for company meetings.

Mutualism's other difficulty is that

panies are run by their executive officers with an eye on the main chance and their own interests; shareholders figure only irregularly and then usually only in the form of Blitzkrieg by City institutions with large blocks of

The point about mutual organisanon, whether in the form of building societies or life assurance companies or the Cooperative Bank, is that it provides an alternative model of running a collective endeavour. No one is pretending that mutuals are better on the textbook indices of rate of return: the point is that they are different, their staff have different values. Killing mu-

#### Mutualism deepens the bed of trust on which the market economy depends for its effective functioning

in recent years it has all but drowned under a ridal wave of neo-Darwinist propaganda saying market processes are invincible and anyone who stands in their way will be crushed under history's wheels if not Mrs Thatcher's chariot. Yet in the midst of markets we have this odd thing, the limited liability company, which operates on the most outrageously collectivist and "political" principles -including votes, boards, chairs and committees. For all the recent hot air about corporate governance, the brute fact is most com-

tuals robs us all - shareholders included - of useful comparative information. Mutual organisations can and do enjoy warmer and closer relationships with members/consumers...they certainly do at Wine Society tastings, but that could have something to do with general underuse of the spittoons.

Mutualism also deepens the bed of trust on which the market economy depends for its effective functioning. Capitalism is unfair but its miustices are legitimised in a society which is perceived at large to be relatively equirable. Ours is so regarded, thanks of course to the fact that the state does do some redistribution of income and wealth but also to the way voluntary and mutual organise cushion economic and social relations.

These organisations include not only the churches, scout troops and creches but also the golf and tennis clubs sining on land which, if developed for housing would fetch members a pretty penny. It is because, in a large sphere of our lives, we do not go for profit that market economies such as ours can function in relative stability - a lesson the Thatcherites never learnt.

You cannot derive from that a ready reckoner for what the size of the voluntary/not-for-profit sector should be relative to either the state or the private market but it should make us all vigilant when demutualisation is proposed and a lot more active when it comes to annual general meetings and the everyday democracy of our clubs.

In the Government's welfare green paper published last month, mutuals get an honourable mention - they are a pet theme of Frank Field - but there is nothing about how they should be fostered or supported. Labour's focus is organisations which do things for the poor, and so reduce the need for state spending and intervention. But the Government needs to realise that mutuals and voluntary bodies all exist within the same not-for-profit culture - credit unions, trade unions, the Women Royal Voluntary Service and the Automobile Association... and the Wine Society. I'll drink to that.



Leila arrived in a desperate condition in one of our feeding centres in Burakaba, Somalla, **ACTION** \* After 4 months of intensive care, Leila

There are many others like Leila. It only takes one month to save a child's life in one of our emergency

feeding centres. It only costs £24. Action Against Hunger starts with you.

Credit Card Hotline 0171 242 5665 Return the completed coupon to: Action Against Hunger UK, 1 Catton St., London WC1R 4AB.

☐ I would like to receive r ☐ Yes, I would like to mai ☐ Cheque/Postal Order to	e a gift to Ad	thon Against Hunger UK	
i I prefer to give by Cred			
🗆 Visa 🗔 Mastercard			
Card No			
Signature		Today's date	
Name			
Address			·
	<u></u> _	Postcode	

## **Lord Howell**

and the only Minister of the Crown to have referred at one of his few political failures. Wembley. Sport and politics. politics and sport - it is hard to hut his fame goes further than Party, not New Labour or Old Labour hut, as he insisted, Real Labour, decent trades unionism, - all issues that were part and which he propagated with unfailing strength and gusto.

Denis Howell wrote his autobiography in 1990 and called it Made in Birmingham. It was a title of genius. He radiated all the drive, the inventiveness affer betterment which that great city embodies. "Our lives." he wrote, "were dominated by factories". A thousand trades nesfled around the great church of St Paul's: there was a great theatre too, the Birmingham Rep, and a great symphony orchestra - all had a profound effeet on the young Denis.

The backyards of Birmingham he said were the worlds of his childhood. The Howells were poor. Denis's mother took in washing cleaned offices: Denis's father, a factory floorman, was unemployed for six years following his support for the General Strike. Denis learnt to bang about a hall in the backvards as a life-long devotee of Aston Villa and learnt trades union sol-

idarity at his tather's knee. He was not quite 16 when war was declared in 1939. There was no more school. He went straight to work and firefighting. Active trade unionism. local Labour politics leading on to membership of the City Council, Nincteen fifty-five he hell was let loose". The MCC described as the most significant was first to relent: the South in his life. "I entered Parliament African government did not and and married Brenda."

During those early Opposition years Howell was notable not only for his continued ac- from international sport. tivity as a football referee, but

Denis Howell was the only pro- porter of Hugh Gaitskill. On come a Member of Parliament George Brown's campaign manager for the party leadership,

With Labour's return to power, Harold Wilson with custell which for him came first so tomary magnanimity appointed intertwined did he make them Howell to the Ministry of Education to look after schools and that. There was the Labour sports. Thus he became the country's first Minister for Sport. Howell related how he seized the moment. In 1966 Europeanism and Christianity England was host to the World Cup. Wilson asked what that parcel of his very being and meant. Howell replied that 16 of the finest national teams in the world would be coming to Britain and much needed to be done. He went on to point out that it was not much use having a Minister for Sport with a World Cup on his hands if he had no money to organise it. Wilson then said: "How much

> Achievements came thick and fast: the creation of the Sports Council, British success at the Tokyo Olympics, the first sporting honours and a knighthood for Stanley Matthews. Also direct Exchequer assistance for sport and physical recreation throughout England and Wales.

do you want?" And so it went

and England won.

Denis Howell's insistence on the relationship between sport and politics was underlined in the famous D'Oliveira affair, the case of the young coloured cricketer from the Cape who wanted to play in England as racial discrimination in South Africa made it impossible for him to play there. D'Oliveira played spectacularly for Worcestershire and the MCC were due to tour South Africa in 1968/69. The MCC selectors failed to select D'Oliveira. As Howell said: "All continued to refuse all entry facilities. It was the beginning of the long boycott of South Africa

The same issue of racism in

er in the Zola Budd scandal, the his 21-year-old son David. He fessional football referee to be- Guitskill's death he became case of the young South African had however deep religious rerunner to whom the Conserva- sources and always at his side tive government granted British citizenship in 10 days flat speed without precedence - in

Olympics. Howell led the anti-Budd, anti-Tory anti-racist outery.

achievements was his near miraculous success as so-called Minon ceremonial standpipes; arriving in Yorkshire the heavens His fame became known far

and wide. The Italian press hailed him as Signor Acqua. In Tashkent and Samarkhand his arrival brought storms and longed-for rain. It worked the other way too. The Queen fine day for the Champion Hurdle at Cheltenham. The rain stopped promptly. In many other areas of the

country's life Howell was in the forefront of activity. The bright young Brummie elerk hecame one of the longest-serving trades union's presidents (1971-83). He kept the clerical workers - soon to become the Association of Professional Clerical and Computer Staff firmly on a responsible path, mocking away all the left-wing attempts to get rid of him. He became president of the Labour Movement in Europe, a determined pro-European throughout the time that the official Labour Party was deeply anti. He delighted in being made a peer and debated fiercely to se- capacity for genuine friendcure terrestrial television access ship. This was unsurprising, bewithout charge to all Britain's leading sporting events.

He was a deeply convivial character with an enormous ca- used to winning effect was his pacity for enjoyment and shar- self-deprecating humour. He ing that enjoyment. Good wine, good cigars and the companionship of cherished friends were how as a young referee, being never far away. It was particularly no respecter of persons, he awful for such a happy nature to had cautioned the late Jimmy

Brenda, the wife he adored.

Anne Symonds

order that she should run for In the summer of 1970 Labour England at the Los Angeles was somewhat unexpectedly defeated at the polls, writes Tam Dalyell. A minor conse-Among his most famous quence was that all the official engagements, speech-making, hosting of receptions and hotel whole areas of the country had the Minister for the Commononly a few days' water supply left. wealth Games, which were He toured the country turning about to be held in Edinburgh. were automatically transferred to Neil Farlane MP, Mr Heath's opened and a deluge followed. newly appointed Minister responsible for Sport.

Denis Howell, the Labour Sports Minister, was suddenly bereft of hotel place, too late to book, and as a result spent three weeks at my house near Edinhurgh. He had spent the four Mother asked Howell for a previous years immersed in the painstaking organisation of what turned out to be the Happy Commonwealth Games. Ever thoughtful of other people - this was one of his characteristics whomsoever the other people were, important or unimportant - he took me round with him wherever he went.

It was nothing short of amazing to behold the rapport he had established with the members of the Commonwealth sports authorives and all sporving organisations - even the most

obscure - throughout Britain. He had a formidable capacity for remembering names and previous encounters. Howell was almost an entire Commonwealth Relations Office in himself. He had an astonishing cause his Brummie bluntness was apparent.

Another attribute which he was a fund of unusual stories. One he enjoyed telling was bear the tragedy of the death of Hagan, inside left for Sheffield

United and England, Hagan has sworn quietly. Howell hauled him across: "Did I hear you call me a bloody blind swine?" Retorted Hagan: "I did not know you were bloody deaf as well!"

Howell's success as a great figure in the sporting world was in one sense unlikely. He was not a sportsman himself. In truth, as a regular House of Commons squash player 8.30am to 9.30am in the ICI ister for Drought in 1976 when accommodation assigned for courts in the 1960s and 1970s I used to play with him, Ray Carter, John Cunningham, Eric Deacons, Barry Jones, Dick Taverne and other MPs. Only one of us had no ball sense,

whatsoever - Denis Howell! I would not like Howell to be remembered only as the Minister for Sport or the Minister for Drought. In terms of the Labour Party he was for 30 years a major politician, concerned with gut issues of politics, housing, employment and, above all, entry into the Common Market. He was central to the rallying of the Labour Party pro-marketeers and more than any other individual gave us, the 69 Labour MP rebels, the courage to vote against a three-line whip, galvanising us into going into the lobby with Ted Heath on the crucial vote on 28 October 1971 to enter the Community. In terms of the effect he had on British entry Denis Howell ought to be up there with the panoply of great Europeans.

Denis Herbert Howell, politician: born Birmingham 4 September 1923; PC 1976; created 1992 Lord Howelt; MP (Labour) for All Saints Division, Birmingham 1955-59, Birmingham Smoll Heath 1961-92; Joint Parliamentary Under-Secretary of State, Department of Education and Science (with responsibility for sport) 1964-69; Minister of State, Ministry of Housing and Local Government (with responsibility for Sport) 1969-70; Opposition Spokesman for Local Government and Sport 1970-74; Minister of State, DoE (responsible for environment, water resources and sport) 1974-79; married 1955 Brenda Wilson (two sons, one daughter, and one son deceased); died



Solinal, West Midlands 19 April 1998. Seizing the moment: Howell opens the World Cup Information Centre in London, 1966

### The Rev John Coventry SJ



In 1967 John Coventry was appointed the first Secretary of Ecumenical Commission established by the Catholic Bishops of England and Wales following the Second Vatican Prefect of Studies at Heythrop. Council. He had everything to and in 1970 the Bishops decid-

of his powers, and brought to as Commission Secretary. the task organising skills and experience, courage to break new ground, clear and open theological vision, and a willingness to trust his own and others' experience.

ings of others. He began work on many ecumenical issues. theological and practical - moving too fast for many Catholics at the time - and organised two national conferences, at Heythrop in 1967 and Coloma in 1970. He was consultant ohserver to the British Council of Churches, and observer at the 1968 Lambeth Conference. During these years he remained

He continued ecumenical

Churches' Council for Covensitivity to the thoughts and feel- mitment, his theological expertise and his pastoral concern came together in an outstandchurch families, where one partner is Roman Catholic and the other a member of another Christian communion.

As Secretary of the Ecumenical Commission he became aware of significant changes being made to the "promise" required about the upbringing of children of such families (others were slower to learn - in some ways an ad- ed to appoint a diocesan priest understand, but he was vindi-

vaniage. He was at the height as a full-time successor to him cated in the new rules from Rome published in 1970).

He gave his mind to the sitwork, and in 1978 became a uation of interchurch families Catholic observer on the and their pastoral needs-at the crisis-points of getting matried, anting, where he played an ac- the baptism and first commutive and constructive role. But nion of their children, but also Oxford, to read classical Greats, primatur, the Jesuit authorities become Prefect of Studies. He ties, but he continued his work communion as couples and families. He was a founder and co-chair of the Association of ing way in his work for inter- Interchurch Families in 1968. He missed only one annual

conference in 30 years, developed a theological understanding of mixed marriages between haptised Christians, and gave pastoral care to hundreds of couples. A few months before he died he referred to interchurch families as "my life's devotion".

John Seton Coventry was born in 1915 to Catholic parents

degree in 1942.

After school-teaching at Beaumont for three years, he returned to Heythrop for theological studies (1945-49). A French Jesuit on the staff, Père Alexandre Durand, was a lasting influence; he presented faith not as intellectual assent to theological propositions but as personal commitment and way of life.

Coventry was ordained in three books: Morals and Independence (1946), one on the

in Kent, and educated at the Je- Mass, and one dedicated to Pere

velop as an academic theoloreturned to teach at Beaumont, stitutive college of London Uni - Reigns, was published in 1995. becoming Rector in 1956. He versity in 1970. nourished his passion for theology by wide reading, and teners - and it was always a theology based on Christian 1947, and soon finished writing experience. His writing was concise and clear, he wrote many articles and short books,

cashire. He became a novice in standing (1951). Its radical re- Guyana and Southern Africa, the Society of Jesus in 1932, Af- thinking of the relationship mission areas of the English ter three years of philosophy at between nature and grace province. At the end of his Heythrop College, Oxfordshire, was suspect to some, and alterm of office be joined the staff. he was sent to Campion Hall, though published with an im- of Heythrop College in 1965, illness which limited his activi-Instead of being able to de- it up to lay students and there- was elected a President of the gian, this brilliant young scholar Oxfordshire to become a con-writing. His last book, Our God

> In 1976 the Fellows and Association of St Edmund's teaching developed his talent for House, Cambridge jointly electclear exposition. He always ed him Master, and later remade theology immediately rel- elected him for a further term evant to the concerns of his lis- until 1985. He raised the profile of St Edmund's and enabled it to become a College of Camhridge University while retaining Catholic links.

In his later years, spent first

In 1958 he became Jesuit at Heythrop, delighting lay as suit school at Stonyhurst, Lan- Durrand, Faith Seeks Under- Provincial. He enjoyed visiting well as clerical students with his lectures, then at Mauresa House in Birmingham, and latterly at Mount Street, he suffered from deafness and an fore in its move from rural Association in 1997) and his

> Martin Reardon and Ruth Reardon

John Seton Coventry priest: born Deal, Kent 21 January 1915; entered Society of Jesus 1932, ordained 1947; Rector, Beaumont 1956-58: Provincial, English Province of Society of Jesus 1958-64; Lecturer in Theology, Heythrob College 1965-76: Master. St Edmund's House, Cambridge 1976-85; died London 9 April 1998.

### **Harold Sumption**

Someone somewhere is proba-

It doubtless helped that he causes, was a Quaker advertising man. a rare fusion of the spiritual and the worldly. For the man who helped put Oxfam. Help The Aged and ActionAid on the to Jomo Kenyatta. He had in map also managed to be a very successful director of advertising agencies for 30 years, taking on non-executive directorships with a Derhyshire clothing manufacturer and a hard-hoiled mailorder advertiser in the Franklin Mint when his agency career was drawing to a close.

He was born in 1916, the son bly writing the history of char- of a farmer, in a Devon village ity fund-raising in this country. and started his career in a Lon-If they are, the name of Harold don advertising agency in the Sumption will feature promi- early Thirties. Like many young nently. Raising money for char-men of the time, he spent ities is now an industry and a much of his early adult years atformal profession; and just tending public meetings - on about all this activity stems. Indian independence, the Popfrom this one remarkable man. ular Front and other Thirties

> One drizzly day in 1935 he followed a crowd into a large hall in Euston Road in the belief that he would be fistening fact gatecrashed the Yearly Meeting at Friends House. Eighteen months later he joined the Society of Friends. His beloved Ruth joined the same Meeting a little later and they were married at the Meeting House in Wellington, Somerset

Inevitably he was a conseientious objector during the Second World War and in the latter part of it suffered a severe return of the TB that had laid him low some years earlier. He was confined to various sanatoria for nearly five years. the last two in Switzerland - an experience which left him with a life-long love of that country. The return to work in post-war Britain was a gradual and careful one; by now he also had two voung children

He needed to reconcile his zesi for commercial advertising with his faith, applying his creative and entrepreneurial skills to the new art of communicating voluntary and humanitarian causes. A young charity, then known as the Oxford Committee for Famine Relief, gave him the perfect opportunity.

Run by a fellow Quaker, Leslie Kirkley, it was a world away from the traditional Lady Bountiful charities. Its remit was aid for refugees, belp for victims of war, natural calamity and famine and it was pursuing this mission in a post-war Britain that had plentiful reasons to be sorry for itself. Sumption was never on the payroll of the organisation that later became Oxfam, but he served it as advertising man, as council member and as board member for 35 years, from 1950 onwards. In that first decade he in-

vented the "off-the-page" fundraising advertisement - one that asks the teader for a response. Deliberately artiess and always written by Sumption, the adwould shock and provoke with its simple, powerful depiction of need. In those early edition.

days the appeal was often for clothing and blankets as much as for money, but response from the public was swift and massive. The ads were carried as banners on Aldermaston marches and in leftist plays: a later generation would probahly call them iconic.

The creative technique may look crude today (though no fund-raising has ever been so cost-effective). In fact it was underpinned by a pioneering use of many of the techniques that were later applied by mailorder companies and other direct marketers. All the ads were "keved" so that response could be attributed to individual newspapers. They were also subject to "split runs" so that one treatment could be tested against another in the same

of stamps, free poster sites, anywhere the message could be deployed at a predictive rate of press advertising, direct mail and trading catalogues. By 1963, Oxfam was hig and bold enough to raise £1,000,000 in three months. There was a Trafalgar Square rally, a huge promotion with the Daily Mail, the involvement of the Beatles and the young Jeffrey Archer. The "Hunger Million" campaign was a multi-media triumph and a true Harold Sumption vision.

But he remained as much an advertising man as a fund-raiser. He became a Fellow of the Institute of Practitioners in Ad-

The Oxfam media list ex- vertising and served on its panded into title corners, books Council. He helped set up the Montreux International Direct . Marketing Symposium. And in 1979 he co-founded the Inresponse. Soon, other charines ternational Fundraising Workwere queuing at Sumption's shop (IFRW) in Holland, an door for advice on how to ap- event which amassed just 31 delply these new techniques of egates in its first year and which now attracts huge numbers of fund-raisers from over 30 countries in addition to running satellite seminars and workshops throughout the developing world.

Perhaps IFRW is Harold Sumption's best memorial. The fund-raising techniques he forged decades ago are now being passed on and developed in Africa and Asia and Latin America. In that sense he may well have helped to change the world.

owes much to Harold Sumption. London 18 March 1998.



Sumption: new fund-raising

He created a totally new vocabulary of fund-raising, one that still applies throughout the voluntary sector.

George Smith

Harold Sumption, advertising man and charity fund-raiser: born Culmstock, Devon 26 November 1916: married 1938 Ruth Burrows (died Every British charity also 1987; nne son, one daughter); died

#### BIRTHS

HILL-SMITH: Elizabeth and Andrew are delighted to announce the arrival of Emily Ann, a sister to Sumuel and Oliver, on 15 April in Australia.

OLDFIELD: On Monday 6 April, 10 Amicia (nec de Moubray) and

#### DEATHS

BRABEN: (Jim) James Charles MBE. loving husband of the late Lily Brahen, father of Pat, Enid and Lois, Branch, fainter in Fale Endougle En-grandiather of Andrew, Matthew, Carolyn and Joanne, great-grandfather of Max, died pencefully on 15 April

#### BIRTHS, **MARRIAGES** & DEATHS

at St Peter's Hospital, Chertsei, aged 91, Funeral at 12,30pm on Friday 24 April at St Peter's Church, Burwood Road, Hersham, Surrey followed by burial at Buryale Cemetery, Burwood Road, Hersham, and after-wards at The Mount, St John's Hill. Woking, Enquiries and flowers to

Lodge Bros. Wesbridge, 01932 | Birthdays 854758 Donations to The Mount | Markley Brid

payable to Stokefield Americas Fund on Lodge Bros. 36 High Street, Wey-bridge, KT13 SAV. GARDNER: Jane, wife of John and mother of Christopher. Lucy and Emily, at her home on !" April, Fu-neral Kingston on Thames Cremaforum 24 April at 19 20am, No flowers, but donations to the Motor Neurone Disease Association do Lucy Gardaer, 40 Grove Road,

Mitcham, CR4 (SB. For BIRTHS, MARRIAGES & DEATHS please telephone 0171-293 2012.

Mr Alan Beith MP, 55; Professor Derek Bowett, QC, former president. Queens' College, Cambridge, 71; Mr Michael Brundon, actor, 53; Mr Ray Brooks, actor, 59; Sir Geoffrey Carperneld, former civil servant, 65; The Right Rev Frederick Darwent, former Bishop of Aberdeen and Orkney, 71; Mr Richard de Lange, chairman and managing director. Pailips Electronics UK, 53: Maj-Gen Sir Charles Dunphie, former chairman, Vickers, 96; Miss Nina Foch, film actress, 74: Mr Graeme Fowler,

cricketer, 41; Mr John Eliot Gardiner. conductor, 55: Mr Mauricio Gugelmin, racing driver, 35: Mr Paul Heiney, writer and broadcaster. 49; Mr Giles Henderson, Senior Partner, Slaughter and May, 56; Miss Louise Jameson, actress, 47; Mr Andrew Jaspan, former editor, the Observer, 46; Sir Antony Jay, author and scriptwriter, 08: Mr Eddie Kulukundis, theatrical producer, 66; Miss Jessica Lange, actress, 49; Mr Nick Lyndhurst, actor, 37; Mr Ryan O'Neal, actor, 57; Mr Rodger Pannone, solicitor, and formet president

of the Law Society of England and Wales, 55; Mr Leslie Phillips, actor, 74; Mr Eric Pickles MP, 46; Sir Juhn Quicke, agriculturist, 76; Mr Richard Rhodes, headmaster, Rossall School. Lancashire, So; Mr Hugh Roberts, Director of the Royal Collection, 50; Mr Christopher Robinson, prganist and director of music, St John's College, Cambridge, 62; Mr Peter Snow, broadcaster, 60; Miss Jean Southworth QC, 72: Mr Gerry Steinberg MP, 53; Mr Luther Vandross,

soul singer, 47: Air Marshal Sir

Richard Wakeford, 76: Mr Henry

Wrong, director, European Arts

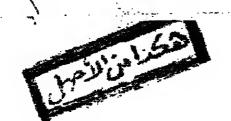
#### **Anniversaries**

Births: Adolf Hitler, dictatur, 1889. Deaths: Antonio (Canale) Canaletto, painter, 1768. On this day: Captain James Cook discovered New South Wales, Australia, 1770, Today is the Feast Day of St Agnes of Monrepulciano, St Caedwalla, St Hildegund, St Marcellinus of Embrun, St Marcian or Marian of Auxerre and St Peter of Verona.

#### ROYAL ENGAGEMENTS

ROYAL ENGAGEMENTS
The Prince of Wates opens Abbots Cellages, Coric Caste, Dorset, a botteing development functed by Coric Caste, Charty to provide rented accommedators for local people. The Duke of Kort, Vesa-Chairman, the British Corevas Itade board, visits Oth Electrical Steek Ltd, Corporation Road, Newport; tours the Blemaon Hentage Landscape Initiature, Adon Livyd Valley, and attends the celebration of the 5th anniversary of Du Pour Textiks (United Kingdom) Ltd, Mambilad, Pontypoot, Gwenl.

# Changing of the Guard The Household Cavalry Mounted mounts the Ouern's Life Guard Guarda, Ham: Nijmegen Genadier Guards mounts the Ouer



# Tough on consumers, tough on retailers

WEEK AHEAD



RETAILERS, in a variety of shapes and sizes, will comstruggles to arrest its post-

Footsie retreated on last week's four trading days, falling 183.3 points. Selling was not heavy; indeed most market men felt the stock cy Committee win the next market was undergoing a round and succeed in raising modest but much-needed interest rates, then retail spell of consolation.

Retail shares have had a pressure. particularly disappointing run. And although Tesco's year's the high street's ability to figures tomorrow could lift re- continue producing a steady. tail spirits some of the other occasionally spectacular, flow reporting shopkeepers will not be in party mood.

Gareth Evans and Kay Goodburn of Nikko, the revered high flyers, produced Japanese investment house, a shock profits warning. point out: "The consumer rising interest rates restraining consumer confidence and

mand much of this week's at- The economy is expected to tention as the stock market slow this year and we also exin consumer spending than in

If, as is looking increasingly likely, the hawks on the Bank of England's Monetary Polishares will come under further

The market's confidence in of profit increases was uodermined last month when Next, one of the sector's most

Special factors were in

They add: "The outlook shares, famously in single fig- The group will have lost monfestive season seven years ago, suddenly looked decidedly 835p they stumbled to 514p.

Since Next questioned the market's faith retail shares have looked jaded with eveo the mighty Marks & Spencer under performing.

FTSE International, which governs the various share indices, continues to split retailers into two sectors - food and general. But the advent of the superstores, as well as the food to clothing portfolio of M&S, has blurred the distinctioo, perhaps indicating the two indices should merge.

Tesco, of course, offers an array of products. Its "pile it high, sell it cheap" days when it relied on food are loog gone. Now banking is on offer alongside petrol.

does not look good either. ures for a few hours during the ey on its vectures into central and eastern Europe and its SG Securities forecasts profbanking side will also be in the pect a slower rate of growth . threadbare. From a peak of red. But the drain is expected to be modest, say £20m.

It is one retailer which retatos the confidence of its analytical following. Al NatWest Securities David Mc-Carthy and Marc Duschenes say: "Tesco will continue to



dominate and extend its leadership". And Mike Dennis at its will reach £1.03bn in the year to February, 2000.

DFS is another reeling from a profits warning. The shares have nearly halved since the high powered furniture retailer revealed that 28 years of profits progress was over and interim figures would not match last year's £1S.7m. A fall of some 5 per cent to £17.80t is the market's

Tie Rack will also fail to inspire. The specialist retailer is tough trading. Around £5m down from £8.8m is the likely outcome. The last time selling ties was so unrewarding was in 1993 when the company tied a £5.1m profits knot.

promise offered by this summer's World Cup.

Some forecasts have been putted back but it will be comments about current trading which could attract more interest than the figures - expected to be around £33m against £20.3m.

Anstin Reed, the clothing chain which took over Coun-Thames department store, completes this week's cash till profits ring round. Butanother to have warned about terfield is looking for £4.25m. up from £3.8m. But the retail influence is not confined to profits - the fierce Great Universal Stores takenver bid for Argos closes on Friday. And the two battlers will con-

regarded as the bellwether of the nation's industrial health. And this week's figures will, in fact, offer little guidance to the profit potential of the new look

They will, however, be well ahead of last year, probably around £00m against £55m. The speciality chemicals acquisition will make a considtry Casuals, should have a haperable contribution and py story. A 12 per cent profits materials and paints should gain to £7.6m is likely. Ben-record an improvement. But, talls, the Kingston-upon-like so many, ICI is a victim of the strong pound and the slowdown in Asia.

Three top insurers also contribute to the week's activity. They are due to provide their first-quarter new business figures. Norwich Union should head the pack with some ralking of a gain approaching 15 per cent. Prudential Corporation will be flattered by the inclusion of Scottish Amicable but the underlying figure



Same and Sam

Services
Asserti
\$25 Teams
Appeal
App

For free information pack. Call DSI Ltd."

source: Bloomberg

BUSINESS & CITY EDITOR JEREMY WARNER NEWS DESK: 0171-293 2636 FAX: 0171-293 2098 E-MAIL: IndyBusiness@Independent.Co.uk FINANCIAL JOURNAL OF THE YEAR

# UK shipbrokers 'incompetent'

**Exclusive** 

By Terry Macalister

THE CREDIBILITY of London's shipping community, which generates £2bn of foreign earnings each year and is a mainstay of the City's claims to be one of the world's leading financial centres, is under threat after writs claiming incompetence were issued against leading shipbrokers.

John Hancock, a huge US life insurance group, and other leading US insurers allege they lent more than US\$100m in bonds to a now failed Greek shipowner. Adriatic Tankers, on the basis of erroneous vessel valuations given by two British shipbroking firms.

A writ issued by the High Court in London and obtained by The Independent calls for damages of US\$31.6m to be paid by Simpson, Spence & Young, the shipbrokers. Similar threats were aimed against Braemar Shipbrokers.

It is not just US bondholders who are angry, Barclays Bank also got its fingers burnt by lending to Adriatic Tankers and that partly led to the closure of its Piracus shipping office. Barclays Bank is understood to be

watching the SSY case carefully. The outcome could determine whether it decides to launch a legal challenge. The shipping community fears that had

publicity generated by the case will chase lucrative work away to rival shipping centres such as Oslo and New York.

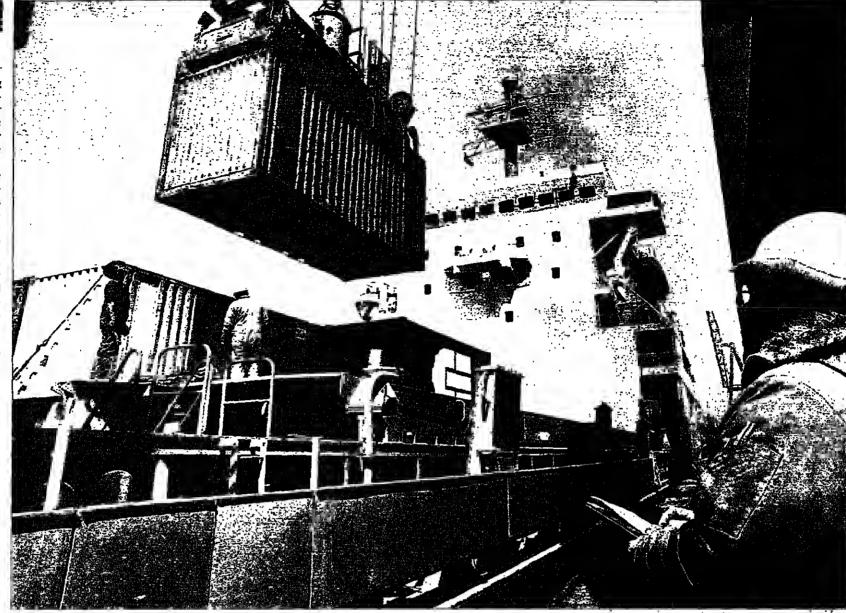
The issue is particularly sensitive at present because shipowners are engaged in a wave of junk bond offerings in the US. These fundraisings rely for their success on vessels being valued correctly.

Already there has been controversy about vessel valuations in some of the new bond issues, shiphrokers insist that almost every single vessel is built to a different specification making it hard to give an exact

The London shipbroking sector, with the exception of H. Clarkson and Seascope Shipping Services, is privately owned and traditionally secretive.

Shiphroking generates foreign earnings of over £300m a year but the Adriatic Tankers spat has raised questions about its professionalism and whether it is adequately insured. A further £1.7bn of foreign earnings is generated by related industries such as ship managers, maritime lawyers and tinanciers.

The SSY and Braemar row also raised questions over a difficult area of the shipbroking world where shipowners get valuations done for them by shiphrokers who



Is the tide turning? The lawsuits could put a question mark over London's status as a leading financial centre

Photograph by Keith Dobney

No one has suggested that SSY or Braemar was involved in any kind of malpractice. But some senior figures in the industry admit that it is not unusual for shipowners to try to put pressure on bro-

kers to give the valuations they want.
One executive, who asked not to be named, said: "I think you could call it commercial coercion'. If a good chartering client asks for help with valuations it can be hard to turn him down."

Eric Shawyer, president of the Chartered Institute of Shiphrokers, played down the significance of the latest furore. He said: "I do not believe this will tarnish the im-

And Shawyer, who is also chairman and managing director of shiphroker EA Gibson, says he has never been asked to give anything other objective valuations.

"An owner might say I think you could

have valued it a bit higher or lower but there has never been any suggestion of pressure. We would not stand for that," he explained. But while shiphrokers argue that exact

valuations are difficult to give, the writ against SSY alleges its work on a raoge of vessels owned by Adriatic Tankers was out by a factor of 100 per cent.

It gives as an example the case of the that any such proceedings would be vigsupertanker Assos Bay, which was valued orously defended."

done by shipbrokers for US life companies suggest the ship was worth \$7.5m.

Similarly the Myrtos Bay was given a value of \$15m by SSY but other London brokers working for the US life companies say the vessel at the time it was valued was worth only \$7.25m.

John Welham, executive director of SSY declined to discuss these issues. But in a written statement on the threat of legal action he said: "We have been informed that a writ has been issued but nothing has been served on this company. We can confirm

said: "These rumours [of legal action] have been around for two years. I have not heard-

anything recently." Trevor Fairhurst, director of Fairwind which represents the US life companies in the Loodon and their lawyers Stephenson

Harwood also declined to comment. Adriatic Tankers raised a total of \$240m in bonds bought by John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance, New England Life Iosurance and other leading companies.

When the shipowner ran into financial troohle soon after the fleet of 80 ships were seized and sold at judicial auctioo. They raised barely a fraction of the amount that

# Ministers fight over Euro bank chief

By Diane Coyle Economics Editor

EUROPEAN UNION finance ministers, meeting in Luxembourg today for the last "Ecofin" before the special summit formally launching the single currency, are under pressure to resolve a row over who should head the European Central Bank.

The favoured candidate is Wim Duisenberg, a respected Dutch banker, hut the French have been holding out for Jean-Claude Trichet, the equally hawkish governor of the Banque de France.

At the weekend Yves-Thibault de Silguy, the EU's commissioner responsible for the single currency, urged politicians to reach a decision at once in order "to give maximum credibility to the European Central Bank". The failure to resolve the five-month long row is hlamed for market perceptions that the euro will be a weak currency subject to political influence.

However, a report by the Centre for Economic Policy Research argues that the euro will quickly prove to be a strong currency and will rival the US dollar as the main currency in international finance.

The authors, Richard Portes and Helène Rey, predict that that could mean a gain of 0.5 per cent of GDP for single currency members and an equivalent loss for the US. Their most optimistic scenario for the euro, which sees it overtaking the dollar, depends, however, on the participation of the UK, because the London financial markets would play a big role in the formation of a liquid and attractive pool of euro assets.

Jürgen Stark, a senior German official, agreed the euro would play a bigger role in he international currency markets. He predicted at the weekend that Britain would join the single currency at an early stage.

But a prominent economist warns today that Britain might not achieve convergence to the other European economies for 15 years. The difficulty, says Douglas McWilliams of the Centre for Economic and Business Research, lies in structural differences, such as the fact that British homebuyers finance a much larger proportion of their purchase through borrowing.

On the other hand, he warms in evidence to the Treasury Select Committee, staying out could be costly, denying Britain the chance to participate in the restructuring

CHARLES SCHWAB. Britain's largest execution-only stockbroker, will today launch an internet-based trading service hich will let investors trade direcely in shares on the London and US stock markets.

The service is a big step forward in internet stockbroking. which so far has failed to catch on in the UK. It allows investors of their portfolio, and enter orders straight into an electronic trading system.

Guy Knight, vice president of Charles Schwab Europe. said the service was likely to increase the amount of trades done over the Internet. The broker new has 1.4m online members in the US, where it i introduced a similar service a lew years ago, and over 50 per cent of the trades it handles are from both companies last week conducted electronically.

In the UK, it has just 1,500 : the next few days. electronic subscribers and all

# UK investors enter age of the Internet fight to the end

By Peter Thal Larsen

GREAT Universal Stores' £1.9bn hostile bid for Argos, the cutalogue retailer, reaches its climax this week as both companies attempt to convince shareholders of their case.

The battle kicks off in to use a World Wide Web I garnest today, when both GUS Prowser to see the exact status," and Argos, are scheduled to make presentations to Schroder Investment Management, the fund management group, which is Argos's largest shareholder.

with a 15 per cent stake. Later in the week Lord Wolfson, GUS's chairman, will also visit Prudential, which owns 7 per cent of Argos, to seek support for its 650p-a-share cash bid. Baillie Gifford, which also has 7 per cent, received vishs and is set to make a decision in

The meetings come shortly but 12 per cent of trades are after Argos released up-to-date conducted over the telephone. trading statistics for the period

up to Easter. The figures show that, for the three weeks ended 11 April, total sales grew by 13.3 per cent over the same period in the previous year while on a like-for-like basis sales were

up 7.3 per cent. That takes Argos's sales growth for the year to 11 April to 11.8 per cent, with a like-forlike increase of 5.4 per cent.

Argos had to seek special permission to release the in-Panel, Takeover rules normally restrict a company on the receiving end of a bid from releasing any new financial information three weeks before the offer closes.

However, the Takeover Panel agreed to waive the rule on the condition that GUS be allowed to raise its offer or extend the bid period, which is due to close on Friday. GUS insists its offer is final.

The company is also thought unlikely to seek more time to convince shareholders of its case.

Argos said the most recent sales figures demonstrated that it was in robust shape. "GUS ciaim that Argos has run out of steam," an Argos spokesman said, "These figures show that we are steaming ahead."

GUS retorted that previous years had started equally well. only for sales figures to slip away later on in the year.

Argos, marshalled by Stuart Rose, who was brought in as formation from the Takeover chief executive at the beginning of the battle, is generally thought to have put up a robust defence.

That forced GUS to raise its offer from 560p to 650p prompting some analysts to accuse the company of overpaying in an attempt to be certain of capturing its prey,

Argos shares closed at 634.5p last Friday a 15.5p discount to GUS's offer - suggesting that investors expect the bid to succeed. The result is expecied to be announced on Friday afternoon.

# Goldman partners scent \$100m

By Lea Paterson

PARTNERS in Goldman Sachs, the only leading US investment bank that is privately owned, could net up to \$100m (£60m) each if plans to float the company are approved at its annual meeting in June.

The company has already considered, and decided against, flotation on six occasions. This time round, the

fore by a sustained period of profit growth as well as changes in the hank's environment. All Goldman's close rivals are now public companies, and some have joined forces, leaving the once mighty Goldman Sachs in danger of relegation from the top tier of the financial world. Analysts have valued the

130-year-old partnership at \$20bn (£12bn). However, it is by no means

issue has been brought to the certain that the plans will be ap- to share in the flotation spoils. meeting on 12 June. A number. said to be strongly opposed, including two of its six-strong executive committee. Goldman's senior governing body.

> that flotation could destroy have also traditionally opposed Goldman's partnership culture. They say the move would engender resentment among non- flotation could leave the hank

> proved at the bank's annual Goldman's 200 managing directors, who are just one rung of the bank's 200 partners are below partnership, would be particularly incensed at exclusion from the flotation windfalls. Younger partners, whose windfall gains would be lower than Opponents of the plans fear those of more senior partners,

> flotation. There are also concerns that partners, who would be unlikely vulnerable to take-over.

### Bidders line up for RAC's motor arm

BIDDERS are queuing up to buy the motoring services division of the Royal Automobile Club if the organisation decides to proceed with plans to break

A spokesman for the RAC yesterday confirmed that the board had received at least haif a dozen "serious" offers, with

several parties tabling hids of more than £400m.

If the offers are accepted, the RAC's 12,000 full members could be in line for a payout of more than £30,000 each. However, the spokesman

said that the board would not trade sale of the business, put forward a proposal until it". had finished consulting mem-

The RAC, advised by Dresdner Kleinwort Benson, the in-

vestment hank, is considering a demerging the motoring servariety of ways of spinning off vices arm, and invites them to its motoring services division, leaving the organisation as a traditional private club. Options under consideration include a demerger, flotation or

The RAC's board last week sent a questionnaire to all its full memhers, canvassing their views. The forms ask whether members supported the idea of

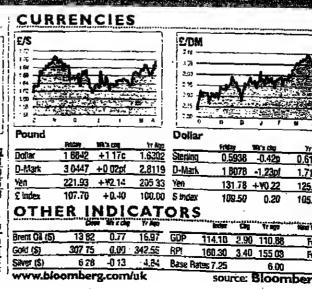
TOURIST RATES

support the board's attempts to come up with the right proposals. It is also planning to hold a series of seminars where memhers can air their views.

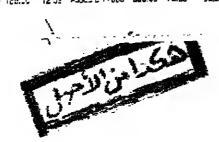
Earlier this month, the RAC ejected Jeffrey Rose, its former chairman, after he wrote to members without the board's knowledge to canvass support for a demerger.

# STOCK MARKETS FTSE 100

# INTEREST RATES UK interest rates MAIN PRICE CHANGES



uta (S) .	2.5026	· Malta (Kra)	0 0404
a (schillings)	20.83	Mexican (nuevo peso)	0.6401
m (francs)	61.22	Mathedanda (matedana)	12.89
la (S)	2.3652	Netherlands (quiters)	3.3379
s (pounds)		New Zealand (S)	<u>2.</u> 9172
ack (knone)	0.8633	Norway (krone)	12.38
	11.37	Portugal (escudos)	301.76
d (markka)	9.0728	Saudi Arabia (rials)	6.1685
(francs)	9.9343	Singapore (\$)	
any (marks)	2.9736	Spain (pesetas)	2.5682
é (drachma)	512,75		<u>251.35</u>
Kong (5)	. —	South Africa (rands)	8.2174
(punts)	1272	Sweden (krone)	12.80
(ruptes)	1,1743	Switzerland (france)	2.4795
	<u>61,77</u>	Thalland (bahts)	
(shekels)	<u>5.8158</u>	Turkey (Trast)	59.63_
ra)	2945	USA (S)	402.025
(yen)	220.86	Potent Contract	1.6536
sia (ringgits)	5.0227	Rates for indication	purposes on
	4.0221	Source: The	omas Coo





ON & STILL-PRESSING SOCIAL ISSUE, AND WHY TRYING TO GOVERN BY NUMBERS WOULD NOT WORK

## Should ministers set a poverty target?

POVERTY ceased to be a topic that was much discussed in the 1980s, which was 10.3 million in 1995, and a phenomenal poverty count is likely to rise by between rather odd, since there was much more of it about. During the post-war economic consensus, which ended in 1979, the eradication of poverty was universally accepted as a legitimate goal of government, and a great deal of progress was made, with the slum clearance programmes and the expansion of the welfare state. However, the onset of the Thatcher government brought a different approach, emphasising an attack on the "dependency culture", a belief in "trickle down" economics, and eventually a denial that equity was a proper concern of government.

The question now is bow far the New Labour government will choose to differ from the Thatcher poverty doctrine. This question is urgent, since if the natural order of things is allowed to persist, the incidence of poverty will probably continue

Poverty is oot quite the same thing as inequality. Inequality can increase if the top end of the income scale benefits at the expense of the middle, but that will have no effect on the number of people living below the poverty line. Nevertheless, in order to calculate the incidence of poverty, we need to think in relative rather than absolute terms - after all, people wbo would have been considered absolutely poverty total by up to 0.7 million, while rich in 1945 would be viewed as relatively poor today. The usual definition of the poverty line is half of average income, adjusted for family size, tax payments and

Professor David Piachaud of the LSE has just published the accompanying table in New Economy, which shows bow rapidly poverty has grown since 1979. The number of individuals in poverty more 25 per cent of British children are now living below the poverty line.

Obviously, this was not an intended result of government policy, so why did it happen? Professor Piachand identifies four main groups which drove the increase. First, the rise in unemployment increased the poverty total by 1.4 million. Second, the explosion in the number of lone parent families contributed another 1.4 million to the total. Third, the growth of the elderly population, along with the decision to uprate pensions only in line with prices, added 0.8 million. Fourth, the low rates of increase in unskilled wages meant that single earner couples became much more prone to poverty, contributing 0.6 million to the rise. No doubt all of these factors were bugely influenced by deeper macro-economic forces - such as technical change, globalisation and the need to bring inflation under control - but the passive stance of government policy probably also played some part.

Professor Piachaud also attempts the more speculative task of forecasting bow the poverty total might change in the next five years. There is good news and bad news. The arrival of the New Deal and the minimum wage may together reduce the demographic trends will imply a much smaller rate of increase than we have seen receotly in pensiooers and looe parent families. But the likelihood that social security upratings will cootinue to be in line with prices rather than earnings will further reduce the relative income of those on benefits, and this alone will raise the poverty total by 1.5 million. Overall, depending on the behaviour of unemploy-

0.3 million and 2.0 million in the next five years. Although this outlook may have been improved by the measures in the 1998 Budget, it is still a depressing prospect.

What can be done about it? Obviously, many of the forces at work are outside the Government's control, and the rest will be the subject of years of hard graft as the tax and benefit system is reformed. New Labour essentially believes that poverty can only be tackled, without making the dependency culture worse, by making it possible for a much greater segment of the population to enter gainful employment. This is probably true, but to many this approach looks insufficient. There are still powerful pressures for generalised increases in benefit levels, but these tend to be dismissed as "Old Labour" by the Government More interesting is a new proposal by Professor Tony Atkinson, also in New Economy, that the Government should set a formal poverty target to focus its efforts in this area.

Growth of poverty 1979 to 1995

Lone parent family 23 45

79 10.0

14 34

113 73

tional poverty target should be seen as a first cousin to the inflation target which the Treasury gives to the Bank of England each year. After all, he says, if the Goverument is willing to accept a massiv hostage to fortune oo the question of inflation, why should it not do so in an equally important field, the eradication of poverty? A reasonable target, Professor Atkinson believes, would be the elimination of poverty by 2015, when children born today become adults. Once the target had been set, the Office for National Statistics (ONS) would be charged with producing an annual Poverty Report which would focus public attention on the topic, much as the Bank of England's quarterly reports do on inflation. And the ONS would also comment on which recent policy developments had or had oot belped to reduce poverty. By increasing the political penalty for ignoring the behaviour

Although it is easy to agree with Pro-Professor Atkinson argues that a na- fessor Atkinson that a formal poverty tar-

19 23 23

SECTION LYNN

Number of Individuals is poverty, millions

the problem over many years.

of poverty, such a target would encour-

age a determined government attack on

get would radically change the behaviour of government through time, not all of the effects of this would be benign. Like any other target, excessive attention might be paid to those people who happened to lie within the poverty definition, at the expense of ignoring the claims of equally deserving people who fell outside the official definition. As Professor Atkinson recognises, this is a serious issue, since the objectives of social policy are much broader than the eradication of poverty - for example, to insure against income losses in the case of disability or unemployment. But a more general disadvantage with a poverty target is that it would raise the

question of wby we do not have targets for other similar social objectives - public health, homelessness, a clean environment, road accidents, unemployment. life expectancy and the like. If targets were set for all such objectives, the task of government would quite quickly become impossible as one objective bumped up against another. Indeed, it is the essectial job of government to juggle these objectives against each other in the most flexible way possible.

So why is inflatioo different? It is different, at least in the view of current ecooomic orthodoxy, precisely because inflation is not connected to other objectives like unemployment and inequality. Since an inflation target does not bump up against these other objectives, it is possible to set an inflatioo target without implying that this somehow takes precedence over the government's other vital concerns. In the Budget Red Book, the Treasury took the unusual step of committing itself in general terms to the reduction of poverty and inequality, but that is probably as far as it is sensible to go in this area.

#### Liffe board meets to discuss flotation

THE BOARD of Londoo's troubled financial futures and options exchange (Liffe) meets this week to discuss its ownership structure. Liffe is mutually owned by its traders, although the management is considering a range of options for change, including full demutualisation and possibly flotation. The board's ownership proposals will be put to a membership vote next month, as will plans to introduce electronic trading. The proposed changes are part of an attempt by Liffe to claw back market share from the Deutsche Terminbörse, the German futures exchange.

#### **BA** to hire 15,000

BRITISH AIRWAYS is to create 15,000 jobs over the next three years, and hopes to fill 7,000 of these within 12 months. Of the 7,000 new jobs, 3,400 are expected to be cabin crew positions, 2,100 in customer services and 1,100 io telephooe sales. All the new jobs will be in the UK, and most will be at Gatwick and Heathrow. But BA, which cut 1,500 jobs last year, is still expected to shed 3,000 staff by the eod of this year.

#### Pension complaints soar

THE Personal Investment Authority ombudsman received a record 7,000 complaints in the last tax year about pensions, bonds and other investments, an increase of 43 per coot. The ombudsman spects complaints to rise by almost 30 per cent in the current x year to 9,000. Fifteen extra case officers have been employed try to avoid a backlog of complaints.

#### omkins in £l8m buy-out

AKINS, the diversified industrials group, has sold one of its panies to a four-man management team in a £18m buy-out. Resources is one of the UK's top IT companies and is based irlow, Essex. Ray Cross, the company's managing director, ne was "looking forward with enthusiasm to running the comas a stand-alone business". He added the company hoped e oo more employees as business developed.

#### M to seek listing

he 12 year-old computer group, is to seek a listing oo the m Stock Exchange. It said the funds raised from flotation "be used primarily to develop the business organically and ince future acquisitions".



o day trip. See your travel agent or phone 0171-828 0262 for details and schedules while the offer lasts!

AIR PORTUGAL carrier for # Expos

Big stores' style and choice kills shoe shops

By Nigel Cope City Correspondent

NEARLY 4,000 specialist shoe shops have closed since 1990 and more closures are likely as consumers increasingly choose to buy their footwear in clothores. A report today by Verdict, the retail consultants, says that specialist footwear retailers have lost 17 percentage points of market share in the last seven years, worth about £800m of "lost" sales.

The main beneficiaries are larger multiples such as Marks & Spencer, Next and River Island, which are offering more choice and style.

The report warns that despite the closures, the remaining specialists do not seem to be

improving their performance. Part of their problem is that the specialists have historically beco manufacturing-led and tried to "push" their factories' output through their stores. The report says that approach has led to them missing out on several trends including trainers, a lack of innovation and bland uninteresting shops with indistinguishable merchandise.

The report says that clothing retailers such as M&S and Next are able to display shoes with complete outfits which boosts sales. Without any manufacturing plant of their own they are able to source products from anywhere in the world to meet changing fashions.

According to Verdict, consumer spending oo footwear grew by 7 per cent to £4.7bn last year. But sales through specialist outlets fell by 0.1 per ceot.

#### IMF admits Korea errors

THE International Monetary Fund (IMF) has admitted it underestimated the vulnerability of the South Korean ecocomy to growing difficuldes in its financial sector.

An internal IMF paper summarising a meeting of IMF executive directors held last month said "the Fund's ability to identify emerging tensions at an early stage had been mixed".

The paper went on to say that, in the case of Korea: "The Fund had not attached sufficient urgency to the financial tensions that had begun developing in early 1997 ... With hindsight it was clear that the vulnerability of the economy and the risk of financial distress spilling over into the external sector had been underestimated."

The IMF bas arranged a \$60bn (£36bo) rescue package for Korea.

# Tiger troubles risk 120,000 UK jobs

1979 1995

548 575 (A. 1975 A. 19

MORE THAN 120,000 UK jobs could be at risk if there is collapse in direct investment from the troubled Far Eastern economies, according to the preliminary results of a new

A number of high profile new jobs in Wales over the next

Services

Don't get left behind!

**Business Connect UK** 

Millions of Businesses use the Internet

each and every day to Increase their

sales. You can do the same, effortlessly! We can get you on line within 48 hours

and you don't even need a computer!

Tap into this massive marketplace from

as little as 95 pence per day. We have

many options to enhance your

presence on the internet. We can even

provide you with a FREE 0800 number to

1998 will be the Year of the Internet, |

be ready to reap the rewards NOW!

Ring FREE on 0800 413958

and we will do the rest!

Communications

USA 5p

24 hour access

Use any touch tone phone Dedicated call centre

For Customer Services 0181 537 0000

India

Japan

Kenya

Malaysia

South Africa 35p

NOTICE

TO READERS

Whilst we take reasonable precentions with all advertisements, readers are strongly advised to take professional advice before

10p per min. NOW

Cut your company's phone bill by up to 65%

with SmartCall Phonecell

saies@smartcaii oo uki | 0181 653 6414 | Fax. 0181 239 1008

DON'T WAIT FOR OFTEL - (business users spend

39p

22p

45p

29p

SURGERY

Services

Australia 12p

Germany 15p

FREE TO

FRUSTRATED

NETWORKERS

never available before

in the U.K.

12p

15p

Brazil

Canada

France

Increase response to your advertising.

NOW

CALL BUSINESS

Put your Business on the Internet

vestment in north-eastern England by Samsung, the Korean giant, have already been put oo hold following economic turmoil in the "tiger economies". If Far Eastern direct investment were to dry up altogether, that could cost as many as 70,000

20,000 in Northern Ireland, according to a study by Business Strategies, a forecasting com-

Jobs in the North-east - another region which has historically benefited from Far Eastern direct investment could also be threatened, ac-

senior economist at Business ' Strategies. Ms Lansbury added that the projections were a "worst case scenario".

Although a slowdown in Far Eastern direct investment would jeopardise jobs in certain UK regions, other areas could

10 years, 30,000 in Scotland and cording to Melanie Lansbury, Lansbury explained: "Other regions which have not succeeded in attracting a large share of foreign direct investment in the past - like the North-west, Yorksbire and Humberside - could benefit as domestic firms move to take up the slack left by the slowdown benefit, albeit indirectly. Ms in Far Eastern investment."

#### BUSINESS TO BUSINESS

Computers/Services Computers/Services Check out the new Tosh range at Guitrouics

Super fast Intel Pentium II Processors, 13.3" screens, 7GB bard drives, digital video rous and lets more! Free Lutus SavartSmite 97 or a carry case with any Teshika Netebook



SATELLITE PRO 480CDT

TECRA 540CDT/550CDT

HOTLINES

0171 436 3131

0171 323 4512

SATELLITE 300CDS/CDT cai P166Plic 199X • 1678 Run • 200G) d abb. • (2,1" (DSTN/TFT colour (2/6 c) • Ballota RDD and life (D-Ron • 2). EPC Card lists • Sound system • bair-val high: 1,0kg • Win 15 • 1 Year ball, Warranty

SATELLITE 310CDS/CDT • intel P2001 fiz. 1=00 • 3215 Ram • 2.0368 Hard disk. • (2.1" DSTN/TFT colour (21% Video) • Built-in FDD and life CD-Rom • 2x SATELLITE 320CDS/CDT



LIBRETTO 70CT/100CT





TECRA 7500WD

GULTRONICS

ill beat any genuine advertised price from any toshiba authorised dea Northantz Internet Design, Hosting & Marketing Specialists

S ervicez LANDLINE TO MOBILE CALLS To advertise

> please call the **Business** to Business team on

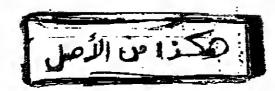
0171 293 2742

Franchises A SERIOUS

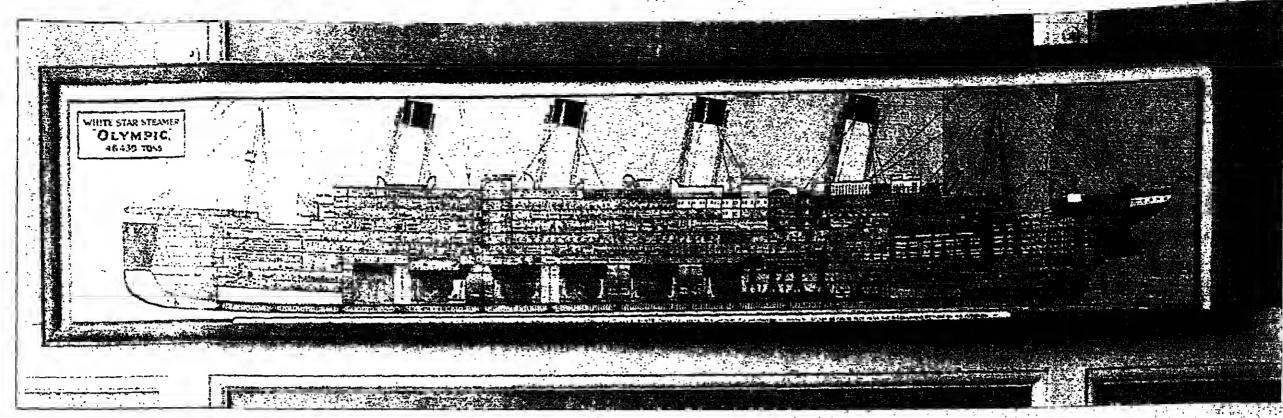
Long Term, High Income, Franchise Opportunity 4 year test market now completed. Patented product (No Competition) Stock, retail value 98000. Full training and leurich programme. Exclusive area (guaranteed). Full marketing support, mailings etc. Lov teed). Full marketing support, mailings stc. Low investment from £9995 + vat. For free information pack. Call DSI Ltd. Tel: 01132 873826

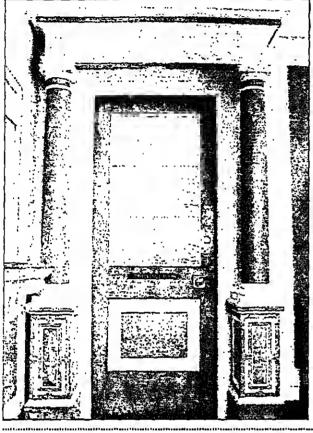
Tel: 01933 387391

call Simon Jones for free advice



# The office that boasts 'Titanic' style





### Doomed liner's sister ship keeps memories afloat of a bygone age

By Steve Boggan

IF YOU hate that sinking feeling when you go into work on Monday mornings, spare a thought for the staff of Akzo Nobel - their offices are decked out like the Titonic.
Grand panelling, light fit-

tings, a beautiful domed ceiling and even a staircase are identical to those on board the ship when she sank in 1912 af-ter being holed by an iceberg. In fact, the fittings at the

Northumberland factory which makes Crown Paints - leave, they pass through the came from the Titanic's sister doors that once led to the firstship, Okmpic, but they are identical in every detail to the

They were bought at auction in 1935 for just £800 when the Ohmpic was decommissioned after 24 years at sea and more

26 European flatfish is excellent in short (5) 27 Still tense on occasion (5) 28 Really, from that time count on joining (9) Make sense of total in-

> Imminent state of exposure (2.3.4) The Girl Of The Golden

Race in circles before crew

Agreed by Rex to sack old

Point to hadly affected

firm in Kent (10)

crease (3.2)

West? (5-5)

reach Turk (7) Understanding French Cook's inside getting quiche fixed (4) Take advantage of a dis-

guise, say (5)

chap (9)

place (4)

than 200 Atlantic crossings. When she first set sail, a year before the Tiunic, the Olympic was the most luxurious liner affoat. Today, her fixtures make the Akzo Nobel offices just as luxurious. Wood panelling from the ship's second-class corridors and entrance hall can be found in the company's conference room and along a staircase.

from the second-class deck. In the staff canteen, workers enjoy their lunch under the reconstructed ceiling of the firstclass smoking room. When they class entrance and staircase.

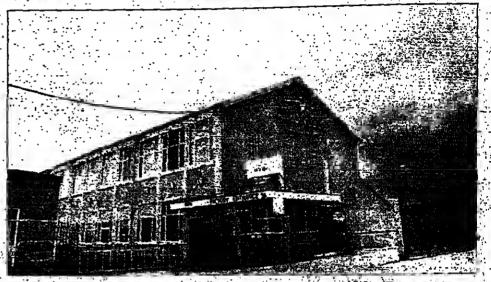
"It makes a levely place to work but I think that most of us had taken it all for granted," said Susan Fearon, the administration manager. "Then, when the

would go and start to recognise hits of furniture or windows or panelling and you would see them stopping in the corridors and looking around a bit more than they usually would, realising how lucky we are."

A researcher for the film visited the factory at Haltwhistle two years ago to ensure the authenticity of the set. Seeing much of their surroundings in the film has been a thrill for many of the company's 200 staff, but there has been a downside.

. The problem is, you try to watch the film and follow the love story, but you just keep recognising a bit of your office in the background" Ms Fearon said. "And then you can't actually concentrate on what's going on in the film."

Well, worse things happen at



Shipshape: A plan of RMS Olympic, main picture top, sister ship to the Titonic, hanging in the Alczo Nobel offices at Haltwhistle,

The fittings - bought at auction in 1935 when the liner was decommissioned for just £800 - add luxury to the paint plant including staircases, doors (left), ceilings (below) and light fittings Memorabilia from the liner (bottom) also includes a plaque commemorating the ship's history and details of its layout

Photographs: Michael Scott



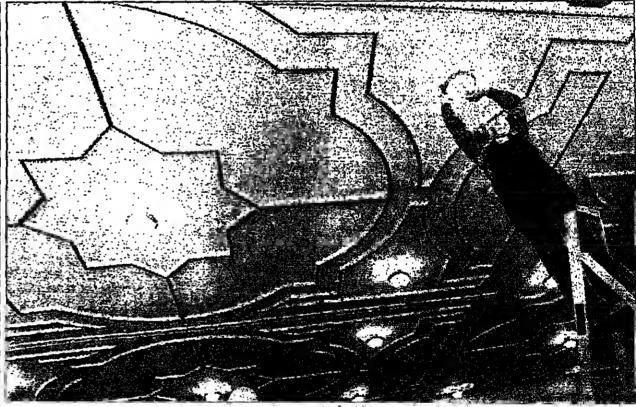
- Fool about with politically
- correct European (1.5.3) Ring family by midnight 6 Ring family by midnight 17 Article by girl is about roy-(5) al principality (7) 9 Put off cleaner when man's 19 It may be tied round straw
- away (5)
- 10 Part of a book plate I get re-designed (5-4) 11 Positive uproar surrounding soldier's promotion
- 12 Driver's association (4)
- - $(3-1)^{-1}$ 20 Shot seabird by the sound
  - of it (4)
  - Approach atomic worker who's not far away (4.2.4) 25 Verse written about late,

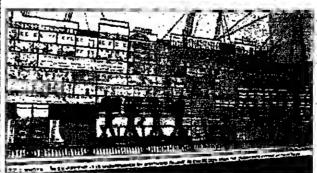
eccentric artist (9)

- of media's art review (9) Experts set out to discover Sicilian bowman (7) Talk repeatedly about be
  - ing cut by old spear (7) Foreign princess extended quarters (5) 22 Play with Dutch partner
  - Society crowd's alforted
- Grief feeling long after (9) Exaggerate the importance for accommodation light packages brockure catt

0345 055055

**JERSEY** 





PAIS O Dismanded 1035

Published in Newspaper thousing Plat I Canada Square. Canary White Landar E14 F264.

and proceed at Mirror Colour Pant. St. Athana Road, Watterd

Member 20 or of 1000.

Read proced at a newspaper of the E10 St. No.









ŀιţ